

**Report on Resolution C-11-02
(Japan)**

Implementation of the IOPA-Seabirds (paragraph 1)

- Development of the IOPA-Seabirds in Japanese in order to make Japanese fishermen understand its contents and to facilitate its implementation.
- Distribution of pamphlets to large-scale tuna longline fishing vessels.

Status of National Plans of Action (paragraph 1)

- Japan's National Plans of Action for reducing incidental catches of seabirds in longline fisheries has been established in 2001.
- The latest update has been conducted in 2016.

Mitigation Measures employed by Japanese fishing vessels (paragraph 5)

- On September 1, 2011, Japan made it mandatory for its longline vessels operating within EPO to implement mitigation measures as specified in the Resolution.
- Japanese longline vessels use *Tori* line and Management of offal discharge on employment of the mitigation measures.

Information regarding interactions with seabirds (paragraph 7)

- Due to the difficulty of species identification, information regarding interaction with seabirds is collected through the observer program.
- In 2019 calendar year 8 observer trips were conducted on Japanese tuna longline vessels in the Convention Area. The scientific observers' information, including information regarding interaction with seabirds, was compiled in the national report submitted to the 11th Scientific Advisory Committee in (SAC-11 INF A(h)). Japan submitted the operational observer data for 2018 to the IATTC Secretariat on 27 April 2020 and the operational data for 2019 will be provided as soon as possible.