INTER-AMERICAN TROPICAL TUNA COMMISSION

101st MEETING

Victoria, Canada 7-11 August 2023

PROPOSAL IATTC-101 E-1

SUBMITTED BY ECUADOR

AMENDMENT TO RESOLUTION C-16-02

EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM

This proposal aims to review and recommend appropriate target and limit reference points for tropical tunas in the eastern Pacific Ocean EPO, taking into consideration the progress on specie-specific stock assessment models developed by the IATTC scientific staff from 2020 (SAC-11-06 REV, SAC-11-07 REV, SAC-13-07, SAC-14-08).

The IATTC has developed new scientific documentation (SAC-14-09, SAC-14 INF-O, Quiroz and Moran 2023) to support amendments to Resolution C-16-02 regarding the definitions and adoption of proxy reference points. This research aligns with the Commission's objective of ensuring the long-term conservation and sustainable use of tropical tuna stocks in the Eastern Pacific Ocean.

Ecuador has noted that recent advice from the IATTC scientific staff and the Scientific Advisory Committee (SAC) have been considered for management decisions:

- The SAC (2022, 13th Meeting) strongly recommends that the results of the first skipjack stock assessment (SAC-13-07) be considered when making decisions about managing skipjack tuna stocks.
- The IATTC staff recommendations for 2022 recognize the reference points for skipjack to indicate that, despite the current fishing mortality being higher than the status quo, it is still below the target reference point, and the target and limit biomass reference points have not been exceeded (SAC-13-14).
- During 2023, the IATTC staff recommendations for skipjack propose a threshold level for the target biomass of spawning biomass ratio (SBR) of 0.6, which defines a conservative proxy reference point (SAC-14-14, SAC-14 INF-O).
- Finally, the SAC advised the Commission (SAC-14-16) to consider and adopt interim reference points for skipjack tuna based on the staff's proposed methodology (SAC-14-09).

The 14th Meeting of the SAC provided support to continue working and funding the MSE tasks for tropical tunas in 2024 and beyond, following C-16-02 and C-19-07. Given the importance of MSE in evaluating harvest control rules and establishing reference points for management decisions, it is beneficial to consider using interim and proxy reference points for skipjack until the MSE is completed (SAC-14 INF-F).

Ecuador is proposing amendments to Resolution C-16-02, considering the tasks and advice related to decision-making in skipjack.

HARVEST CONTROL RULES FOR TROPICAL TUNAS (YELLOWFIN, BIGEYE, AND SKIPJACK)

The Inter-American Tropical Tuna Commission (IATTC), gathered in La Jolla, California (USA) Victoria, Vancouver (Canada), on the occasion of its 90th-101st meeting:

Aware of its responsibility regarding the scientific study of tunas and tuna-like species in its Convention Area, and for adopting conservation and management measures for those resources, and

Recognizing that the sustainability of the resource can be reduced if the increase in fishing effort is considerable, and

Aware that the capacity of the purse-seine fleets fishing for tunas in the Convention Area continues to increase, and

Bearing in mind that Article 7.5.3a of the Code of Conduct for Responsible Fishing indicates that regional fisheries management organisations (RFMOs) should determine stock-specific target reference points, and, at the same time, the action to be taken if they are exceeded, and

Bearing in mind also that Article 7.5.3b of the Code of Conduct for Responsible Fishing indicates that RFMOs should determine stock-specific limit reference points, and, at the same time, the action to be taken if they are exceeded; when a limit reference point is approached, measures should be taken to ensure that it will not be exceeded, and

Taking note of the variety of opinions that exist regarding the appropriate target reference points relating to the level of fishing mortality or the level of biomass that allow the long-term sustainable exploitation of the fish stocks, with the best possible catches; and on appropriate limit reference points related to the maximum values of fishing mortality or the minimum values of biomass, which should not be exceeded, and

Recognizing that, for the fishery for tropical tunas in the Convention Area, decision rules based on the precautionary principle will have to be developed to ensure that management objectives are achieved, including those deriving from the limit and target reference points adopted, and

Bearing in mind that, on the basis of the best available scientific information and the precautionary approach, the IATTC has used as an operational harvest control rule (HCR) limiting fishing mortality (F) at levels that do not exceed the level corresponding to the maximum sustainable yield (MSY), and

Considering that the Commission, during its 87th annual meeting, adopted interim limit and target reference points for tropical tunas in the eastern Pacific Ocean (EPO), involving yellowfin tuna and bigeve tuna, and

Aware that not interim limit or target reference points for skipjack tuna have been considered, and

Bearing in mind that the IATTC scientific staff indicates in Document SAC-07-07g, that the appropriateness of the operational HCR currently used with regard to the limit reference points has not been investigated in depth; therefore a more comprehensive management strategy evaluation (MSE) is necessary to evaluate the HCR; and alternative HCRs should be considered that include hard and soft limit reference points, that use reference points based on biomass, and that establish well-defined scientific management recommendations in the case that the reference points are exceeded,

Resolves as follows:

- 1. For the purposes of this Resolution, the following definitions[‡] apply:
 - a. A limit reference point is a conservation reference point based on a minimum level of spawning biomass (S_{LIMIT}) or a maximum level of fishing mortality (F_{LIMIT}) that should be avoided because going beyond it could endanger the sustainability of the stock. The following quantities:
 - $F_{0.580}$ and $F_{0.580}$ respectively¹, assuming steepness h = 0.75, were adopted by the

 F_{MSY} : fishing mortality rate corresponding to the maximum sustainable yield MSY;

 $\underline{F}_{proxy-MSY}$: fishing mortality rate proxy of MSY;

SP_{MSY}: spawning biomass corresponding to the maximum sustainable yield MSY;

S_{proxy}-MSY: spawning biomass proxy of MSY:

 $S_{0.5/0}$: spawning biomass corresponding to that which produces a 50% reduction in recruitment as calculated in a Beverton-Holt spawner-recruit model with steepness of 0.75;

¹ Other definitions:

87th meeting of the IATTC shall be used as interim limit reference points for tropical tunas in the EPO, as adopted by the 87th meeting of the IATTC.

- b. A target reference point is a management objective based on a level of spawning biomass (S_{TARGET}) or a fishing mortality rate (F_{TARGET}) that should be achieved and maintained. The following quantities:
 - S_{MSY} and F_{MSY} respectively¹ when they can be reliably estimated (or otherwise specified) from parameters estimated within the assessment model, shall be used as interim target reference points for tropical tunas in the EPO². were adopted by the 87th meeting of the IATTC as interim target reference points for tropical tunas in the EPO.
 - $\underline{S}_{\text{proxy-MSY}}$ and $F_{\text{proxy-MSY}}$ respectively, when they cannot be reliably estimated (or otherwise specified) from parameters estimated within the assessment model, shall be used as interim target proxies reference points of MSY for tropical tunas in the EPO³, until a reliable estimate shall be obtained from the assessment model.
- c. The IATTC scientific staff and the Scientific Advisory Committee (SAC) shall define and adopt specific methods for obtaining estimates of the limit reference points S_{LIMIT} and F_{LIMIT}, and target reference points S_{MSY} and F_{MSY}, or their proxies.
- <u>ed.</u> Harvest Control Rules (HCRs) are decision rules that aim to achieve the target reference point and avoid the limit reference point by specifying pre-agreed management actions.
- 2. The recommendations of the IATTC scientific staff and the Scientific Advisory Committee (SAC) on conservation measures for the stocks of tropical tunas (yellowfin, bigeye, and skipjack), shall take as their technical basis the <u>provisional</u> limit and target reference points adopted <u>provisionally</u> by the 87th and 101st meetings of the IATTC.
- 3. The harvest control rule (HCR) recommended by the scientific staff for the purse-seine fishery for tropical tunas shall be adopted, in accordance with the following principles:
 - a. The scientific recommendations for establishing management measures in the fisheries for tropical tunas, such as closures, which can be established for multiple years, shall attempt to prevent the fishing mortality rate (F) from exceeding the best estimate of the rate corresponding to the maximum sustainable yield $(F_{MSY} \underline{\text{ or } F_{proxy-MSY}})$ for the species that requires the strictest management.
 - b. If the probability that F will exceed the limit reference point (F_{LIMIT}) is greater than 10%, as soon as is practical management measures shall be established that have a probability of at least 50% of reducing F to the target level (F_{MSY} or $F_{proxy-MSY}$) or less, and a probability of less than 10% that F will exceed F_{LIMIT} .
 - c. If the probability that the spawning biomass (S) is below the limit reference point (S_{LIMIT}) is greater than 10%, as soon as is practical management measures shall be established that have a probability of at least 50% of restoring S to the target level (dynamic S_{MSY} or $S_{proxy-MSY}$) or greater, and a probability of less than 10% that S will descend to below S_{LIMIT} in a period of two generations of the stock or five years, whichever is greater.
 - d. For fisheries that use gears other than purse-seine nets, the recommendations by the IATTC scientific staff on additional management measures shall be as consistent as possible with those

 $F_{0.5R0}$: fishing mortality that causes spawning biomass to be reduced to $S_{0.5r0}$.

 $^{^2}$ S_{MSY} and F_{MSY} were adopted by the 87^{th} meeting of the IATTC as provisional target reference points of MSY.

 $[\]overline{{}^3S_{\text{proxy-MSY}}}$ and $F_{\text{proxy-MSY}}$ were adopted by the 101^{st} meeting of the IATTC as provisional proxies target reference points of MSY.

- adopted for the purse-seine fishery, while taking account of the impact of those fisheries on the species compared with that of purse-seine fishery.
- 4. The scientific staff of the Commission shall carry out additional assessments of these HCRs and alternatives, which shall be presented to the Scientific Advisory Committee for examination in order to allow the Commission to adopt a permanent HCR.
- 5. The IATTC shall continue to promote, encourage, and insist on compatibility between the conservation and management measures adopted by the IATTC and the Western and Central Pacific Fisheries Commission (WCPFC) in their objectives and efficacy with regard to the tropical tuna stocks.
- 6. The Director shall communicate this Resolution to the Secretariat of the WCPFC.