



# IMPLEMENTATION PROGRESS ABOUT **EcoFADs**

In the Eastern Pacific Ocean

FADs working group meeting.  
June 2024 Tropical Tuna Commission



**Biodegradable FADs made of 100% ecological materials** by José Luis García, Juan Carlos Quiroz, and Guillermo Morán.



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## CONTEXT - IATTC CATEGORIZATION

TUNACONS is striving to attain Category 1 in IATTC resolution C 23 04, based on the classification of FADs according to their biodegradability level.

*All our FADs are assembly using natural plant-based materials that are fully biodegradable in all components.*



***Our objective is for all organic elements to **decompose in the salty water**, particularly the ropes that uphold the frames of the floating or submerged part, without polluting the marine ecosystem.***



# EcoFADs

*Materials for assembly*



| Materials        | Measurements  |
|------------------|---|
| Abaca ropes      | 1/8", 3/16", 1/4", 3/8", 1/2", 5/8", 1", and 1 1/4" |
| Abaca textile    | 1 yard of taffeta, 0.70 cm in width                 |
| Guadua or Bamboo | 12 to 10 cm diameter x (1.5 or 1.8) m               |
| Balsa wood       | 12 cm diameter x 1.10 m                             |
| Ballast          | 4 kilograms of coarse sand                          |
| Latex            | 10 kg   |



2021-2023 Period

# EcoFADS PROGRESS





# PROGRESS

## *Findings*



Based on multiple TUNACONS experiments carried out since 2017 using plant-based fibers, Abacá has been identified as the most durable and sustainably sourced fiber.

The optimal method to enhance the fiber's longevity was found to be the application of natural rubber.

Between 2021 and 2023, anchored FADs trials were expanded to include ocean FADs deployment, enhancing experimental research on durability, resistance, and impermeability.

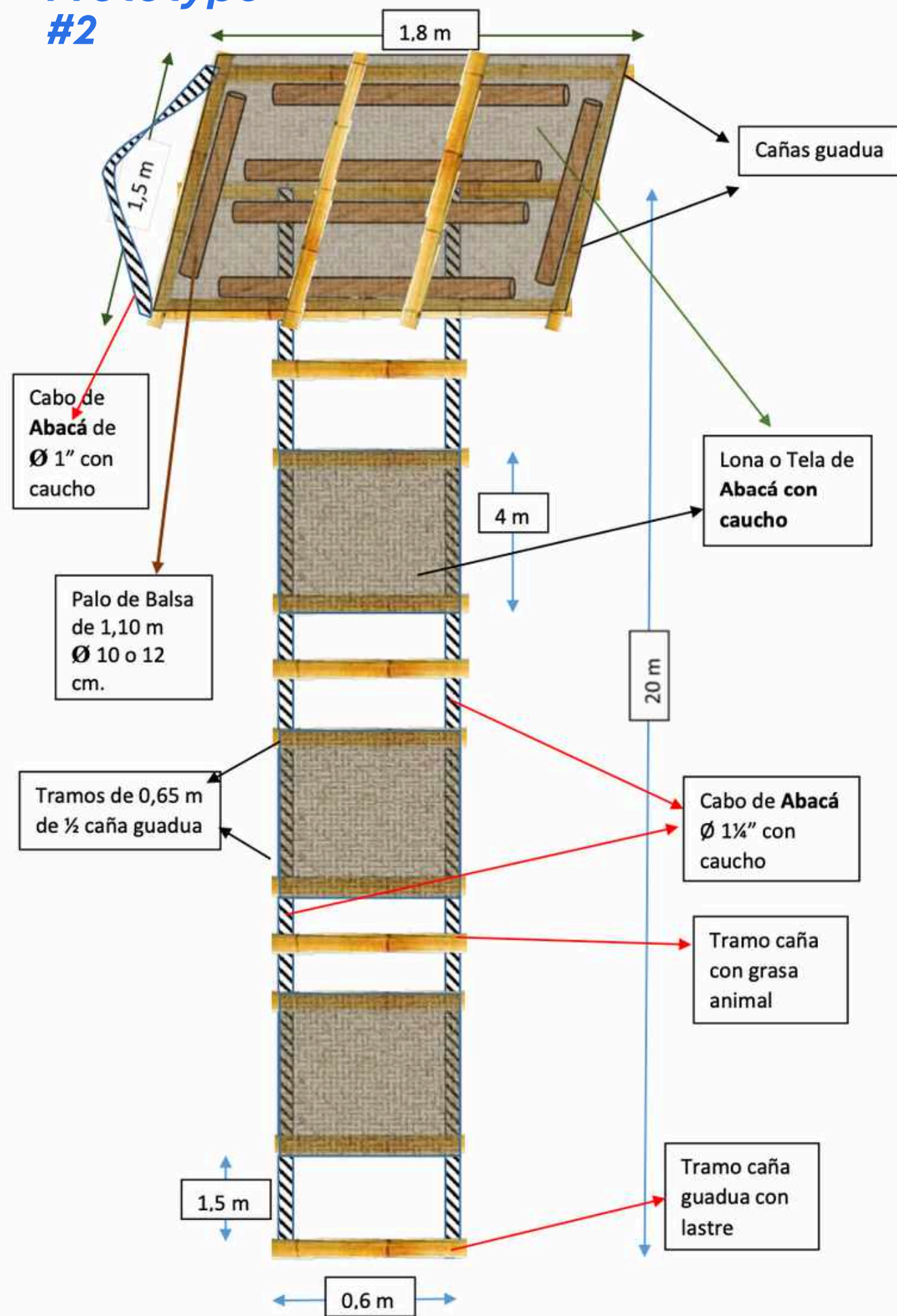
The EcoFADs were assembled following the specifications of prototype #2, used in the pilot project in collaboration with IATTC, albeit with some adjustments.

# PROTOTYPE DESIGNS

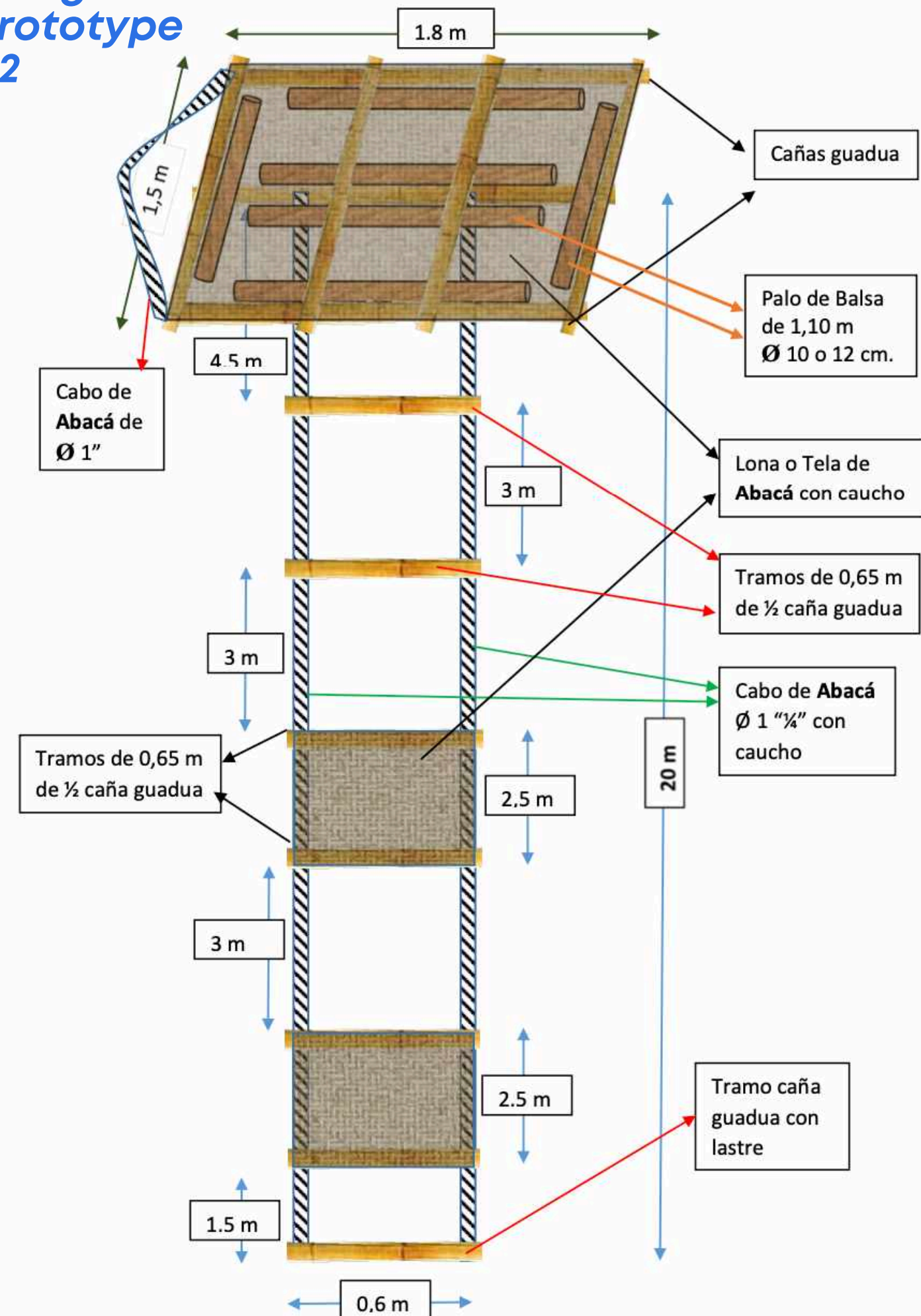
THE ECOFADS UTILIZED BY THE TUNA CONS FLEET.



Design1  
Prototype  
#2



Design 2  
Prototype  
#2

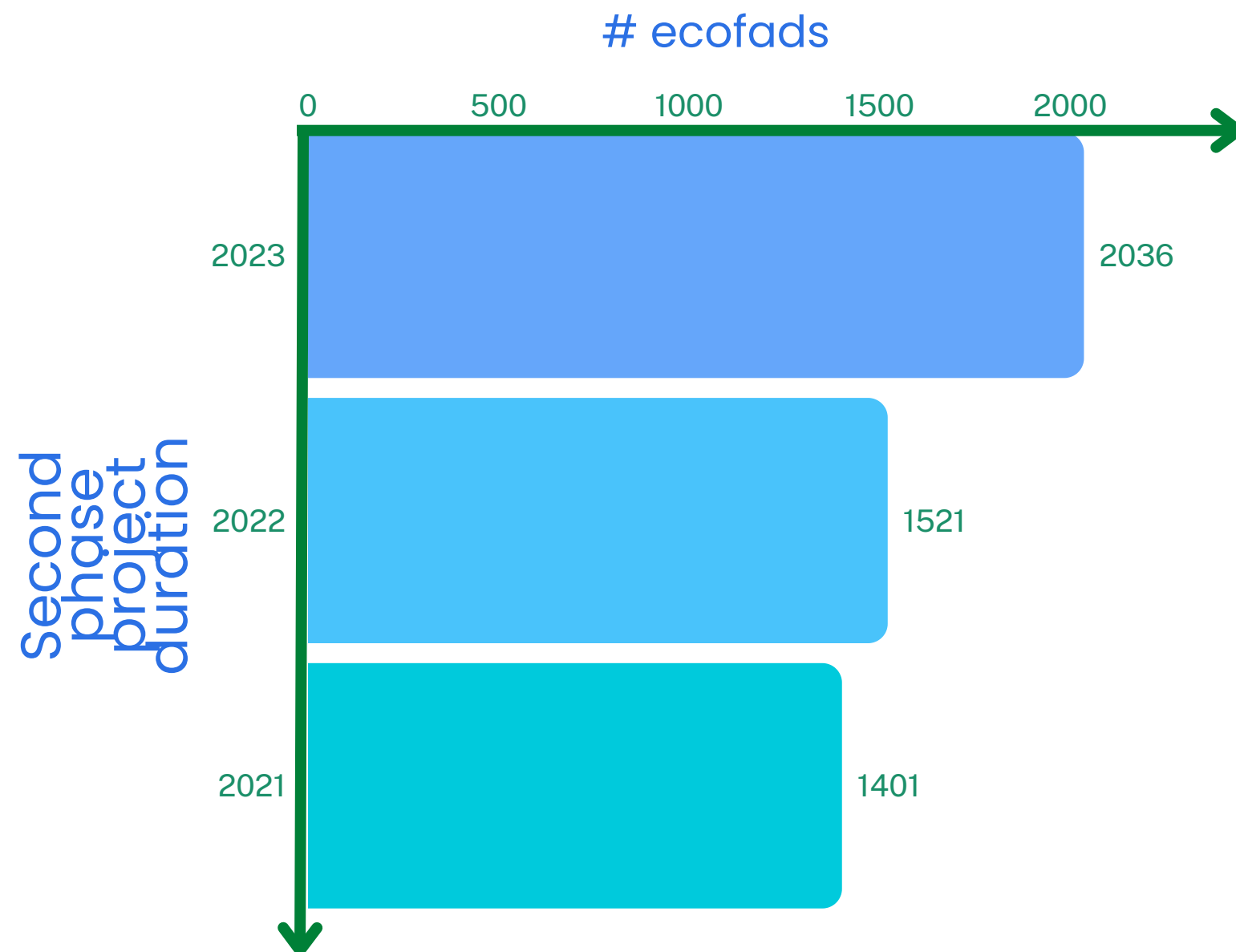




# Progress 1 - Prototype improvement



TUNACONS played a key role in developing Prototype #2 and made substantial contributions to the deployment of these ECOFADs in fishing operations.



In 2023, TUNACONS FADs over 2,000 ECOFADs.

The challenge lies in ensuring that these EcoFADs achieve a **prolonged soaking time in the sea**, enabling them to be utilized for an average of **2 sets per FAD** in abundant areas and to re-deploy them when needed.

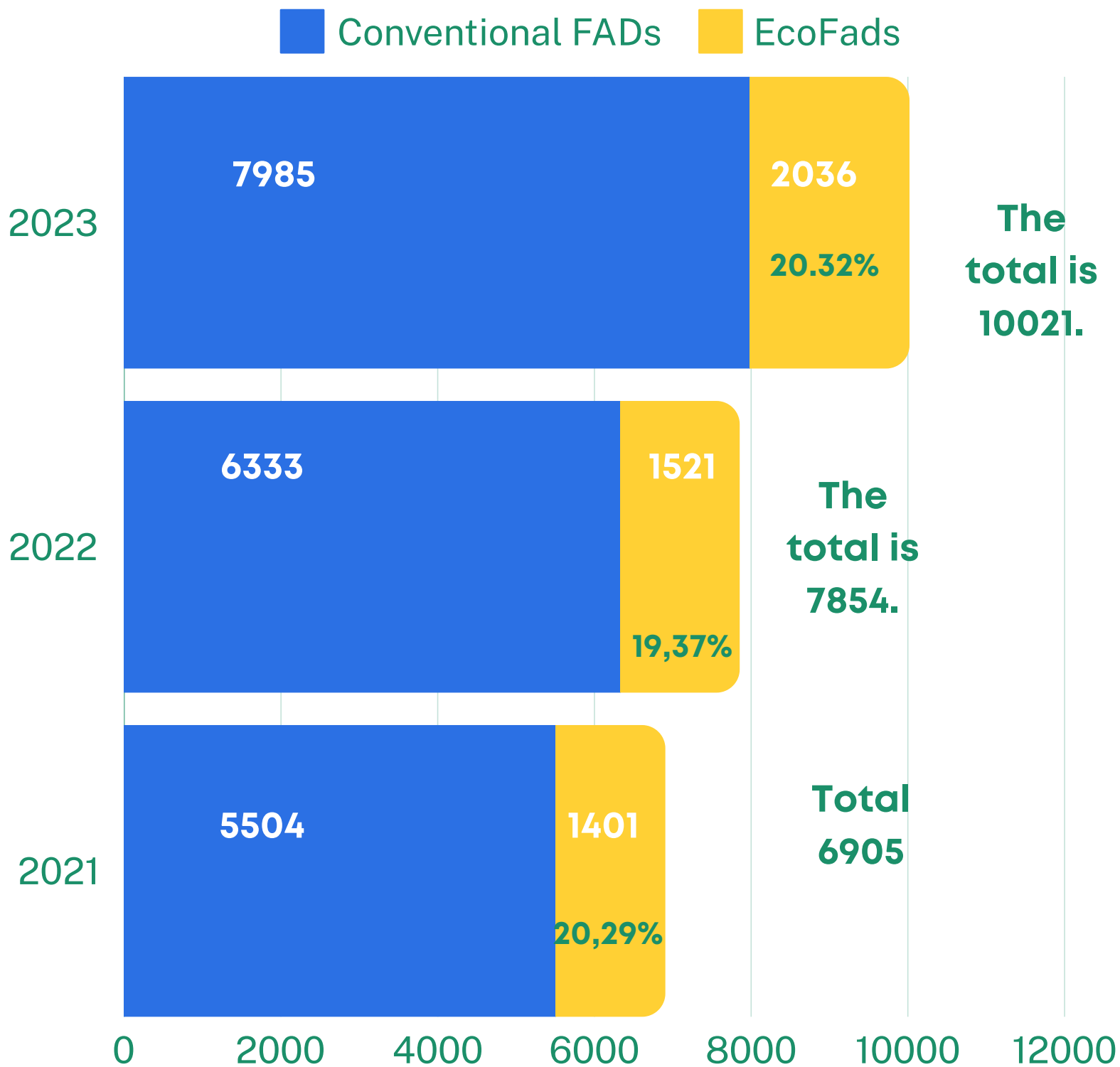
# Progress 2 - Implementation of 20% of EcoFADs

4958

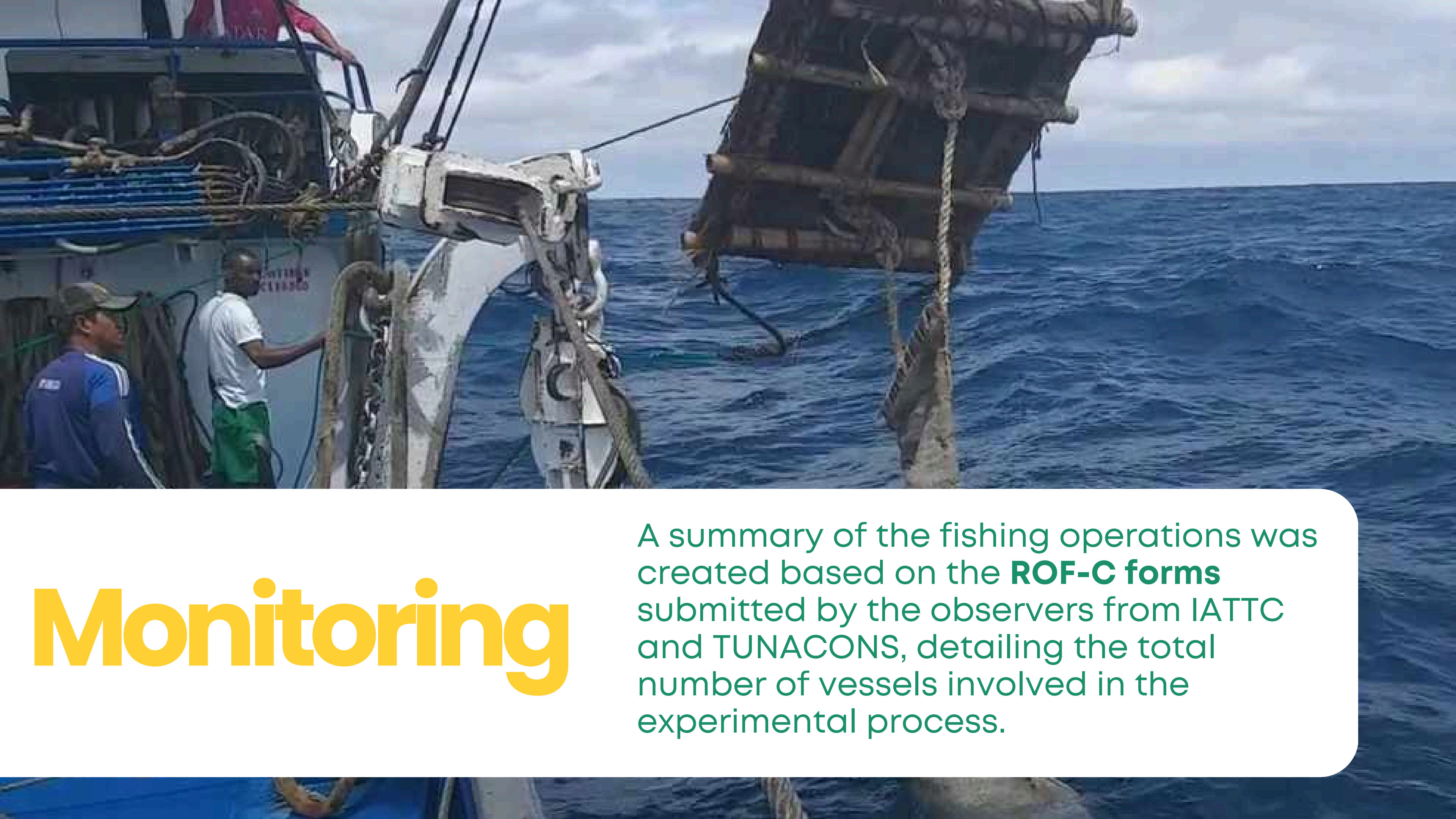
TOTAL FAD REPLACEMENTS BY  
ECOFADS IN THE TUNACONS  
MEMBER COMPANIES' FLEET.



Graph 1: Comparison of Traditional FADs and Eco-FADs FADs by Year







# Monitoring

A summary of the fishing operations was created based on the **ROF-C forms** submitted by the observers from IATTC and TUNACONS, detailing the total number of vessels involved in the experimental process.



## progressMENT 2 - Execution of 20% of EcoFADs

2023

Sowing  
2036 EcoFADs

401  
Sighting

273  
Sets

The sighting rate (relative to FADss) averaged 23% between 2021 and 2023.

In 2023, 273 sets were conducted on EcoFADs, achieving a catch rate of **25.3 tons per EcoFAD.**

2022

1521 ECOFADs  
Sowing

520  
Sighting

228  
sets

2021

1401 ECOFADs  
Sowing

222  
Sighting

148  
sets







# Results

# Engagement with the fleet throughout the project period.

**1,143** EcoFADs visited  
**722** fishing trips  
**23%** of total deployed  
Up to **169** soak days.  
On average 46 days soak time

Nearly **15 thousand** tons in catches  
In **641** sets / 23 tonnes on prom/set

| TUNACONS fleet | fishing trips | ECOFADS Sighting | ECOFADS bidding | catch within ECO FADS | Catch per sets | soaking time |
|----------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------|--------------|
| 2021           | 179           | 222              | 140             | 3730                  | 26,6           | 1 – 108      |
| 2022           | 271           | 520              | 228             | 3953                  | 17,3           | 6 - 139      |
| 2023           | 272           | 401              | 273             | 6907                  | 25,3           | 7 – 169      |
| Total          | 722           | 1143             | 641             | 14590                 | 23,1           | 1 – 169      |



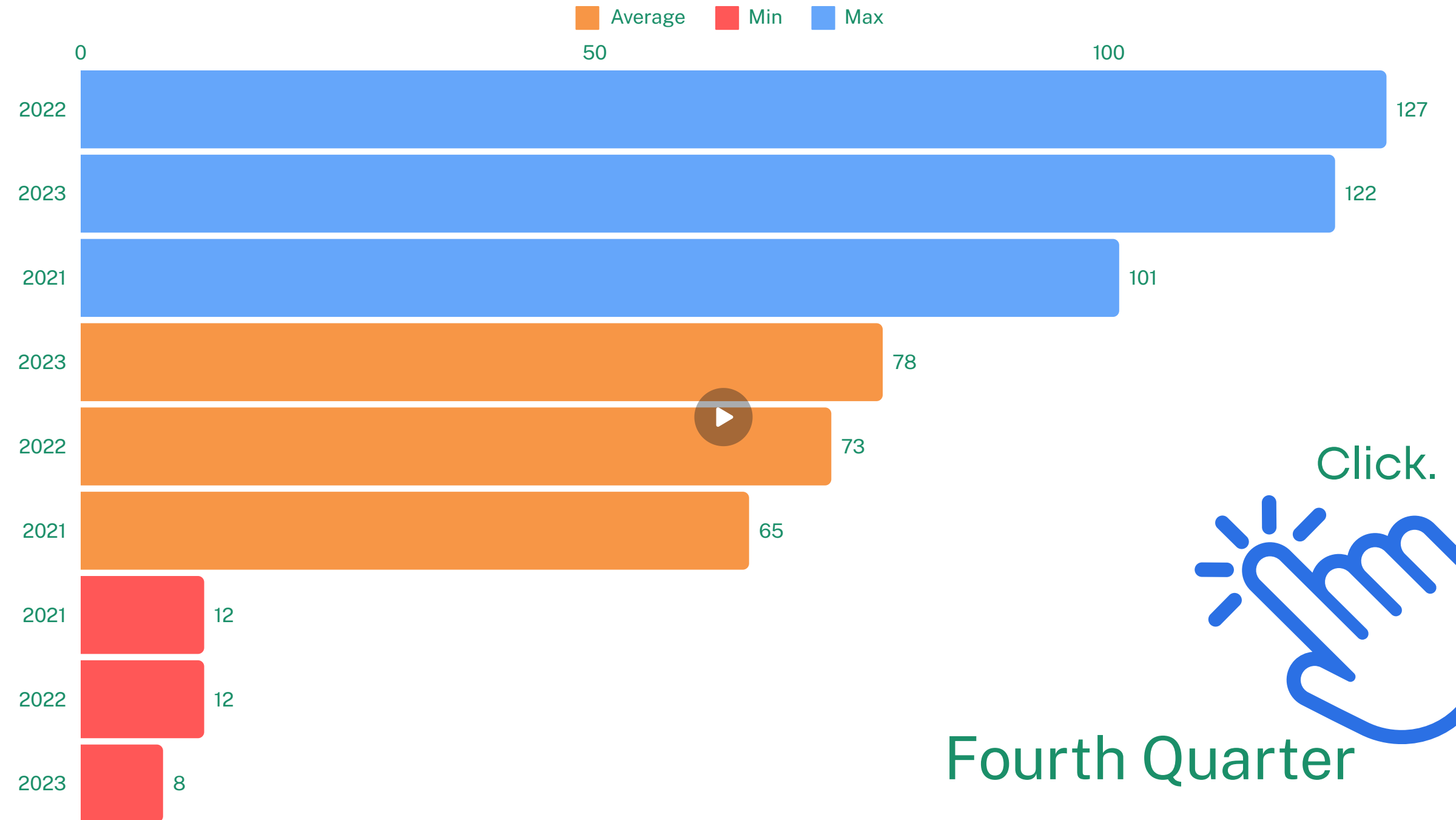


# Progress 3 - Soak Time



The temporal sequence of soaking days, as indicated by the quarterly **average**, **maximum**, and **minimum** for the period between 2021 and 2023, demonstrates a **gradual rise in the soaking duration** of the EcoFADs.

The soaking average has significantly increased in the results of the Large Scale Experiment (FAD-07-02, prototype #2).



Fourth Quarter

# Materials status: DETAILS

## Fabric on the top:

- 46% excellent.
- Approximately 30%.
- Standard 14%
- Poor 10%+-

## Hangging part:

- 44% excellent,
- Approximately 25%.
- Standard 20%
- Poor/Terrible 8%+-

## Main rope :

- 51% excellent,
- well 31%,%,
- Standard 12%.
- Poor/Very Poor 4% +-

| TUNACONS fleet | Material status         |  |                                    |
|----------------|-------------------------|--|------------------------------------|
|                | Floating fabric section | Submerged fabric part                  | Main tail rope - submerged section |
| 2021           | 46% MB 25% B            | 43% of MB 14% of B                     | 45%MB 26%B                         |
|                | 20%R 7%M                | 28%R 8%M                               | 19% red, 3% magenta, 5% maroon     |
| 2022           | 46% MB 30% B            | 43%MB 29%B                             | 53%MB 31%B                         |
|                | 12%R 4%M 7%MM           | 19%R 2%M 2%MM                          | 13%R 1%M 1%MM                      |
| 2023           | 47% MB 34% B            | 46%MB 32%B                             | 54%MB 36%B                         |
|                | 11%R 3%M 5%MM           | 14%R 3%M 3%MM                          | 5%R 3%M 1%MM                       |
| Total          | 46% MB 30% B            | 44%MB 25%B                             | 51%MB 31%B                         |
|                | 14%R 5%M 5%MM           | 14%R 3%M 3%MM<br>Magenta, 3%<br>Maroon | 12%R 2%M 2%MM                      |





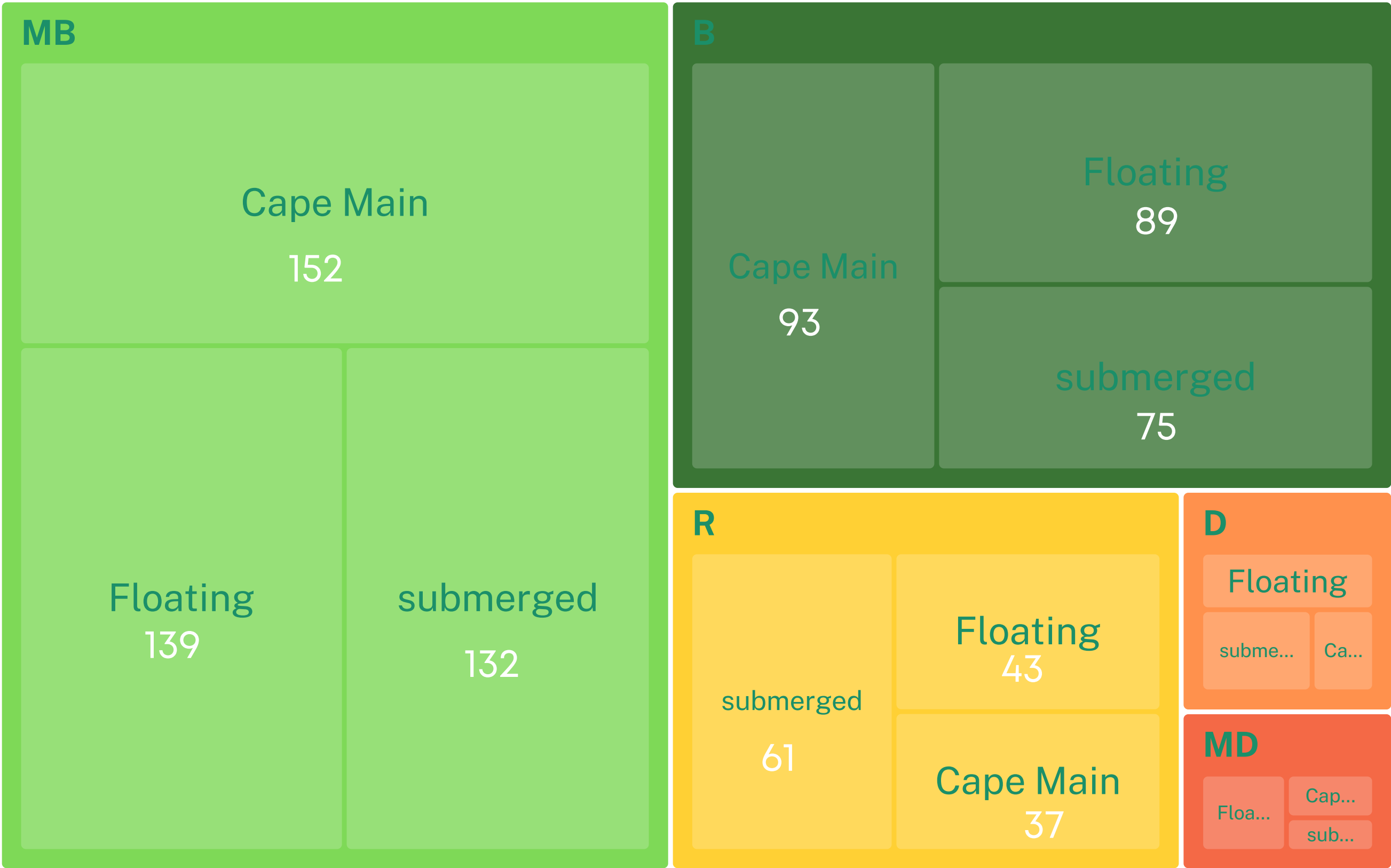
# Progress 4 – EcoFADs Condition



Throughout the 2021-2023 timeframe, **48%** of EcoFADs were categorized as **Very Good** in terms of driving, while only **2.7%** were classified as **Very Poor**.

The three primary sections (cape, floating, and submerged) exhibited a comparable effect based on the duration of immersion.

- MB: Excellent
- Satisfactory
- R: Standard
- Deterioration
- MD: Severely deteriorated



# Bio-degradation status of the EcoFADs FADs.



| Estado    | Valores |
|-----------|---------|
| No obs    | 0       |
| Excelente | 1       |
| Muy bueno | 2       |
| Bueno     | 3       |
| Regular   | 4       |
| Malo      | 5       |
| Muy Malo  | 6       |

## Biodegradación de los EcoFADs 2021

| Periodo de Remojo | Datos | Tejido o tela  |                 | Cabo del Rabo |
|-------------------|-------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|
|                   |       | Parte flotante | Parte sumergida |               |
| ≤ 30              | 29    | 1,9            | 2,1             | 2,1           |
| 31 - 60           | 44    | 2,8            | 3,2             | 2,8           |
| 61 - 90           | 19    | 3,7            | 4,7             | 3,4           |
| > 91              | 2     | 4              | 4               | 3,3           |

## Biodegradación de los EcoFADs 2022

| Periodo de Remojo | Datos | Tejido o tela  |                 | Cabo del Rabo |
|-------------------|-------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|
|                   |       | Parte flotante | Parte sumergida |               |
| ≤ 30              | 42    | 2,2            | 2,1             | 2,2           |
| 31 - 60           | 80    | 2,7            | 2,7             | 2,5           |
| 61 - 90           | 32    | 3,7            | 3,2             | 2,9           |
| 91 - 120          | 7     | 3,8            | 4               | 2,2           |
| > 121 ★           | 1     |                | 3               |               |

## Biodegradación de los EcoFADs 2023

| Periodo de Remojo | Datos | Tejido o tela  |                 | Cabo del Rabo |
|-------------------|-------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|
|                   |       | Parte flotante | Parte sumergida |               |
| ≤ 30              | 45    | 2,2            | 2,1             | 2,1           |
| 31 - 60           | 64    | 2,5            | 2,6             | 2,4           |
| 61 - 90           | 32    | 3,4            | 3,3             | 2,6           |
| 91 - 120          | 9     | 3,3            | 3,6             | 3,1           |
| ★ > 121           | 2     | 4              |                 |               |



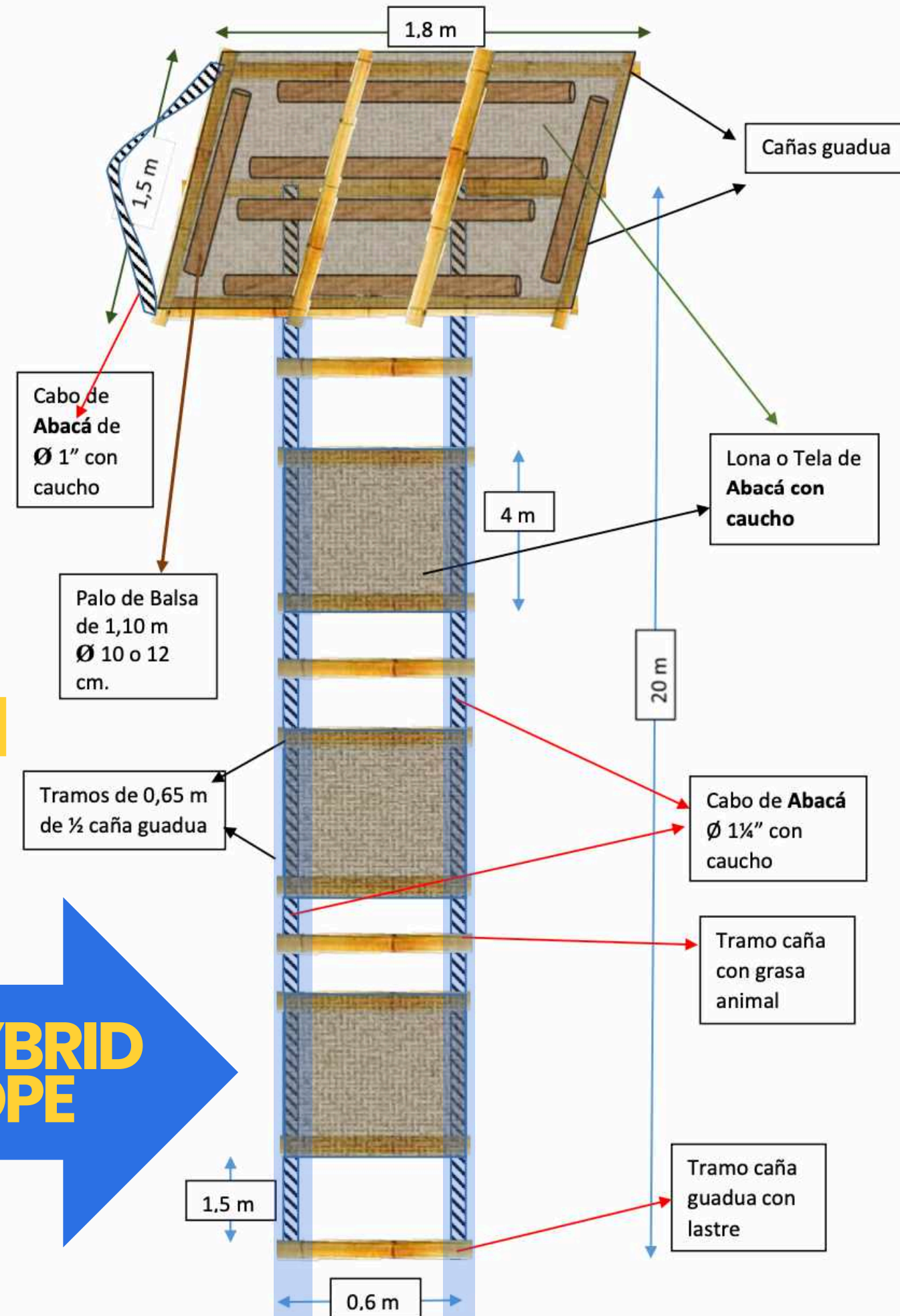
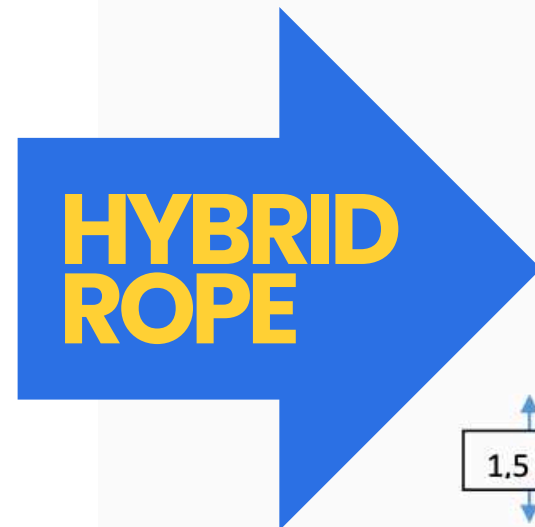


RECOMMENDATION BY  
FLEET MANAGERS

## HYBRID DESIGN EXPERIMENTATION

Testing a prototype  
with a 3-strand **rope**  
that combines  
abaca with **synthetic**  
**filament** is scheduled  
to determine its  
increased durability.

For securing the tail  
rope and moorings.





# Sample features a main rope with 20% synthetic material.

| Cantidad | Unidad | Descripción  |
|----------|--------|--|
| 7        | m      | 7 Cañas de 1 m   |
| 4,2      | m      | 6 Troncos de Palo de Balsa de 0,9 m largo y diámetro ~ 8 a 10 cm     |
| 84       | m      | Cabo de abacá 1/4" híbrido para amarre de cañas.                     |
| 2,4      | m      | Tela de fibra de abacá teñida de 1,2 m ancho, para cubrir estructura |
| 50       | m      | Cabo de abacá 5/16" híbrido para coser tela que cubre la estructura  |
| 3        | m      | Tela de fibra de abacá de 60 cm ancho, para la parte colgante.       |
| 16       | m      | Cabo de abacá de 1 1/4" híbrido para el rabo.                        |
| 50       | m      | Cabo de abacá de 5/16" híbrido para amarrar tela al cabo del rabo    |
| 4        | m      | Cabo de abacá de 1" híbrido para amarrar plantado al cabo de la boya |

FADs on 7/17/2022, five visits were conducted, with the **fifth visit** occurring on 2/3/2023, lasting **201 days at sea** (6.7 months).



The mooring **ropes** continue to secure the rods of the structure, while the tail ropes are in “**regular**” condition.

The **tail** was torn, but the synthetic cord still secures it.

The **fabric** covering the damaged structure and the tail stripe tissue are absent.

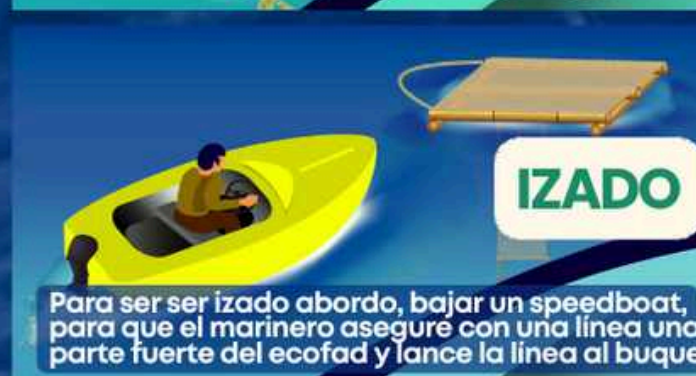




# EcoFADs for a thriving marine ecosystem

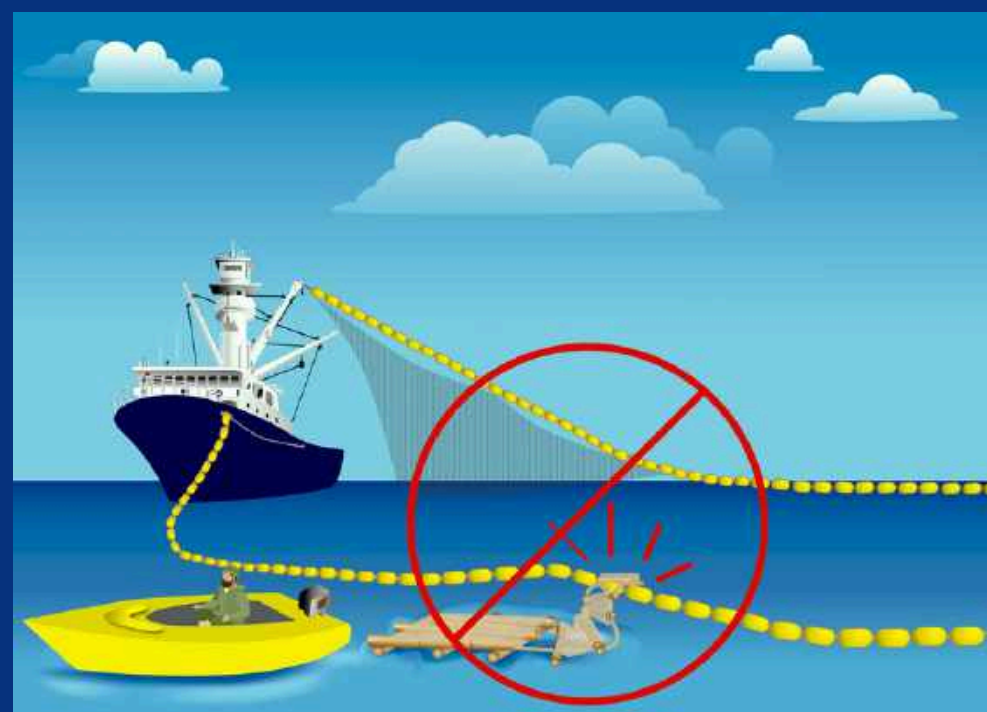
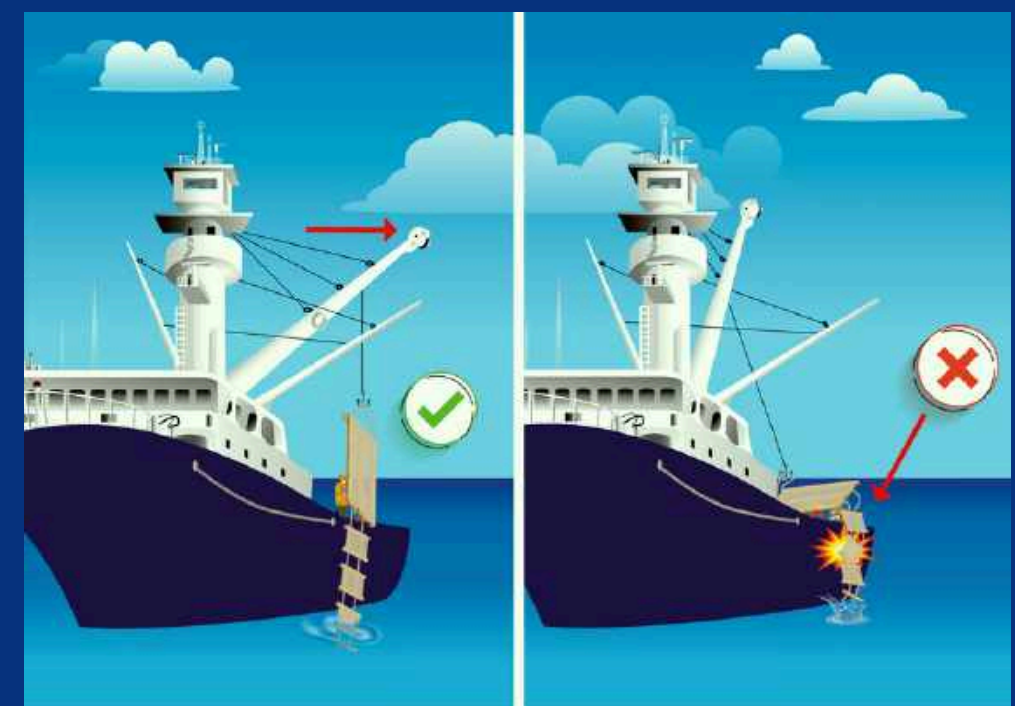
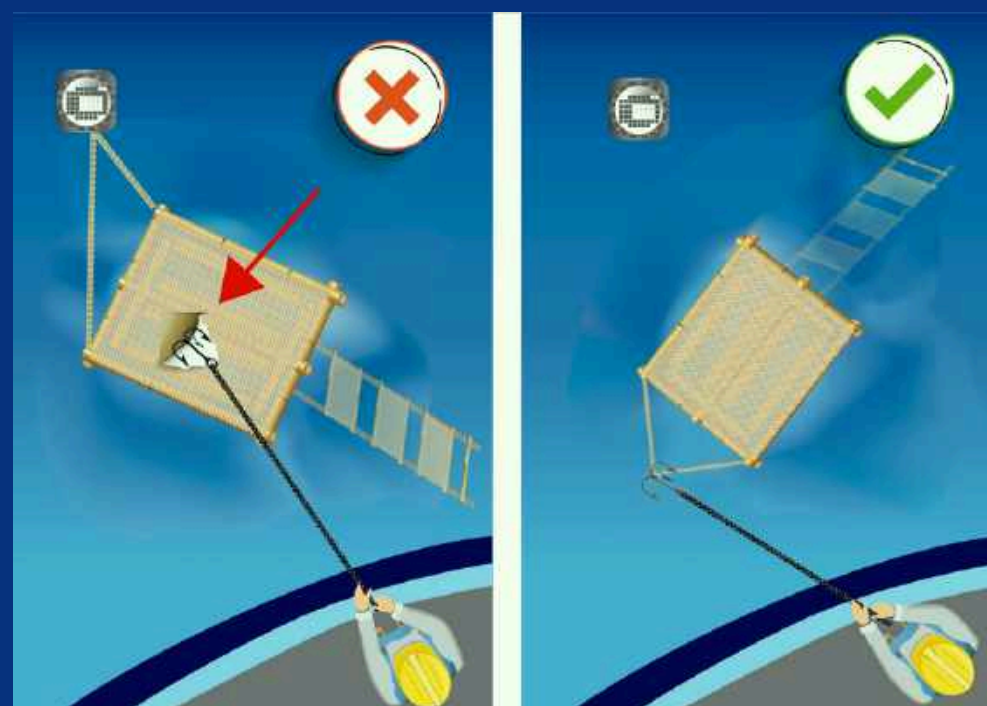
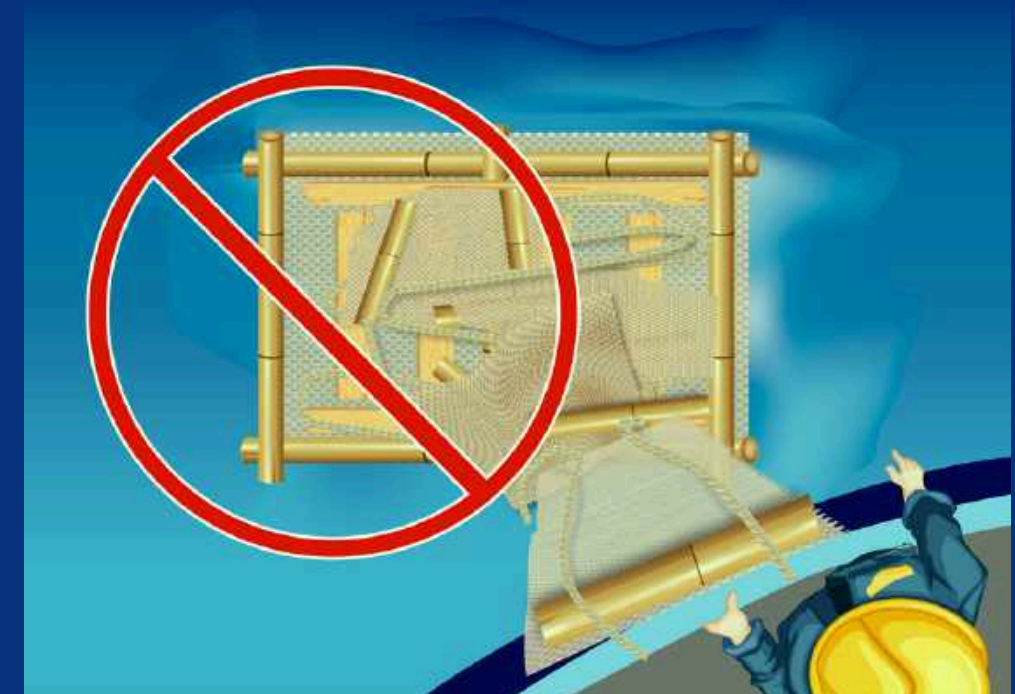
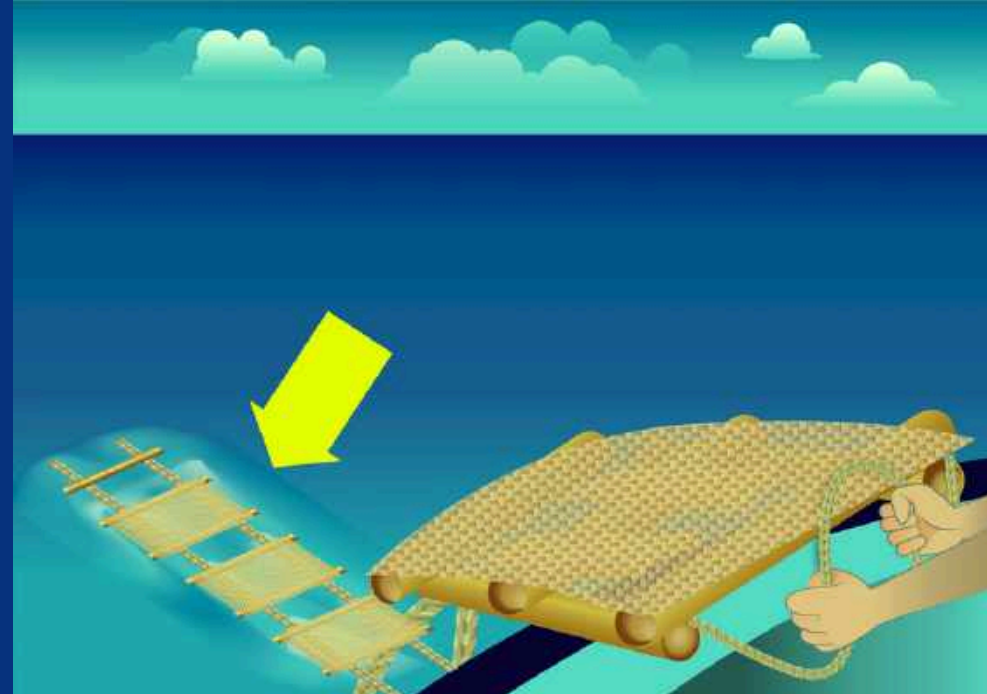
Educational materials for proper  
management practices of  
EcoFADs

## Manejo de EcoFADs





**EcoFADs**  
for a thriving marine  
ecosystem





# CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

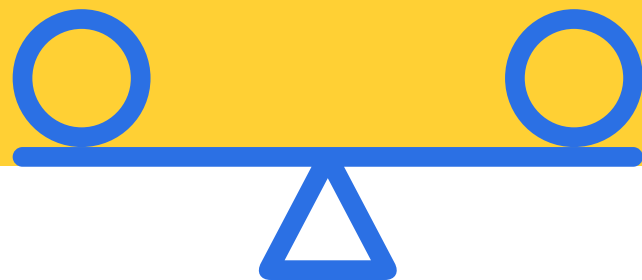


# Main conclusions



The catch efficiency using ECOFADS are similar that of traditional FADs.

- The average catch between 2021 and 2023 in the ECOFADS of TUNACONS prototype 2 was 23.06 tons per set, while for the same period in the FADS with traditional materials it was 23.19 tons, thus maintaining consistent production levels in the catches.



The duration of the ECOFADS fishing operation is shorter compared to traditional FADs.

- The ECOFADS tested by TUNACONS have shown the ability to sustain a duration classified between “Very Good and Good” for an average of 90 days (sets are made for catches and can be re-deployed) and as “Regular” for probably up to 120 days on average (only sets can be made for catches).
- Based on discussions with Captains and fleet managers, traditional FADs can be utilized for an average of up to 180 days and are simpler to re-deploy.

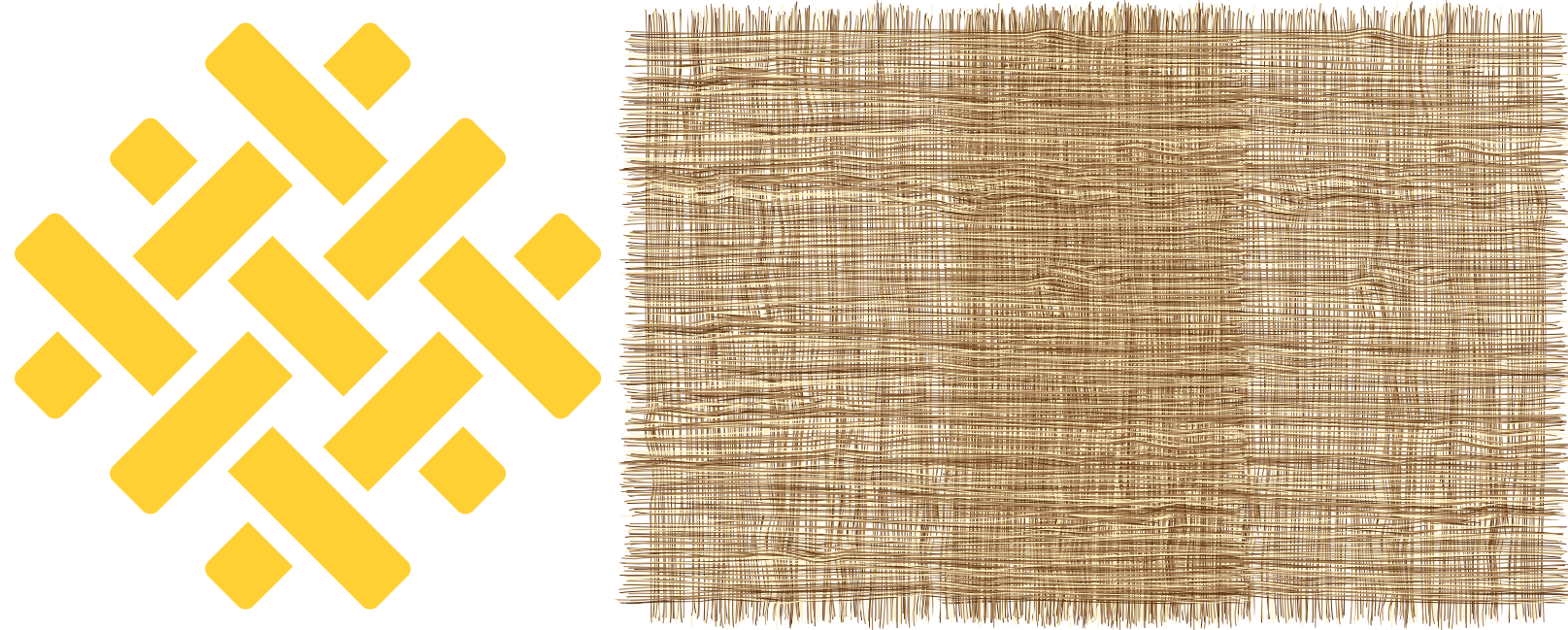
Key components still need to be blended with synthetic material, like the tail main rope connecting the floating and submerged sections, to enhance the structure's durability and resistance to manipulation during re-deployment.





# Main conclusions

There is a necessity to create **handling tutorials for ECOFADs** to minimize damage that leads to **accelerated deterioration of the structure**.



By enhancing the abaca fabric and ropes with **organic rubber** and **facilitating the replacement of worn fabrics on board**, the longevity of the ECOFAD can be extended to enhance its utilization period.

The transition to utilizing 100% ECOFADS will lead to **adjustments in the fishing approach**, potentially impacting productivity per fishing trip because of its **reduced duration**.



# Recommendations

- Enhance research on ECOFADs to **standardize the utilization of plant fibers**, protective treatments with **organic materials**, and enhance their construction to prolong the prototype's lifespan, particularly in **rope and abaca fabric**.
- Develop **manuals/guides/tutorials** about onboard handling for captains regarding the operation of Ecofads to minimize harm to the prototypes.
- Any potential future conservation measures concerning **number restrictions and arrays of FADs** should consider the shift towards utilizing ECOFADS and the resulting impact on fishing tactics.





# ACHIEVING A 100% ECOFADS TARGET



Develop an environmentally friendly FAD production process that considers:



Availability of Materials



Construction management



Cost-effectiveness



Fishing efficiency.





Collaborating for a thriving  
marine ecosystem

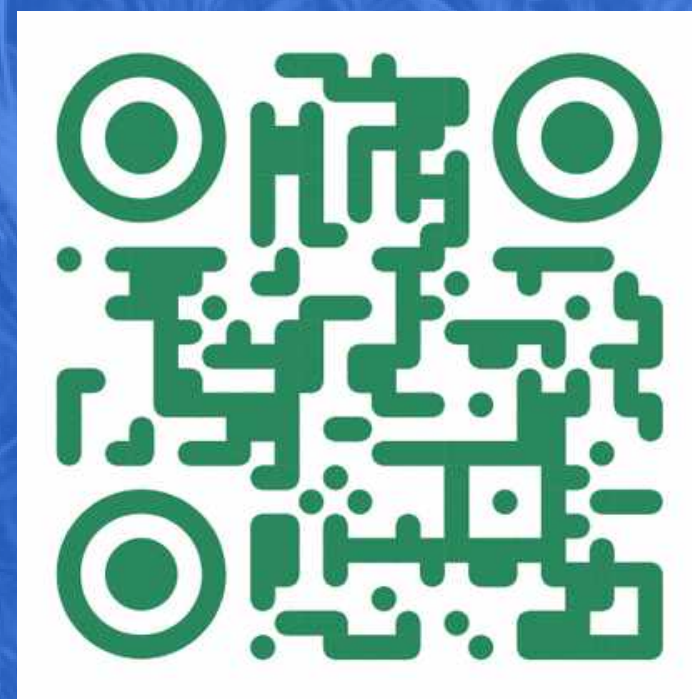


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