COMISIÓN INTERAMERICANA DEL ATÚN TROPICAL

95^a REUNIÓN

(por videoconferencia)
30 de Noviembre - 4 de Diciembre de 2020

DOCUMENTO IATTC-95 INF-B

(Sólo en inglés)

JOINT IATTC AND WCPFC-NC WORKING GROUP MEETING ON THE MANAGEMENT OF PACIFIC BLUEFIN TUNA

FIFTH SESSION

Electronic Meeting 6 – 7 October 2020

CHAIRS' SUMMARY

Acknowledgements

The financial, logistical, and administrative support provided by the Western and Central Pacific Fisheries Commission Secretariat is gratefully acknowledged. Mr. Masanori Miyahara and Ms. Dorothy Lowman, who co-chaired the Fifteenth Joint IATTC and WCPFC-NC Working Group Meeting on the Management of Pacific Bluefin Tuna, and Mr. Alex Meyer, who served as the rapporteur for the meeting, are acknowledged with appreciation.

Contents

AGENDA ITEM 1.	OPENING OF THE MEETING	3
AGENDA ITEM 2.	ADOPTION OF AGENDA AND MEETING PROCEDURES	3
AGENDA ITEM 3.	SCIENTIFIC INFORMATION ON PACIFIC BLUEFIN TUNA	3
AGENDA ITEM 4.	REPORTS ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT MEASURES (CMMS) AND RESOLUTIONS FOR PACIF BLUEFIN TUNA	
AGENDA ITEM 5.	PBFT CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT MEASURES	4
AGENDA ITEM 6.	REVIEW OF PROGRESS OF CDS WORKING GROUP	4
AGENDA ITEM 7.	FUTURE (2021) IWG MEETING	4

AGENDA ITEM 8.	OTHER BUSINESS.	. 5
AGENDA ITEM 9.	ADOPTION OF REPORT	. 5
AGENDA ITEM 10.	CLOSE OF MEETING	. 5

ANNEXES

Annex A	A - I	ist o	f nart	ici	nants
Imica		not 0	ւթաւ	.10	parts

- Annex B JWG05 Meeting Agenda
- Annex C Japan's Proposed amendment to the current CMM 2019-02 for Pacific bluefin tuna
- Annex D Recommended Conservation and Management Measure for Pacific Bluefin Tuna
- Annex E Draft IATTC Resolution C-20-XX recommended for adoption by the JWG

Virtual Meeting 6-7 October 2020, 7am-10am Japan Standard Time

CHAIRS' SUMMARY OF THE 5TH JOINT IATTC AND WCPFC-NC WORKING GROUP MEETING ON THE MANAGEMENT OF PACIFIC BLUEFIN TUNA

Agenda Item 1. Opening of the meeting

- 1. The 5th Session of the Joint IATTC and WCPFC-NC Working Group Meeting on the Management of Pacific Bluefin Tuna (JWG05) was held on 6-7 October 2020. The meeting was opened by co-chairs Mr. Masanori Miyahara (Japan, Northern Committee Chair) and Ms. Dorothy Lowman (USA, IATTC).
- 2. A list of participants to the JWG05 is included in **Annex A**.

Agenda Item 2. Adoption of Agenda and Meeting Procedures

- 3. Ms. Lowman welcomed participants and outlined the meeting procedures and the agenda.
- 4. The provisional agenda was adopted (**Annex B**).

Agenda Item 3. Scientific Information on Pacific Bluefin Tuna

3.1 ISC report on New Benchmark Stock Assessment

5. The ISC report on the new benchmark stock assessment for Pacific bluefin tuna (PBF) (NC16-Present-01) was reviewed.

3.2 Reports from WCPFC-SC and IATTC-SAC

- 6. The report of the 16th WCPFC-SC meeting (NC16-IP-02) was noted as reviewed.
- 7. The report of the 11th IATTC-SAC meeting was unavailable because it has not yet convened.

Agenda Item 4. Reports on the implementation of conservation and management measures (CMMs) and resolutions for Pacific bluefin tuna

- 8. The Joint WG reviewed WCPFC and IATTC members' implementation reports on conservation and management measures for PBF.
- 9. Japan provided information to supplement its report. Japan operates artisanal fisheries, consisting of mostly troll fisheries; set net fisheries; and purse seine fisheries. Catch depends on the migration of PBF, which fluctuates drastically. 2019 catch was 2,943 mt (78% of the limit) for small fish and 4,603 mt (90% of limit) for large fish. Japan is unable to fully utilize its catch limits because limits are divided into small units, migration patterns change annually, and fishers tend to save their allocations for the winter when PBF prices are higher but PBF may not necessarily migrate to their regions. The increasing PBF migration in

coastal areas is also causing challenges for Japanese coastal fisheries, including interference with squid jigging and yellowtail longline fisheries, and the need for tuna longliners and set net fishers to sacrifice catches of other species to release PBF bycatch. In addition, Japan has been conducting a study on the potential impact of PBF management on the recruitment index. Japan found that fishing patterns have drastically changed since 2017 and plans to examine the potential impact of such changes as well as strict regulations on the recruitment index.

10. The JWG identified discrepancies among the import/export data of some members and the relevant members agreed to cross-verify these data.

Agenda Item 5. PBFT Conservation and Management Measures

- 11. Japan presented a proposal to amend CMM 2019-02 for Pacific Bluefin Tuna (Annex C).
- 12. The United States noted the priority to maintain the rebuilding of the stock towards the initial and second rebuilding targets and at next year's discussion, it will be important to continue the shift towards harvesting large fish and consider a pair of revised measures that result in a more equitable balance between the EPO and WCPO.
- 13. The JWG discussed the proposed amendments but was unable to reach a consensus and agreed to defer this proposal to discussions at next year's JWG meeting.
- 14. Korea requested that during next year's discussions, consideration be given to additional quotas for PBF bycatch in its set net fisheries, explaining that the current quota is unable to cover such bycatch.
- 15. To achieve a one-year roll-over of the existing conservation and management measures, the JWG discussed a draft CMM to amend CMM 2019-02 for Pacific Bluefin Tuna (**Annex D**) and draft measures to amend C-18-01 Measures for the Conservation and Management of Pacific Bluefin Tuna in the Eastern Pacific Ocean (**Annex E**), and recommends their adoption by the Northern Committee and the IATTC, respectively.

Agenda Item 6. Review of progress of CDS Working Group

- 16. Mr. Shingo Ota (Japan), Chair of the CDS Working Group, provided a progress report. In accordance with the CDS Working Group's work plan, Japan has circulated the first and second drafts of a CMM. According to the work plan, the third draft was to be submitted to this year's CDS Technical Meeting but the meeting has been postponed. Nonetheless, Japan intends to incorporate members' comments on the second draft and circulate a third draft in due course.
- 17. Mr. Ota pointed out that the scope of the electronic catch documentation system i.e. a consolidated system to cover all tunas or one for Pacific bluefin tuna remains a fundamental issue that the Commission must give advice on.

Agenda Item 7. Future (2021) JWG meeting

- 18. Japan offered to host the next JWG meeting at a date to be determined to precede both NC and IATTC meetings, subject to the state of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- 19. The JWG recommends extending the terms of the co-chairs Mr. Miyahara and Ms. Lowman by one year.

Agenda Item 8. Other business

20. There was no other business.

Agenda Item 9. Adoption of Report

21. The IATTC-NC JWG05 adopted the report.

Agenda Item 10. Close of meeting

22. The meeting was brought to a close on 7 October 2020.

Virtual Meeting 6-7 October 2020, 7am-10am Japan Standard Time

LIST OF PARTICIPANTS

CO-CHAIRS

Dorothy M Lowman

JWG Co-Chair Lowman and Associates 6507 SW Barnes Road Portland OR 97225 USA 01-503-804-4234 dmlowman01@comcast.net

Masanori Miyahara

JWG Co-Chair President Fisheries Research Agency Queen Tower B 15F 2-3-3, Minatomirai, Nishi-ku, Yokohama City, Kanagawa, 220-6115 masamiya@fra.affrc.go.jp

CANADA

José Benchetrit

Senior Policy Advisor, International Fisheries Management Fisheries and Oceans Canada 200 Kent St Ottawa, ON +1 343 999 1466 Jose.Benchetrit@dfo-mpo.gc.ca

Steve Hwang

Junior Analyst, International Fisheries Management Fisheries and Oceans Canada 200 Kent St Ottawa, ON +1 343 571 1550 steve.hwang@dfo-mpo.gc.ca

COOK ISLANDS

Andrew Jones

Senior Fisheries Officer, Offshore Fisheries Ministry of Marine Resources PO Box 85, Avarua, Rarotonga a.jones@mmr.gov.ck

Latishia Maui

Senior Fisheries Officer, Observer Coordinator Ministry of Marine Resources PO Box 85, Avarua, Rarotonga 68228721 L.Maui@mmr.gov.ck

Tiare-Renee Mata-Tui-Atua Nicholas

Data Analyst Offshore Division Ministry of Marine Resources PO Box 85, Avarua Rarotonga t.nicholas@mmr.gov.ck

EUROPEAN UNION

Josu Santiago

Head of the Tuna Research Area AZTI Txatxarramendi ugartea zg. Sukarrieta – BIZKAIA, Spain +34 664303631 jsantiago@azti.es

FIJI

Shelvin Chand

Fisheries officer Ministry of fisheries Level 1, Takayawa building Suva, Fiji 679 3300555 chand13.shelvin@gmail.com

JAPAN

Shingo Ota

Councilor, Resources Management Department Fisheries Agency of Japan 1-2-1 Kasumigaseki, Chiyoda-ku Tokyo, Japan 100-8907 shingo ota810@maff.go.jp

Takumi Fukuda

Resource Management Department Fisheries Agency of JAPAN 1-2-1 Kasumigaseki Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-8907

takumi fukuda720@maff.go.jp

Hirohide Matsushima

International Affairs Division Fisheries Agency of Japan 1-2-1 Kasumigaseki Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo Japan 100-8907 hiro matsushima500@maff.go.jp

Shuya Nakatsuka

Deputy Director, Migratory Resource Division Fisheries Resources Institute, FRA snakatsuka@affrc.go.jp

Akira Bamba

Section Chief, International Affairs Division Fisheries Agency of Japan 1-2-1 Kasumigaseki Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo Japan 100-8907 akira bamba180@maff.go.jp

Alex Meyer

Staff

Fisheries Agency of Japan Meyer@urbanconnections.jp

Akihito Fukuyama

Managing Director Japan Far Seas Purse Seine Fishing Association 14-10, 1 Cohme Ginza, Chuo-ku, Tokyo fukuyama@kaimaki.or.jp

Hidefumi Kawamoto

Secretary General Japan Sea Coastal Purse Seiners Association kawamoto@sanmaki.jp

Hiromu Fukuda

Head, Tuna First Group, Highly Migratory Resource Division Fisheries Resources Institute, FRA fukudahiromu@affrc.go.jp

Hirotoshi Shishidou

Technical Deputy Section Chief Kagoshima Prefecture shishidou-hirotoshi@pref.kagoshima.lg.jp

Hisao Katou

President Japan Purse Seiner Association hisao-katou@enmaki.jp

Isao Ishii

Vice Chairman
Japan Sea Coastal Purse Seiners Association
maru.wa@giga.ocn.ne.jp

Maiko Nakasu

Fisheries Management Office Fisheries Agency of Japan maiko nakasu100@maff.go.jp

Makoto Hotai

General Manager Japan Purse Seiners Association makoto-hotai@enmaki.jp

Shunsuke Noguchi

Chief

Kyoto Prefecture

s-noguchi96@pref.kyoto.lg.jp

Takahide Shiotani

International Affairs Division Fisheries Agency of Japan takahide shiotani750@maff.go.jp

Takahiro Hiraoka

Fisheries Management Office Fisheries Agency of Japan takahiro hiraoka550@maff.go.jp

Tokimasa Kobayashi

Adviser JOP(OFCF) tokimasa0610@yahoo.co.jp

Yasushi Nakazato

Fisheries Management Office Fisheries Agency of Japan yasushi nakazato840@maff.go.jp

Yuhei Takeya

The Chief Examiner

Aomori Prefecture Government Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries Fisheries Bureau, Fisheries Promotion Division ut0829@gmail.com

Yuki Funakoshi

Chief Kyoto Prefecture y-funakoshi58@pref.kyoto.lg.jp

Yumi Okochi

Staff
Japan NUS Co., Ltd.
7-5-25 Nishi-Shinjuku, Shinjuku-ku
Tokyo 160-0023
okochi-y@janus.co.jp

Muneharu Tokimura

Adviser JOP(OFCF) tokimura@ofcf.or.jp

REPUBLIC OF KOREA

Min-ju Jang

Assistant Director
Ministry of Oceans and Fisheries
Minju122122@korea.kr

Ilkang Na

International Cooperation Specialist Ministry of Oceans and Fisheries ikna@korea.kr

Mi Kyung Lee

Researcher National Institute of Fisheries Science 216 Gijanghaean-ro, Gijang-eup, Gijang-gun, Busan ccmklee@korea.kr

Jae-geol Yang

Policy Analyst

Korea Overseas Fisheries Cooperation Center 6FL, S Bldg. 253 Hannuri-daero, Sejong, Korea -8194

ig718@kofci.org

Sun kyoung Kim

Policy Analyst Korea Overseas Fisheries Cooperation Center sk.kim@kofci.org

Won Tae-hoon

Policy Analyst Korea Overseas Fisheries Association 4indamorning@kofci.org

MEXICO

Luis Fleischer

Coordinator of International Affairs Instituto Nacional de Acuacultura y Pesca lfleischer21@hotmail.com

Michel Jules Dreyfus Leon

Researcher Instituto Nacional de la Pesca Lago Veneza 694 526461738188 dreyfus@cicese.mx

PHILIPPINES

Benjamin Felipe S. Tabios Jr

Attorney V
Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources
15 Corinthia Street Vista Verde Executive
Village
9166112879
beniotabios@gmail.com

Rafael V. Ramiscal

Chief, Capture Fisheries Division Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources PCA Building, Elliptical Road, Quezon City 639998847635

rv_ram55@yahoo.com

Alma Dickson

Consultant
Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources
Elliptical Road, Diliman, Quezon City
alma dickson@yahoo.com

Francisco Torres Jr

Science Research Specialist I National Fisheries Research and Development Institute

Corporate 101 Bldg, 101 Mother Ignacia Avenue Bgy. South Triangle, Quezon City 632-83761178

torres.franciscojr@gmail.com

Isidro Tanangonan

Philippine Fisheries Observer Program Office Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources BFAR MCS Station, Navotas Fishport Complex, Navotas City 639989678087 sidtango.bfar@gmail.com

Jennifer Viron

Researcher / Senior Fishing Regulations Officer Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources 3rd Floor, PCA Building, Elliptical Road, Diliman, Quezon City, Philippines, 1101 jennyviron@gmail.com

Marlo Demo-os

Aquaculturist II Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources Elliptical Road, Diliman, Quezon City 639189640454 mbdemoos@gmail.com

CHINESE TAIPEI

Chi-Chao Liu

Senior Specialist, Deep Sea Fisheries Division Fisheries Agency, Council of Agriculture Executive Yuan chichao@ms1.fa.gov.tw

Wenying Wang

Section Chief, International Fisheries Affair Section, Deep Sea Fisheries Division Fisheries Agency, Council of Agriculture No.100, Sec. 2, Heping W. Rd., Zhongzheng Dist., Taipei, Taiwan +886 2 2383 5893 wenying@ms1.fa.gov.tw

Joy, Hsiangyi Yu

Secretary, International Fisheries Affair Section,

Deep Sea Fisheries Division Fisheries Agency, Council of Agriculture No.100, Sec. 2, Heping W. Rd., Zhongzheng Dist., Taipei, Taiwan +886 2 2383 5819 hsiangyi@ms1.fa.gov.tw

Doris, Tak-Wai Lau

Assistant

Overseas Fisheries Development Council takwai0603@ms1.fa.gov.tw

Joseph Chia-Chi Fu

Director

Overseas Fisheries Development Council joseph@ofdc.org.tw

Shirley Shih-Ning Liu

Secretary

Overseas Fisheries Development Council shirley@ofdc.org.tw

Liang Chun Wang

Secretary

Taiwan Tuna Longline Association duo w@livemail.tw

Shui-Kai Chang

Professor

National Sun Yat-sen University skchang@faculty.nsysu.edu.tw

Yi-Chen Chen

Graduate student National Sun Yat-sen University tn0981336@gmail.com

Yu-Wei Chu

Graduate student
National Sun Yat-sen University
m076020007@g-mail.nsysu.edu.tw

Tien-Jyun Chen

Graduate student National Sun Yat-sen University smichael6060025@g-mail.nsysu.edu.tw

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Michael Tosatto

Regional Administrator, Pacific Islands Regional Office NOAA Fisheries +1 808-725-5001 michael.tosatto@noaa.gov

Ryan Wulff

Assistant Regional Administrator for Sustainable Fisheries, WCR NOAA

ryan.wulff@noaa.gov

Andre Boustany

Principal Investigator, Fisheries Monterey Bay Aquarium 886 Cannery Row Monterey, CA 93940 8314021364 aboustany@mbayaq.org

Bill Fox

U.S. Commissioner / IATTC 5621 Ladybird Ln La Jolla, CA 92037 5712058845 billx@mac.com

Brett Wiedoff

Staff Officer
Pacific Fishery Management Council
7700 NE Ambassador Place SUite 101, Portland
OR 97220
503-820-2424
Brett.L.Wiedoff@noaa.gov

Celia Barroso

Sustainable Fisheries Division NOAA Fisheries 501 w ocean blvd, Ste 4200 celia.barroso@noaa.gov

Christa Svensson

Alternate-Commissioner to Dorothy Lowman PFMC
P.O. Box 141
Astoria, OR 97103
5037915669
csvensson@trimarinegroup.com

Christopher Dahl

Staff Officer

Pacific Fishery Management Council 7700 NE Ambassador Pl., Ste 101 Portland, OR 97220 503-820-2422 kit.dahl@noaa.gov

Elizabeth Hellmers

Environmental Scientist - Highly Migratory Species
California Department of Fish and Wildlife 8901 La Jolla Shores Dr
La Jolla, CA 92037
858-334-2813
elizabeth.hellmers@wildlife.ca.gov

Emily Crigler

Fishery Policy Analyst NOAA Fisheries +1 808-725-5036 emily.crigler@noaa.gov

Huihua Lee

Research Mathematical Statistician Southwest Fisheries Science Center, NMFS huihua.lee@noaa.gov

Jenny M Suter

PacFIN HMS Statistician
Pacific States Marine Fisheries Commission
205 SE Spokane St, Suite 100
Portland, OR 97202
6198134854
jsuter@psmfc.org

Jessica Watson

PFMC Advisor/Representative Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife 2040 SE Marine Science Drive 5413511196 jessica.l.watson@state.or.us

Josh Madeira

Senior Policy Manager Monterey Bay Aquarium <u>jmadeira@mbayaq.org</u>

Kristen C. Koch

Science and Research Director, Southwest Fisheries Science Center NOAA/NMFS/Southwest Fisheries Science Center 8901 La Jolla Shores Drive La Jolla, CA 92037 kristen.c.koch@noaa.gov

Lyle Enriquez

Highly Migratory Species Branch Chief NMFS West Coast Region Lyle.Enriquez@noaa.gov

Mark Fitchett

Pelagic Ecosystem Fisheries Scientist
Western Pacific Fisheries Management Council
1164 Bishop Street
Suite 1400
Honolulu, HI 96813
3059898308
mark.fitchett@wpcouncil.org

Michael T Conroy

President
West Coast Fisheries Consultants
9212 Rosser St
Bellflower, CA 90706
15627617176
mike@wecofm.com

Michael Thomas Brakke

Foreign Affairs Officer, Office of Marine Conservation
U.S. Department of State
brakkemt@state.gov

Michael Thompson

US Commissioner / IATTC 26032 Via Del Rey San Juan Capistrano, CA 92675 19495005901 mthompson041@cox.net

Michelle Horeczko

Pelagic Fisheries Data Project Supervisor California Department of Fish and Wildlife 4665 Lampson Avenue, Suite C Los Alamitos, CA 90720 562 370 4328 michelle.horeczko@wildlife.ca.gov

Peter H. Flournoy

General Counsel

American Fishermen's Research Foundation
740 North Harbor Drive

San Diego, CA 92101 1-619-203-5349 phf@pacbell.net

Sarah Shoffler

Fishery Biologist NOAA Fisheries SWFSC 8901 La Jolla Shores Dr. La Jolla, CA 92037 8585465678 sarah.shoffler@noaa.gov

Steven L. H. Teo

Research Fishery Biologist NOAA Southwest Fisheries Science Center 8901 La Jolla Shores Drive La Jolla, California 92037-1508 858 546 7179 steve.teo@noaa.gov

Theresa Labriola

Pacific Program Director Wild Oceans tlabriola@wildoceans.org

Tom Graham

Chief, International Fisheries Division NOAA NMFS Pacific Islands Regional Office 1845 Wasp Boulevard, Bldg 176 Honolulu, Hawaii 96818 +1 808 725 5032 tom.graham@noaa.gov

Valerie Post

Fishery Policy Analyst NOAA Fisheries 1845 Wasp Blvd, Bldg 176 Honolulu, HI 96818 +1 808-725-5034 valerie.post@noaa.gov

Will Stahnke

IATTC Policy Support NOAA Fisheries william.stahnke@noaa.gov

Yonat swimmer

Research Fisheries Biologist NOAA

3107701270

yonat.swimmer@noaa.gov

VANUATU

Garry Preston

Offshore Fisheries Advisor Vanuatu Fisheries Department preston.garry@gmail.com

INTER-AMERICAN TROPICAL TUNA COMMISSION (IATTC)

Brad Wiley

Policy Adviser/ Field Office Supervisor IATTC 8901 La Jolla Shores Drive 858.546.7043 bwiley@iattc.org

Mark Maunder

Head of Stock Assessment Program IATTC 8901 La Jolla Shores Drive mmaunder@iattc.org

INTERNATIONAL SCIENTIFIC COMMITTEE FOR TUNA AND TUNA-LIKE SPECIES IN THE NORTH PACIFIC OCEAN (ISC)

John Holmes

Chair

International Scientific Committee for Tuna and Tuna-like Species in the North Pacific Ocean Fisheries and Oceans Canada Pacific Biological Station 3190 Hammond Bay Road Nanaimo, BC, Canada V9T 6N7 250-756-7145 john.holmes@dfo-mpo.gc.ca

ORGANIZATION FOR REGIONAL AND INTER-REGIONAL STUDIES (ORIS)

Yasuhiro Sanada

Researcher Organization for Regional and Inter-regional Studies (ORIS) y-sanada@aoni.waseda.jp

PACIFIC ISLANDS FORUM FISHERIES AGENCY (FFA)

Wetjens Dimmlich

Director, Fisheries Management Division Pacific Islands Forum Fisheries Agency (FFA) 1 FFA Road, PO Box 629 Honiara, Solomon Islands wetjens@ffa.int

Reuben Sulu

Fisheries Management Advisor Pacific Islands Forum Fisheries Agency (FFA) 1 FFA Road, PO Box 629 Honiara, Solomon Islands reuben.sulu@ffa.int

PEW CHARITABLE TRUST

Grant Galland

Officer, RFMO Policy, International Fisheries The Pew Charitable Trusts 901 E Street, NW Washington, DC 20004 ggalland@pewtrusts.org

Macy Placide

Senior Associate, RFMO Policy The Pew Charitable Trusts 901 E Street, NW Washington, DC 20004 202-424-9871 mplacide@pewtrusts.org

SEAFOOD LEGACY

Aiko Yamauchi

Senior Officer Seafood Legacy aiko.yamauchi@seafoodlegacy.com

THE OCEAN FOUNDATION

Shana Miller

Senior Officer, International Fisheries Conservation The Ocean Foundation 1320 19th St, NW 5th Floor 16316711530

smiller@oceanfdn.org

WORLD WIDE FUND FOR NATURE (WWF)

Shuhei Uematsu

Science and Technology Officer, Oceans and Seafood Group WWF Japan uematsu@wwf.or.jp

WCPFC SECRETARIAT

Aaron Nighswander

Finance and Administration Manager Western and Central Pacific Fisheries Commission Kaselehlie Street, PO Box 2356 Pohnpei, FM 96941 +691 320 1992/1993 Aaron.Nighswander@wcpfc.int

Lara Manarangi-Trott

Compliance Manager
Western and Central Pacific Fisheries
Commission
Kaselehlie Street, PO Box 2356
Pohnpei, FM 96941
+691 320 1992/1993
Lara.Manarangi-Trott@wcpfc.int

SungKwon Soh

Science Manager
Western and Central Pacific Fisheries
Commission
Kaselehlie Street, PO Box 2356
Pohnpei, FM 96941
+691 320 1992/1993
SungKwon.Soh@wcpfc.int

Tim Jones

ICT Manager
Western and Central Pacific Fisheries
Commission
Kaselehlie Street, PO Box 2356
Pohnpei, FM 96941
+691 320 1992/1993
tim.jones@wcpfc.int

Eidre Sharp

Assistant Compliance Manager Western and Central Pacific Fisheries Commission Kaselehlie Street, PO Box 2356 Pohnpei, FM 96941 +691 320 1992/1993 Eidre.Sharp@wcpfc.int

Elaine Garvilles

Assistant Manager Science Western and Central Pacific Fisheries Commission Kaselehlie Street, PO Box 2356 Kolonia Pohnpei, FM 96941 3201992 Elaine.Garvilles@wcpfc.int

Lucille Martinez

Administrative Officer
Western and Central Pacific Fisheries
Commission
Kaselehlie Street, PO Box 2356 Kolonia
Pohnpei, FM 96941
Lucille.Martinez@wcpfc.int

Samuel Rikin

IT Officer
Western and Central Pacific Fisheries
Commission
Kaselehlie Street, PO Box 2356
Pohnpei, FM 96941
+691 320 1992/1993
Samuel.Rikin@wcpfc.int

Virtual Meeting 6-7 October 2020, 7am-10am Japan Standard Time

AGENDA

- 1. Opening of the meeting
- 2. Adoption of Agenda and Meeting Procedures
- 3. Scientific Information on Pacific Bluefin Tuna
 - 3.1 ISC report on New Benchmark Stock Assessment
 - 3.2 Reports from WCPFC-SC and IATIC-SAC
- 4. Reports on the implementation of conservation and management measures (CMMs) and resolutions for Pacific bluefin tuna
- 5. PBFT Conservation and Management Measures
- 6. Review of progress of CDS Working Group
- 7. Future (2021) JWG meeting
- 8. Other business
- 9. Adoption of Report
- 10. Close of meeting

Virtual Meeting 6-7 October 2020, 7am-10am Japan Standard Time

Proposed amendment to the current CMM 2019-02 for Pacific Bluefin Tuna

WCPFC-NC16-2020/DP-11

Explanatory note

- 1. In accordance with paragraph 5 (b) of the Harvest Strategy for Pacific Bluefin Tuna Fisheries (Harvest Strategy 2017-02) and based on information from ISC, Japan submits a proposal to amend the current CMM 2019-02 for PBF to increase the catch limits.
- 2. Our specific proposal on increases to the catch limits is as follows:
 - Both of catch limits for PBF less than 30kg and those for PBF 30kg or larger are increased by 20% in accordance with the Scenario # 6 presented in the ISC report¹; and,
 - Based on the overall catch limits, a catch limit for each relevant CCM is specified in the CMM for PBF less than 30kg and PBF 30kg or larger, respectively, which will be discussed at the NC16 (new paragraph 3).
- 3. In addition to increases to the catch limits, a conversion factor to use the catch limit for PBF smaller than 30kg to catch PBF 30kg or larger is newly introduced (new paragraph 6). The catch of age 2 PBF, the largest cohort in PBF smaller than 30kg, is estimated to have 1.46 times (1.9/1.3 = 1.46) larger impact on biomass than that of age 3 PBF, the smallest cohort in PBF 30kg or larger². If the impact of the catch of age 0 PBF is compared with that of age 3 PBF, a proportion would be larger than 1.46. Based on these scientific evidences, a conversion factor of 0.68 (= 1/1.46), as the most conservative figure, is applied in counting the actual catch of PBF 30kg or larger against the catch limit for PBF smaller than 30kg.

CMM 2013-06 Criteria

In accordance with CMM2013-06 (Conservation and Management Measure on the criteria for the consideration of Conservation and Management proposals), the following assessment has been undertaken.

a. Who is required to implement the proposal?

The current CMM (CMM 2019-02) are addressed to all CCMs to implement it, although Pacific bluefin tuna catches reported by SIDS CCMs are very small according to the report by the Secretariat (WCPFC16-2019-IP10). For possible extension of fisheries for SIDS in the future, the current CMM states in its paragraph 14 that "The provisions of paragraph 2 and 3 shall not prejudice the legitimate rights and obligations under international law of those small island developing State Members and participating territories in the Convention area whose current fishing activity for Pacific bluefin tuna is limited, but that have a real interest in fishing for the species, that may wish to develop their own fisheries for Pacific bluefin tuna in the future".

¹ Table S-4 of "Stock Assessment of Pacific Bluefin Tuna in the Pacific Ocean in 2020" (SC16-SA-WP-06)

² Table 1 of "REPORT OF THE PACIFIC BLUEFIN TUNA WORKING GROUP INTERSESSIONAL WORKSHOP"

Japan's proposal does not change the above-mentioned nature of the current CMM, as is provided in the new paragraph 16 of the proposal.

- b. Which CCMs would this proposal impact and in what way(s) and what proportion?
- c. Are there linkages with other proposals or instruments in other regional fisheries management organizations or international organizations that reduce the burden of implementation?
- d. Does the proposal affect development opportunities for SIDS?
- e. Does the proposal affect SIDS domestic access to resources and development aspirations?
- f. What resources, including financial and human capacity, are needed by SIDS to implement the proposal?
- g. What mitigation measures are included in the proposal?
- h. What assistance mechanisms and associated timeframe, including training and financial support, are included in the proposal to avoid a disproportionate burden on SIDS?

As described in a. above, Japan's proposal does not impact fisheries by SIDS, so no special consideration for SIDS is required.

CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT MEASURE FOR PACIFIC BLUEFIN TUNA

Conservation and Management Measure 2020-XX

The Western and Central Pacific Fisheries Commission (WCPFC):

Recognizing that WCPFC6 adopted Conservation and Management Measure for Pacific bluefin tuna (CMM 2009-07) and the measure was revised nine times since then (CMM 2010- 04, CMM 2012-06, CMM 2013-09, CMM 2014-04, CMM 2015-04, CMM 2016-04, CMM2017-08, CMM 2018-02 and CMM 2019-02) based on the conservation advice from the International Scientific Committee for Tuna and Tuna-like Species in the North Pacific Ocean (ISC) on this stock;

Noting the latest stock assessment provided by ISC Plenary Meeting in July 2020, indicating the following:

- (1) spawning stock biomass (SSB) fluctuated throughout the assessment period (fishing years 1952-2018), (2) the SSB steadily declined from 1996 to 2010, (3) the slow increase of the stock biomass continues since 2011, (4) total biomass in 2018 exceeded the historical median with an increase in immature fish; and (5) fishing mortality (F%SPR) declined from a level producing about 1% of SPR in 2004-2009 to a level producing 14% of SPR in 2016-2018;
- Historical recruitment estimates have fluctuated since 1952 without an apparent trend. The 2015 recruitment estimate is lower than the historical average while the 2016 recruitment estimate (about 17 million fish) is higher than the historical average. The recruitment estimates for 2017 and 2018, which are based on fewer observations and more uncertain, are below the historical average;
- . A substantial decrease in estimated F is observed in ages 0-2 in 2016-2018 relative to the previous years.
- Since about the early 1990s, the WPO purse seine fishery group targeting small fish (age 0-1) has had a greater impact, and the effect of this group in 2018 was greater than any of the other fishery groups;
- Catching a high number of smaller juvenile fish can have a greater impact on future spawning stock biomass than catching the same weight of larger mature fish;
- The projection results indicate that, under all examined scenarios, the initial goal of WCPFC and IATTC, rebuilding to SSB_{MED} by 2024 with at least 60% probability, is reached with 99% or 100% probability, and that the risk of SSB falling below SSB_{loss} at least once in 10 years is negligible.;
- The projection results also indicate that, under all examined scenarios, the estimated probability of achieving the second biomass rebuilding target (20% of SSBF=0) 10 years after the achievement of the initial rebuilding target or by 2034, whichever is earlier, is greater than 90%; and

Noting, however, that the probabilities shown in the projection indicate that reduction of juveniles would have less positive impact than those shown in the 2018 projections in terms of achieving the rebuilding targets;

Further recalling that paragraph (4), Article 22 of the WCPFC Convention, which requires cooperation between the Commission and the IATTC to reach agreement to harmonize CMMs for fish stocks such as Pacific bluefin tuna that occur in the convention areas of both organizations;

Adopts, in accordance with Article 10 of the WCPFC Convention that:

General Provision

1 This conservation and management measure has been prepared to implement the Harvest Strategy for Pacific Bluefin Tuna Fisheries (Harvest Strategy 2017-02), and the Northern Committee shall periodically review and recommend revisions to this measure as needed to implement the Harvest Strategy.

Management measures

- 2 CCMs shall take measures necessary to ensure thattotal fishing effort by their vessel fishing for Pacific bluefin tuna in the area north of the 20° N shall stay below the 2002–2004 annual average levels.
- 3 Japan, Korea and Chinese Taipei shall, respectively, take measures necessary to ensure that its catches of Pacific bluefin tuna less than 30 kg and Pacific bluefin tuna 30 kg or larger shall not exceed the following levels.

[Pacific bluefin tuna less than 30kg]

[1 define of define tand feed than 5 ving]			
	2021		
Japan	X metric ton		
Korea	Y metric ton		

[Pacific bluefin tuna 30kg or larger]

	2021
Japan	X metric ton
Korea	Y metric ton
Chinese Taipei	Z metric ton

- 4 CCMs, not described in paragraph 3, may increase its catch of Pacific bluefin tuna as long as it does not exceed 10 metric tons.
- Any overage or underage of the catch limit described in paragraph 3 shall be deducted from or may be added to the catch limit for the following year. The maximum underage that a CCM may carry over in any given year shall not exceed 5% of its annual initial catch limit¹.
- 6 CCMs described in paragraph 3 may use part of the catch limit for Pacific bluefin tuna smaller than 30 kg stipulated in paragraph 3 above to catch Pacific bluefin tuna 30 kg or larger in the same year. In this case, the catch amount adjusted with the conversion factor 0.68 (actual catch 30 kg or larger x 0.68) shall be counted against the catch limit for Pacific bluefin tuna smaller than 30 kg. CCMs shall not use the catch limit for Pacific bluefin tuna 30 kg or larger to catch Pacific bluefin tuna smaller than 30 kg.
- All CCMs except Japan shall implement the limits in paragraph 3 on a calendar-year basis. Japan shall implement the limits using a management year other than the calendar year for some of its fisheries and have its implementation assessed with respect to its management year. To facilitate the assessment,

Japan shall:

- a. Use the following management years:
 - 1. For its fisheries licensed by the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries, use the calendar year as the management year.
 - 2. For its other fisheries, use 1 April 31 March as the management year².
- b. In its annual reports for PBF, for each category described in a.1 and a.2 above, complete the required reporting template for both the management year and calendar year clearly identifying fisheries for each management year.
- 8 CCMs shall report to the Executive Director by 31 July each year their fishing effort and <30 kg and >=30 kg catch levels, by fishery, for the previous 3 year, accounting for all catches, including discards. The Executive Director will compile this information each year into an appropriate format for the use of the Northern Committee.
- 9 CCMs shall intensify cooperation for effective implementation of this CMM, including juvenile catch reduction.
- 10 CCMs, in particular those catching juvenile Pacific bluefin tuna, shall take measures to monitor and obtain prompt results of recruitment of juveniles each year.
- Consistent with their rights and obligations under international law, and in accordance with domestic laws and regulations, CCMs shall, to the extent possible, take measures necessary to prevent commercial transaction of Pacific bluefin tuna and its products that undermine the effectiveness of this CMM, especially measures prescribed in the paragraph 3 above. CCMs shall cooperate for this purpose.
- 12 CCMs shall cooperate to establish a catch documentation scheme (CDS) to be applied to Pacific bluefin tuna in accordance with the Attachment of this CMM.
- 13 CCMs shall also take measures necessary to strengthen monitoring and data collecting system for Pacific bluefin tuna fisheries and farming in order to improve the data quality and timeliness of all the data reporting;
- CCMs shall report to Executive Director by 31 July annually measures they used to implement paragraphs 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 10, 11, 13 and 16 of this CMM. CCMs shall also monitor the international trade of the products derived from Pacific bluefin tuna and report the results to Executive Director by 31 July annually. The Northern Committee shall annually review those reports CCMs submit pursuant to this paragraph and if necessary, advise a CCM to take an action for enhancing its compliance with this CMM.
- 15 The WCPFC Executive Director shall communicate this CMM to the IATTC Secretariat and its contracting parties whose fishing vessels engage in fishing for Pacific bluefin tuna in EPO and request them to take equivalent measures in conformity with this CMM.
- To enhance effectiveness of this measure, CCMs are encouraged to communicate with and, if appropriate, work with the concerned IATTC contracting parties bilaterally.
- The provisions of paragraphs 2, 3 and 4 shall not prejudice the legitimate rights and obligations under international law of those small island developing State Members and participating territories in the Convention Area whose current fishing activity for Pacific bluefin tuna is limited, but that have a real interest in fishing for the species, that may wish to develop their own fisheries for Pacific bluefin tuna in

the future.

- The provisions of paragraph 17 shall not provide a basis for an increase in fishing effort by fishing vessels owned or operated by interests outside such developing coastal State, particularly Small Island Developing State Members or participating territories, unless such fishing is conducted in support of efforts by such Members and territories to develop their own domestic fisheries.
- This CMM replaces CMM 2019-02 and shall be replaced by a new CMM to be adopted in 2021, taking into consideration the outcomes of the Joint IATTC-WCPFC NC Working Group on Pacific bluefin tuna

Development of a Catch Document Scheme for Pacific Bluefin Tuna

Background

At the 1st joint working group meeting between NC and IATTC, held in Fukuoka, Japan from August 29 to September 1, 2016, participants supported to advance the work on the Catch Documentation Scheme (CDS) in the next joint working group meeting, in line with the development of overarching CDS framework by WCPFC and taking into account of the existing CDS by other RFMOs.

1. Objective of the Catch Document Scheme

The objective of CDS is to combat IUU fishing for Pacific Bluefin Tuna (PBF) by providing a means of preventing PBF and its products identified as caught by or originating from IUU fishing activities from moving through the commodity chain and ultimately entering markets.

2. Use of electronic scheme

Whether CDS will be a paper based scheme, an electronic scheme or a gradual transition from a paper based one to an electronic one should be first decided since the requirement of each scheme would be quite different.

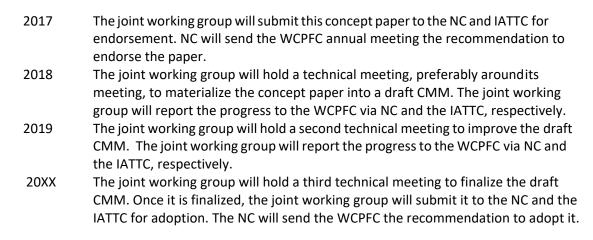
3. Basic elements to be included in the draft conservation and management measure (CMM)

It is considered that at least the following elements should be considered in drafting CMM.

- (1) Objective
- (2) General provision
- (3) Definition of terms
- (4) Validation authorities and validating process of catch documents and re-export certificates
- (5) Verification authorities and verifying process for import and re-import
- (6) How to handle PBF caught by artisanal fisheries
- (7) How to handle PBF caught by recreational or sport fisheries
- (8) Use of tagging as a condition for exemption of validation
- (9) Communication between exporting members and importing members
- (10) Communication between members and the Secretariat
- (11) Role of the Secretariat
- (12) Relationship with non-members
- (13) Relationship with other CDSs and similar programs
- (14) Consideration to developing members
- (15) Schedule for introduction
- (16) Attachment
 - (i) Catch document forms
 - (ii) Re-export certificate forms
 - (iii) Instruction sheets for how to fill out forms
 - (iv) List of data to be extracted and compiled by the Secretariat

4. Work plan

The following schedule may need to be modified, depending on the progress on the WCPFC CDS for tropical tunas.



Virtual Meeting 6-7 October 2020, 7am-10am Japan Standard Time

CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT MEASURE FOR PACIFIC BLUEFIN TUNA

Conservation and Management Measure 2020-XX

The Western and Central Pacific Fisheries Commission (WCPFC):

Recognizing that WCPFC6 adopted Conservation and Management Measure for Pacific bluefin tuna (CMM 2009-07) and the measure was revised nine times since then (CMM 2010- 04, CMM 2012-06, CMM 2013-09, CMM 2014-04, CMM 2015-04, CMM 2016-04, CMM2017-08, CMM 2018-02 and CMM 2019-02) based on the conservation advice from the International Scientific Committee for Tuna and Tuna-like Species in the North Pacific Ocean (ISC) on this stock;

Noting with concern the latest stock assessment provided by ISC Plenary Meeting in July 2018, indicating the following:

- (1) SSB fluctuated throughout the assessment period (1952–2016), (2) SSB steadily declined from 1996 to 2010, and (3) the slow increase of the stock continues since 2011 including the most recent two years (2015-2016);
- The 2015 recruitment estimate is low and similar to estimates of previous years while the 2016 recruitment estimate is higher than the historical average, and the uncertainty of the 2016 recruitment estimate is higher than in previous years because it occurs in the terminal year of the assessment model and is mainly informed by one observation from troll age-0 CPUE index;
- The fishery exploitation rate in 2015-2016 exceeded all biological reference points evaluated by the ISC except FMED and FLOSS.
- Since the early 1990s, the WCPO purse seine fisheries, in particular those targeting small fish (age 0-1) have had an increasing impact on the spawning stock biomass, and in 2016 had a greater impact than any other fishery group.
- The projection results indicate that: the current management measures by the WCPFC (CMM 2018-02) and IATTC Resolution (C-18-01) under the low recruitment scenario resulted in an estimated 97% probability of achieving the initial biomass rebuilding target (6.7% of SSBF=0) by 2024;
- The estimated probability of achieving the second biomass rebuilding target (20% of SSBF=0) 10 years after the achievement of the initial rebuilding target or by 2034, whichever is earlier, is 96%; and
- Catching a high number of smaller juvenile fish can have a greater impact on future spawning stock biomass than catching the same weight of larger fish;

Noting also that in its response to requests from IATTC-WCPFC NC Joint Working Group, ISC Plenary Meeting in July 2019:

• Noted that the Japanese troll recruitment index value estimated for 2017 is similar to its historical average (1980-2017), that Japanese recruitment monitoring indices in 2017 and 2018 are higher than the 2016 value and that there is anecdotal evidence that larger fish are becoming

more abundant in EPO, although this information needs to be confirmed for the next stock assessment expected in 2020;

- Recommended maintaining the conservation advice from ISC in 2018; and,
- Conducted projections of scenarios for catch increase in the same manner as in the 2018 assessment.

Further recalling that paragraph (4), Article 22 of the WCPFC Convention, which requires cooperation between the Commission and the IATTC to reach agreement to harmonize CMMs for fish stocks such as Pacific bluefin tuna that occur in the convention areas of both organizations;

Recognizing that due to the pandemic caused by COVID-19, it is not possible to hold a physical meeting of the Northern Committee in 2020, which makes it difficult for the members of the Northern Committee to engage in substantive discussion to change the existing CMM on Pacific bluefin tuna;

Further recognizing that under such circumstances, a simple roll-over of the 2020-specific measures for one year could be a realistic approach;

Adopts, in accordance with Article 10 of the WCPFC Convention that:

General Provision

1 This conservation and management measure has been prepared to implement the Harvest Strategy for Pacific Bluefin Tuna Fisheries (Harvest Strategy 2017-02), and the Northern Committee shall periodically review and recommend revisions to this measure as needed to implement the Harvest Strategy.

Management measures

- 2 CCMs shall take measures necessary to ensure that:
 - (1) Total fishing effort by their vessel fishing for Pacific bluefin tuna in the area north of the 20° N shall stay below the 2002–2004 annual average levels.
 - (2) All catches of Pacific bluefin tuna less than 30 kg shall be reduced to 50% of the 2002–2004 annual average levels. Any overage or underage of the catch limit shall be deducted from or may be added to the catch limit for the following year. The maximum underage that a CCM may carry over in any given year shall not exceed 5% of its annual initial catch limit.⁷
- 3 CCMs shall take measures necessary to ensure that all catches of Pacific Bluefin tuna 30kg or larger shall not be increased from the 2002-2004 annual average levels⁸. Any overage or underage of the catch limit shall be deducted from or may be added to the catch limit for the following year. The maximum underage that a CCM may carry over in any given year shall not exceed 5% of its annual initial catch limit¹. However, in 2021 CCMs may use part of the catch limit for Pacific bluefin tuna smaller than 30 kg stipulated in paragraph 2 (2) above to catch Pacific bluefin tuna 30 kg or larger in the same year. In this case, the amount of catch 30 kg or larger shall be counted against the catch limit for

⁷ Notwithstanding paragraph 2 and 3, a CCM may carry over up to 17% of its initial 2020 catch limits, which remain uncaught, to 2021.

⁸ CCMs with a base line catch of 10 t or less may increase its catch as long as it does not exceed 10 t. ¹² 300 metric tons shall be adjusted to add carry-over of under-harvest in accordance with Paragraph 7 of this Resolution.

Pacific bluefin tuna smaller than 30 kg. CCMs shall not use the catch limit for Pacific bluefin tuna 30 kg or larger to catch Pacific bluefin tuna smaller than 30 kg. The ISC is requested to review, in its work referred to in Section 5 of Harvest Strategy, the implications of this special provision in terms of PBF mortality and stock rebuilding probabilities in 2021. Based on that review, in 2021 the Northern Committee will determine whether it should be continued past 2021, and if so, recommend changes to the CMM as appropriate.

- 4 All CCMs except Japan shall implement the limits in paragraph 2 and 3 on a calendar-year basis. Japan shall implement the limits using a management year other than the calendar year for some of its fisheries and have its implementation assessed with respect to its management year. To facilitate the assessment, Japan shall:
 - a. Use the following management years:
 - 1. For its fisheries licensed by the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries, use the calendar year as the management year.
 - 2. For its other fisheries, use $1 \text{ April} 31 \text{ March as the management year}^3$.
 - b. In its annual reports for PBF, for each category described in a.1 and a.2 above, complete the required reporting template for both the management year and calendar year clearly identifying fisheries for each management year.
- 5 CCMs shall report to the Executive Director by 31 July each year their fishing effort and <30 kg and >=30 kg catch levels, by fishery, for the previous 3 year, accounting for all catches, including discards. The Executive Director will compile this information each year into an appropriate format for the use of the Northern Committee.
- 6 CCMs shall intensify cooperation for effective implementation of this CMM, including juvenile catch reduction.
- 7 CCMs, in particular those catching juvenile Pacific bluefin tuna, shall take measures to monitor and obtain prompt results of recruitment of juveniles each year.
- 8 Consistent with their rights and obligations under international law, and in accordance with domestic laws and regulations, CCMs shall, to the extent possible, take measures necessary to prevent commercial transaction of Pacific bluefin tuna and its products that undermine the effectiveness of this CMM, especially measures prescribed in the paragraph 2 and 3 above. CCMs shall cooperate for this purpose.
- 9 CCMs shall cooperate to establish a catch documentation scheme (CDS) to be applied to Pacific bluefin tuna in accordance with the **Attachment** of this CMM.
- 10 CCMs shall also take measures necessary to strengthen monitoring and data collecting system for Pacific bluefin tuna fisheries and farming in order to improve the data quality and timeliness of all the data reporting;
- 11 CCMs shall report to Executive Director by 31 July annually measures they used to implement paragraphs 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10 and 13 of this CMM. CCMs shall also monitor the international trade of the products derived from Pacific bluefin tuna and report the results to Executive Director by 31 July annually. The Northern Committee shall annually review those reports CCMs submit pursuant to this paragraph and if necessary, advise a CCM to take an action for enhancing its compliance with this CMM.

- 12 The WCPFC Executive Director shall communicate this CMM to the IATTC Secretariat and its contracting parties whose fishing vessels engage in fishing for Pacific bluefin tuna in EPO and request them to take equivalent measures in conformity with this CMM.
- To enhance effectiveness of this measure, CCMs are encouraged to communicate with and, if appropriate, work with the concerned IATTC contracting parties bilaterally.
- The provisions of paragraphs 2 and 3 shall not prejudice the legitimate rights and obligations under international law of those small island developing State Members and participating territories in the Convention Area whose current fishing activity for Pacific bluefin tuna is limited, but that have a real interest in fishing for the species, that may wish to develop their own fisheries for Pacific bluefin tuna in the future.
- 15 The provisions of paragraph 14 shall not provide a basis for an increase in fishing effort by fishing vessels owned or operated by interests outside such developing coastal State, particularly Small Island Developing State Members or participating territories, unless such fishing is conducted in support of efforts by such Members and territories to develop their own domestic fisheries.
- 16 This CMM replaces CMM 2019-02. On the basis of stock assessment conducted by ISC in 2020, and other pertinent information, this CMM shall be reviewed and may be amended as appropriate in 2021.

Development of a Catch Document Scheme for Pacific Bluefin Tuna

Background

At the 1st joint working group meeting between NC and IATTC, held in Fukuoka, Japan from August 29 to September 1, 2016, participants supported to advance the work on the Catch Documentation Scheme (CDS) in the next joint working group meeting, in line with the development of overarching CDS framework by WCPFC and taking into account of the existing CDS by other RFMOs.

1. Objective of the Catch Document Scheme

The objective of CDS is to combat IUU fishing for Pacific Bluefin Tuna (PBF) by providing a means of preventing PBF and its products identified as caught by or originating from IUU fishing activities from moving through the commodity chain and ultimately entering markets.

2. Use of electronic scheme

Whether CDS will be a paper based scheme, an electronic scheme or a gradual transition from a paper based one to an electronic one should be first decided since the requirement of each scheme would be quite different.

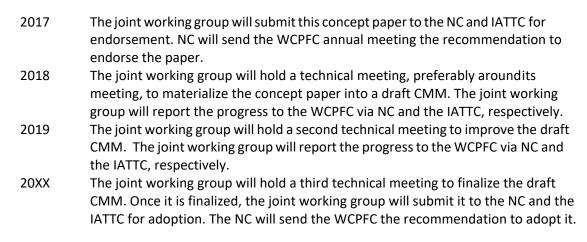
3. Basic elements to be included in the draft conservation and management measure (CMM)

It is considered that at least the following elements should be considered in drafting CMM.

- (1) Objective
- (2) General provision
- (3) Definition of terms
- (4) Validation authorities and validating process of catch documents and re-export certificates
- (5) Verification authorities and verifying process for import and re-import
- (6) How to handle PBF caught by artisanal fisheries
- (7) How to handle PBF caught by recreational or sport fisheries
- (8) Use of tagging as a condition for exemption of validation
- (9) Communication between exporting members and importing members
- (10) Communication between members and the Secretariat
- (11) Role of the Secretariat
- (12) Relationship with non-members
- (13) Relationship with other CDSs and similar programs
- (14) Consideration to developing members
- (15) Schedule for introduction
- (16) Attachment
 - (i) Catch document forms
 - (ii) Re-export certificate forms
 - (iii) Instruction sheets for how to fill out forms
 - (iv) List of data to be extracted and compiled by the Secretariat

4. Work plan

The following schedule may need to be modified, depending on the progress on the WCPFC CDS for tropical tunas.



Virtual Meeting 6-7 October 2020, 7am-10am Japan Standard Time

INTER-AMERICAN TROPICAL TUNA COMMISSION

RESOLUTION C-20-XX

MEASURES FOR THE CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT OF PACIFIC BLUEFIN TUNA IN THE EASTERN PACIFIC OCEAN, 2021

[Explanatory note: The changes tracked here show a change from the current resolution (Resolution C-18-01)]. Resolves as follows:

- 1. The Commission shall implement this Resolution in accordance with the long-term management objectives of Pacific bluefin tuna in paragraph 1 of Resolution C-18-02 [Amendment to Resolution C-16-08].
- 2. Each CPC shall report sport fishery catches of Pacific bluefin tuna semi-annually to the Director. Each CPC shall continue to ensure that catches of Pacific bluefin tuna by sportfishing vessels operating under its jurisdiction are reduced in a manner commensurate with reductions in commercial catches.
- 3. During 2021, in the IATTC Convention Area, combined total commercial catches of Pacific bluefin tuna by all CPCs shall not exceed the catch limit of 3,925 metric tons.
- 4. Noting that the United States could catch up to 425 metric tons in any year within the biennial limit under Resolution C-18-01, the United States may catch up to 425 metric tons in 2021, and any catches that exceed 300 metric tons 12 shall be subtracted from the catch limit to be adopted for 2022. The catch limit for the United States will be subtracted and reserved from the total catch limit in paragraph 3 for the exclusive use of the United States.
- 5. Noting that Mexico could catch up to 3,500 metric tons in any year within the biennial limit under Resolution C-18-01, Mexico may catch up to 3,500 metric tons in 2021, and any catches that exceed 3,000 metric tons ¹³ shall be subtracted from the catch limit to be adopted for 2022. The catch limit for Mexico will be subtracted and reserved from the total catch limit in paragraph 3 for the exclusive use of Mexico.
- 6. Any over-harvest shall be deducted from catch limit in the following year in accordance with

¹² 300 metric tons shall be adjusted to add carry-over of under-harvest in accordance with Paragraph 7 of this Resolution.

¹³ 3000 metric tons shall be adjusted to add carry-over of under-harvest in accordance with Paragraph 7 of this Resolution.

- Paragraph 3 of Resolution C-18-02 [Amendment to Resolution C-16-08]. Over-harvest of the biennial catch limits established in Resolution C-18-01 shall be deducted from catch limits applicable to this Resolution.
- 7. Under-harvest of biennial catch limits established in Resolution C-18-01 shall be added to catch limits applicable to this Resolution in accordance with Paragraph 4 of Resolution C-18-02.
- 8. CPCs should endeavor to manage catches by vessels under their respective national jurisdictions in such a manner and through such mechanisms as might be applied, with the objective of reducing the proportion of fish of less than 30 kg in the catch toward 50% of total catch, taking into consideration the scientific advice of the ISC and the IATTC staff. At the annual meeting of the IATTC in 2021, the Scientific Staff shall present the results of the 2020 fishing season in this regard for the Commission's review. CPCs shall take the necessary measures to ensure that the catch limits specified in paragraphs 3, 4 and 5 are not exceeded in 2021.
- 9. In 2021, each CPC shall report its catches to the Director weekly after 50% of its annual catch limit in each year is reached.
- 10. The Director will send out notices to all CPCs when 75% and 90% of the limits in Paragraphs 3, 4, or 5 have been reached. The Director will send out a notice to all CPCs when the limits in Paragraphs 3, 4 or 5 have been reached. CPCs shall take the necessary internal measures to avoid exceeding the limits established in Paragraphs 3, 4 or 5.
- 11. By January 31,2021, the Director shall notify all CPCs of the catch limit for 2021 established Paragraphs 3, 4, and 5 of this resolution that considers any over-harvest or under-harvest in accordance with Paragraphs 6 and 7 of this Resolution and Paragraphs 3 and 4 of Resolution C-18-02 [Amendment to Resolution C-16-08].
- 12. In 2021, the IATTC Scientific Staff shall present an assessment to the Scientific Advisory Committee of the effectiveness of this resolution also taking into consideration the results of the ISC's latest Pacific bluefin tuna stock assessment, harvest scenario projections performed by the ISC, and conservation and management measures for Pacific bluefin tuna adopted by the WCPFC. The Commission shall consider new management measures to apply beyond 2021 based on the best available information, including the latest assessment, recruitment information, projections or other relevant information.
- 13. Taking into consideration the outcomes of the Joint IATTC-WCPFC NC Working Group on Pacific bluefin tuna and meetings of the WCPFC, the Commission shall review this Resolution and consider revising the catch limits established in this resolution, taking into account the need for an equitable distribution of catch, during the 2021 Annual Meeting of the IATTC.