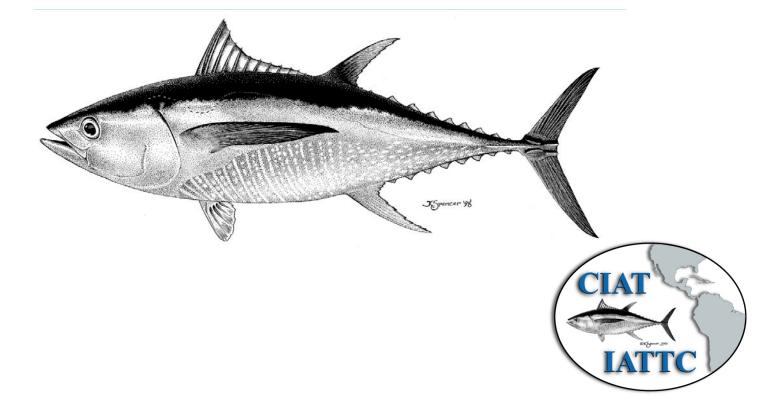
# STATUS OF YELLOWFIN TUNA IN THE EASTERN PACIFIC OCEAN IN 2012

**UPDATE OF 2012 STOCK ASSESSMENT** 

January 1975 – December 2012



### Outline



- Fishery data updates
- Stock assessment
  - Model assumptions
  - Results (fishing mortality, recruitment, biomasses)
  - Stock status (base case)
  - Stock-recruitment sensitivity analysis (steepness = 0.75)
  - Population projections (*status quo* and  $F_{MSY}$ )
- Summary conclusions



### New or updated data



### Surface fisheries

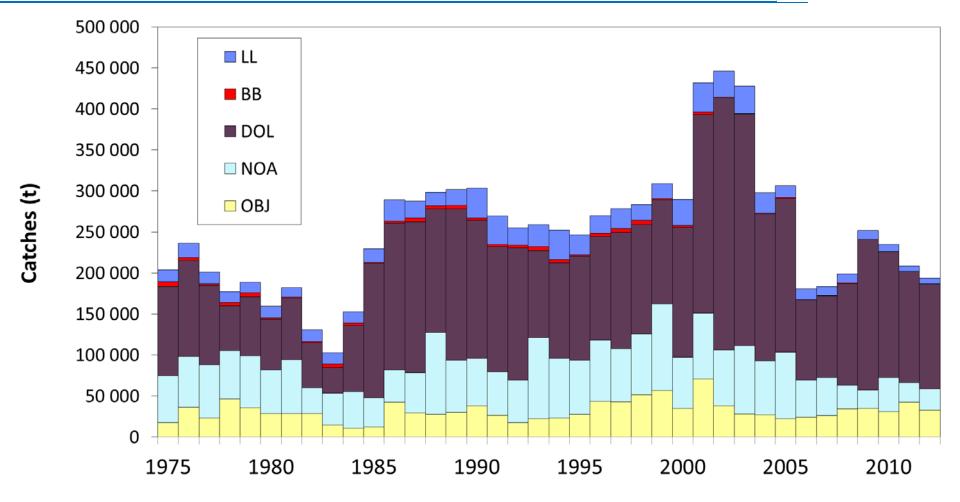
 Catch, CPUE and size-frequency data updated and new data for 2012.

### Longline fisheries

- New or updated longline catch data: China (2009, 2010), Chinese Taipei (2010-2011), Japan (2009-2011), Korea (2011), the United States (2010-2011) and Vanuatu (2005-2011)
- New or updated CPUE data available for Japan (2008-2011)
- New or updated longline size-frequency for Japan (2006-2011)

### Total catches







# Model assumptions



### 2012 update assessment = same model as in SAC3

- Fishery definitions: 16 fisheries
- Data weighting: the CV of the southern LL fishery was fixed (0.2), others estimated (NOA, DEL)
- Growth modeling: Richards curve, L2 and variance of length-atage are fixed
- Modeling of catchability and selectivity:
  - Catchability coefficients for 5 CPUE time series are estimated (NOA-N, NOA-S, DEL-N, DEL-I, LL-S)
  - Selectivity curves for 11 of the 16 fisheries are estimated (F9 DEL-S mirrors F12 LL-S)
  - Logistic selectivity for LL-S and DEL-S, and dome-shape for other fisheries (except discards)



### YFT fishery definitions



#### Defined based on:

- gear type (purse seine, pole and line, and longline)
- purse-seine set type
   (sets on schools associated
   with floating objects, free
   schools, dolphin-associated
   schools)
- area (IATTC lengthfrequency sampling area or latitude)
- discards

**TABLE A.** Fisheries defined for the stock assessment of yellowfin tuna in the EPO. PS = purse seine; LP = pole and line; LL = longline; OBJ = floating objects; NOA = unassociated fish; DEL = dolphin. The sampling areas are shown in Figure A.

Fishery	Gear	Set type	Region	Sampling	
,	type	7,		areas	
1	PS	OBJ	South	11-12	
2	PS	OBJ	Central	7,9	
3	PS	OBJ	Inshore	5-6, 13	
4	PS	OBJ	North	1-4, 8, 10	
5	PS	NOA	North	1-4, 8, 10	
6	PS	NOA	South	5-7, 9, 11-13	
7	PS	DEL	North	2-3, 10	
8	PS	DEL	Inshore	1, 4-6, 8, 13	
9	PS	DEL	South	7, 9, 11-12	
10	LP		All	1-13	
11	LL		North	N of 15°N	
12	LL		South	S of 15°N	
Discard fisheries					
13	PS	OBJ	South	11-12	
14	PS	OBJ	Central	7,9	
15	PS	OBJ	Inshore	5-6, 13	

OBI

North

1-4, 8, 10

16

10 surface fisheries

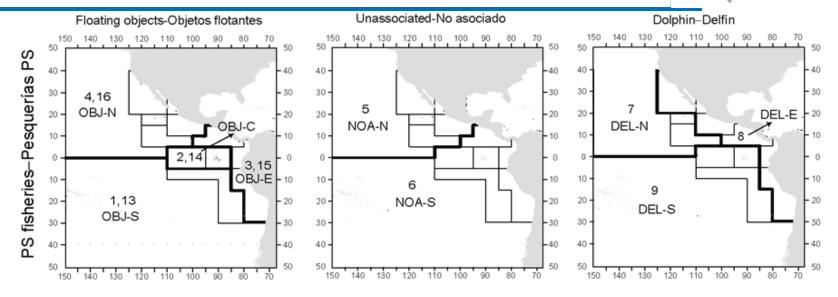
2 longline fisheries

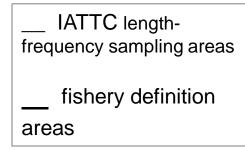
4 discard fisheries

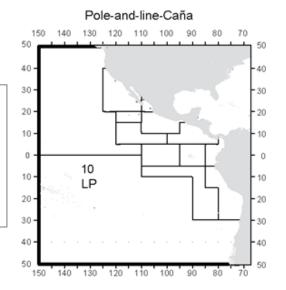


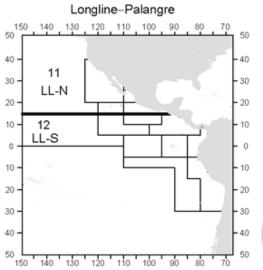
# YFT fishery definitions







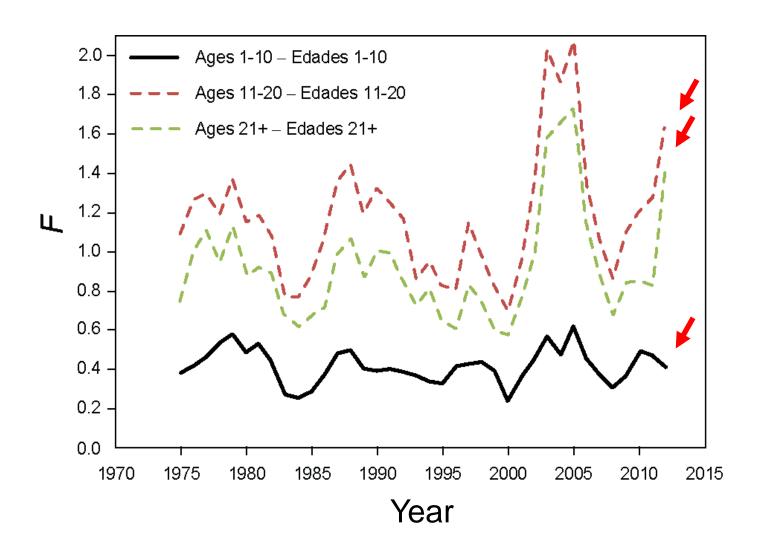






# Fishing mortality

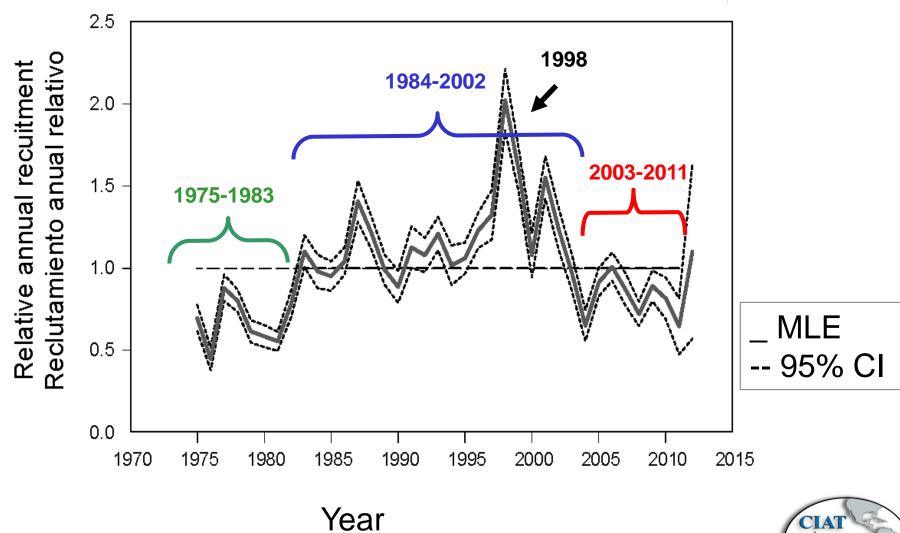






### Recruitment

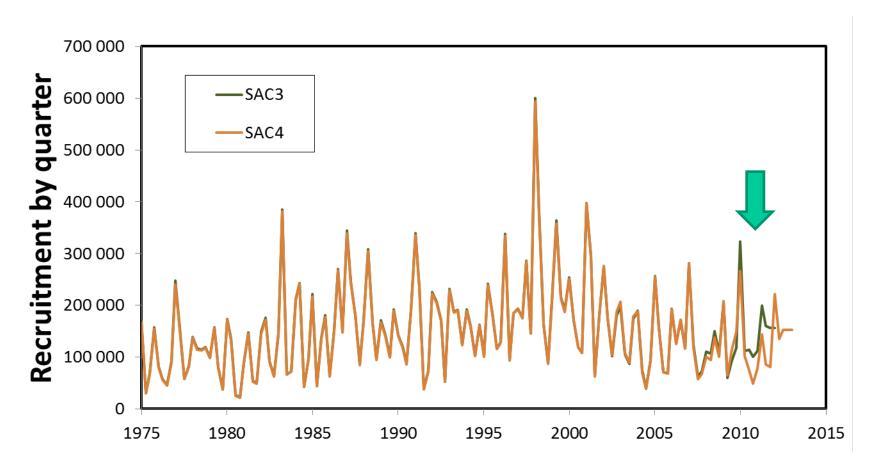






### Recruitment

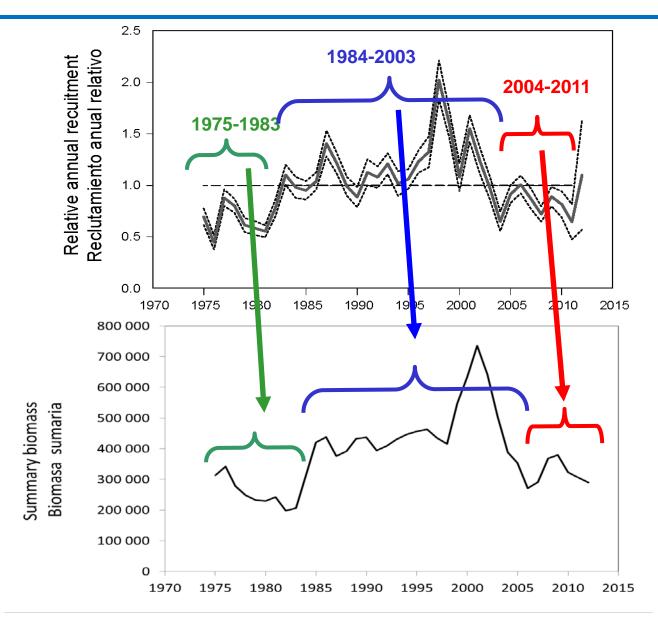






# Summary biomass

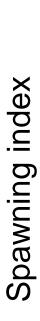


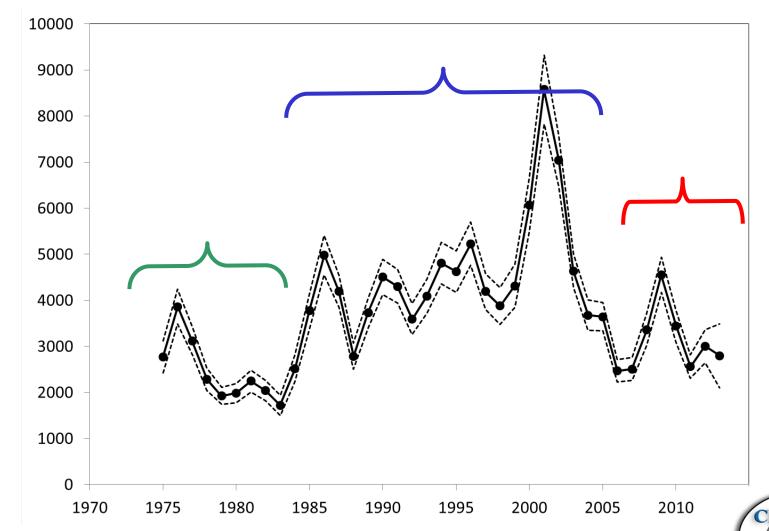




# Spawning biomass



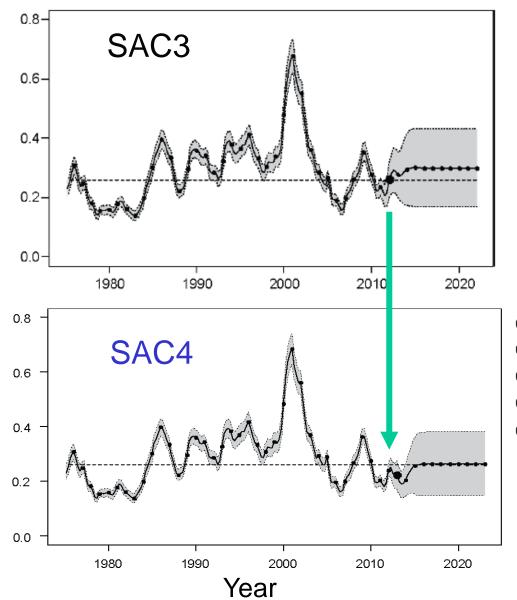


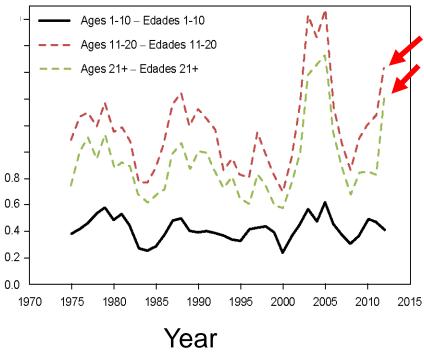


### Spawning Biomass Ratio (SBR)





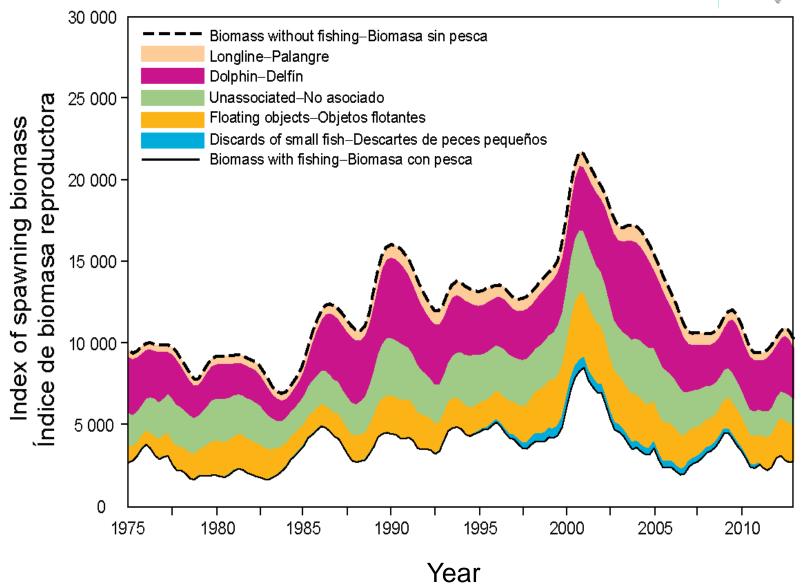




# Fishery impact

Results (base case)





#### **Stock status**

# Management quantities



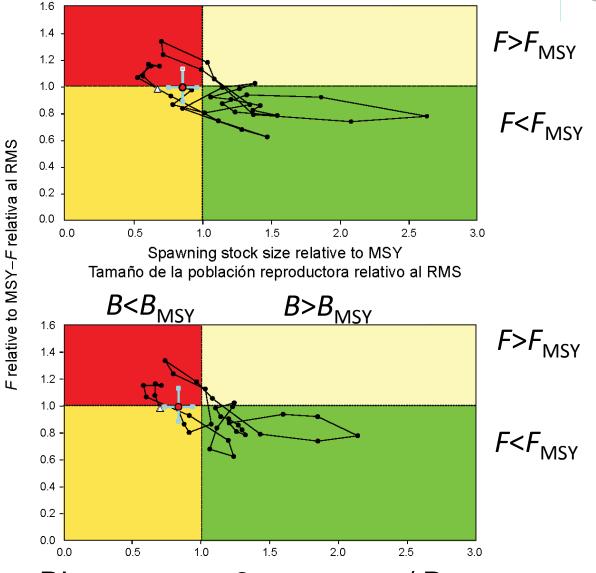
	Base case
YFT	Caso base
MSY-RMS	258,836
$B_{ m MSY}$ - $B_{ m RMS}$	349,480
$S_{MSY}$ - $S_{RMS}$	3,269
$B_{\mathrm{MSY}}/B_{0^{-}}$ $B_{\mathrm{RMS}}/B_{0}$	0.32
$S_{MSY}/S_0$ - $S_{RMS}/S_0$	0.26
$C_{\text{recent}}/\text{MSY}$ - $C_{\text{recent}}/\text{RMS}$	0.75
$B_{ m recent}/B_{ m MSY}$ - $B_{ m recent}/B_{ m RMS}$	0.83
$S_{\text{recent}}/S_{\text{MSY}}-S_{\text{recent}}/S_{\text{RMS}}$	0.85
F multiplier-Multiplicador de F	1.01

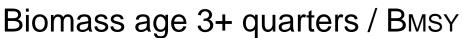


# Phase plots (targets)

Stock status (base case)

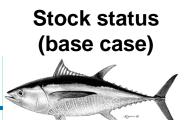


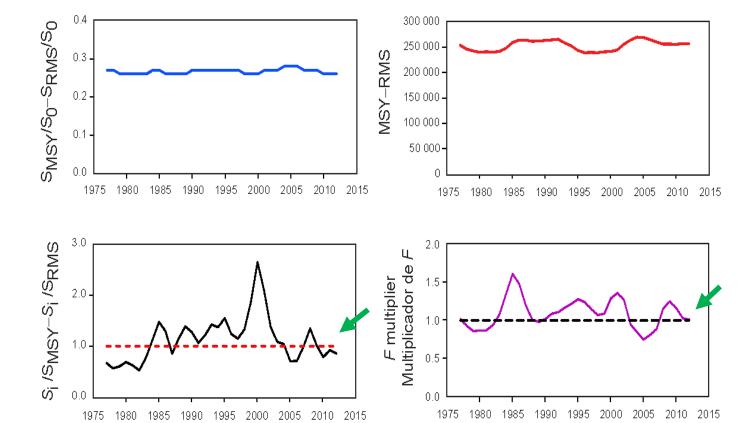






# Time varying indicators





#### **Stock status**

# Management quantities



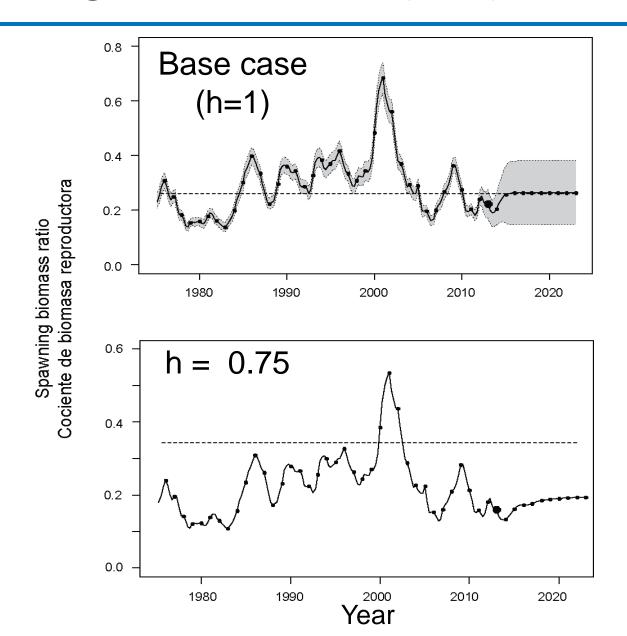
YFT	Base case Caso base	h = 0.75
MSY-RMS	258,836	278,453
$B_{ m MSY}$ - $B_{ m RMS}$	349,480	535,094
$S_{MSY}$ - $S_{RMS}$	3,269	5,715
$B_{\mathrm{MSY}}/B_0$ - $B_{\mathrm{RMS}}/B_0$	0.32	0.36
$S_{MSY}/S_0$ - $S_{RMS}/S_0$	0.26	0.34
$C_{\text{recent}}/\text{MSY}$ - $C_{\text{recent}}/\text{RMS}$	0.75	0.70
$B_{ m recent}/B_{ m MSY}$ - $B_{ m recent}/B_{ m RMS}$	0.83	0.48
$S_{\text{recent}}/S_{\text{MSY}}-S_{\text{recent}}/S_{\text{RMS}}$	0.85	0.46
F multiplier-Multiplicador de F	1.01	0.64



#### **Stock status**



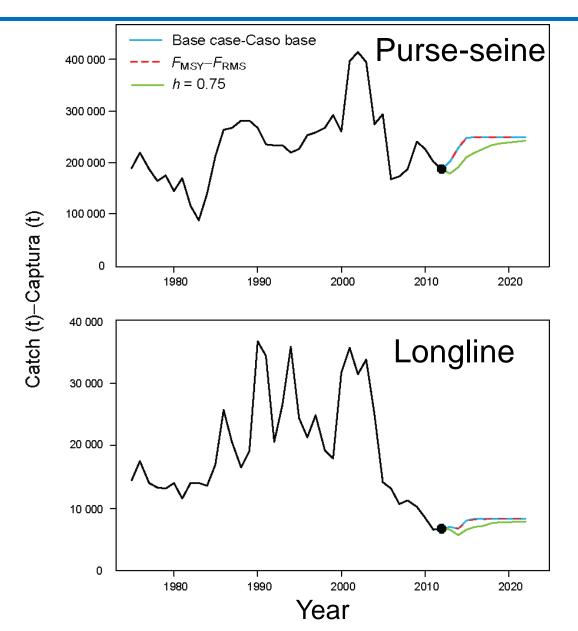
### Spawning Biomass Ratio (SBR)



#### **Projections**



# Projected catches – Status quo $(F_{cur})$

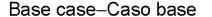


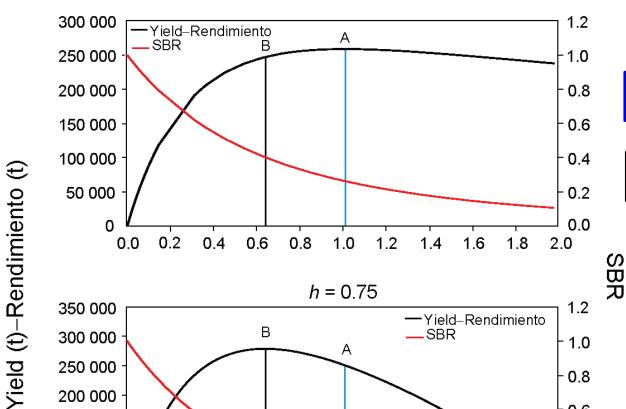


### Yield

#### **Stock status** (base case)

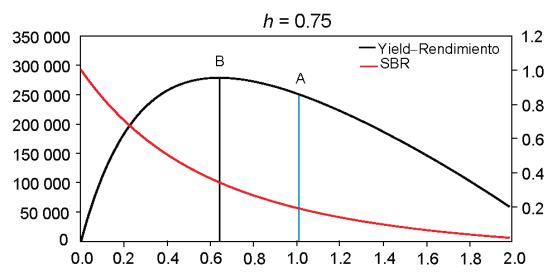


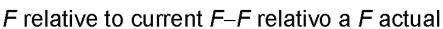




A- FMSY, base case

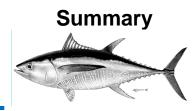
B - FMSY, h=0.75



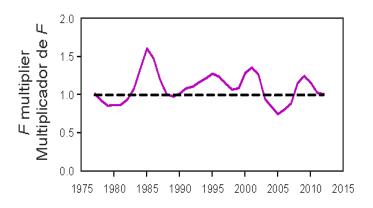




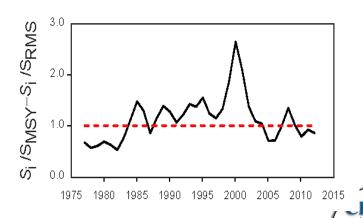
## Summary: key results



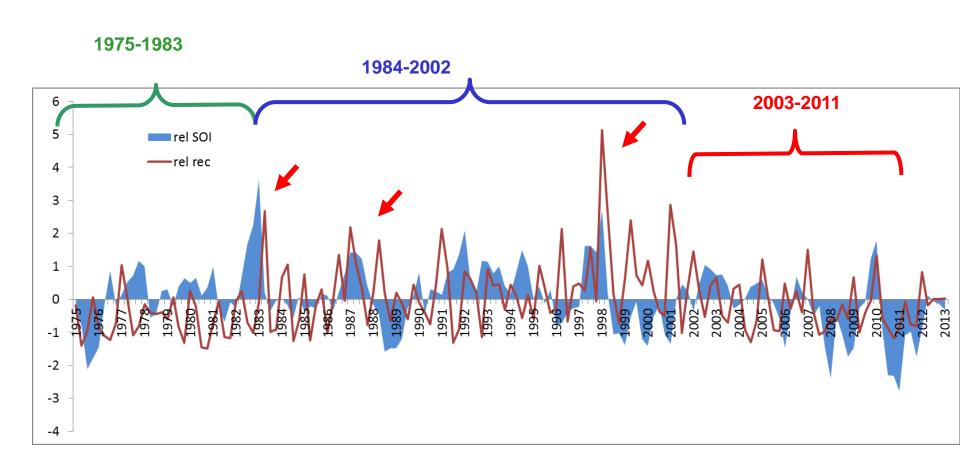
• The recent fishing mortality rates are estimated to be around those corresponding to the  $MSY(F_{recent} \cong F_{MSY})$ 



 The recent levels of spawning biomass are estimated to be below those corresponding to the MSY (S<sub>recent</sub> < S<sub>MSY</sub>)



# Potential environmental effects



### Plausible Sensitivities and Uncertainties

- lessons from previous assessments



- Results are more pessimistic with:
  - The inclusion of a stock-recruitment relationship
  - Higher values of the average size of the oldest fish  $(L_2 > 182 \text{ cm})$
  - Lower rates of adult natural mortality (M)

- Results are more optimistic with:
  - Lower values of the average size of the oldest fish  $(L_2 < 182 \text{ cm})$
  - Higher rates of adult natural mortality (M)
  - Fitting to CPUE DEL-N as main index of abundance  $(S_{recent} > S_{MSY})$



### Future directions



 A new model will be produced incorporating the recommendations of the external review panel.

