Report on Sharks (2023) Submitted by Japan

Data for Catches of major shark species caught by Japanese longline fishing vessels

Year	BSH	SMA
2014	895	108
2015	815	72
2016	753	51
2017	716	84
2018	710	70
2019	382	26
2020	949	3
2021	545	1
2022	439	1
2023	209	0

Unit: tonnage

Effort by Gear Type

Year	days	hooks
2014	15,688	40,735,394
2015	13,626	35,290,224
2016	11,827	30,909,709
2017	10,720	27,960,719
2018	9,408	24,607,726
2019	7,049	18,472,217
2020	6,782	17,987,230
2021	6,132	16,206,900
2022	4,656	12,401,986
2023	4,656	12,401,986

Landing Data

Import (t)	2021	2022	2023
Singapore	43.8	81.8	101.0
Spain	213.4	141.9	115.4
China	49.8	56.9	88.9
Chinese Taipei	12.8	-	12.0
Viet Nam	12.6	19.0	15.9
Indonesia	19.5	27.0	14.1
Philippines	0.6	0.4	-
Hong Kong	-	-	2.6
Brazil	1.3	0.7	1
Peru	3.0	3.6	4.3
Total	356.5	331.3	354.2

Export (t)	2021	2022	2023
South Africa	552.8	428.2	492.0
Islas Canarias	848.5	975.8	896.0
Chinese Taipei	506.6	770.9	404.9
Viet Nam	193.2	259.5	178.5
Peru	120.1	129.1	37.4
Indonesia	17.5	39.3	23.1
Hong Kong	22.4	26.4	3.9
Panama	69.4	11.0	1
Singapore	133.2	198.8	61.0
China	5.0	-	2.8
Uruguay	20.0	-	-
Thailand	-	0.2	22.2
Malaysia	0.1	20.4	-
Total	2,488.9	2,859.7	2,121.7

- ➤ In accordance with the FAO IPOA-sharks, Japan established and has been implementing its National Action Plan on sharks in 2001, with a revision in 2009 and 2016.
- Fisheries Agency of Japan (FAJ) made a partial amendment to its rules in order to comply with this resolution such as full utilization in 2005. With the official gazette, FAJ informed all fishermen and other interested parties of this amendment of the rules.
- ➤ In 2022, there was nothing particular to be reported.

Report on Sharks (2022) Submitted by Japan

Data for Catches of major shark species caught by Japanese longline fishing vessels

Year	BSH	SMA
2013	949	101
2014	895	108
2015	815	72
2016	753	51
2017	716	84
2018	710	70
2019	382	26
2020	949	3
2021	545	1
2022	439	1

Unit: tonnage

Effort by Gear Type

Year	days	hooks
2013	18,599	48,824,504
2014	15,688	40,735,394
2015	13,626	35,290,224
2016	11,827	30,909,709
2017	10,720	27,960,719
2018	9,408	24,607,726
2019	7,049	18,472,217
2020	6,782	17,987,230
2021	6,132	16,206,900
2022	4,656	12,401,986

Landing Data

Import (t)	2020	2021	2022
Singapore	114	43.8	81.8
Spain	38	213.4	141.9
China	44	49.8	56.9
Republic of Korea	-	-	-
New Zealand	1	ı	-
Chinese Taipei	37	12.8	-
Malaysia	-	-	-
Viet Nam	1	12.6	19.0
Indonesia	26	19.5	27.0
Portugal	-	-	-
Philippines	1	0.6	0.4
UK	-	-	-
Hong Kong	10	1	-
Mexico	-	-	-
Argentine	-	-	-
Brazil	-	1.3	0.7
Peru	4	3.0	3.6
Total	275	356.5	331.3

Export (t)	2020	2021	2022
South Africa	386	552.8	428.2
Islas Canarias	1,364	848.5	975.8
Chinese Taipei	363	506.6	770.9
Viet Nam	173	193.2	259.5
Peru	264	120.1	129.1
Indonesia	6	17.5	39.3
Republic of Korea	-	1	-
Sri Lanka	-	-	-
Hong Kong	17	22.4	26.4
Panama	47	69.4	11.0
Singapore	54	133.2	198.8
Colombia	-	1	-
Senegal	-	-	•
China	-	5.0	-
Oman	-	-	•
New Zealand	-	-	-
Mauritius	-	-	-
Austria	-	-	-
Uruguay	-	20.0	-

Thailand	_	_	0.2
Malaysia	-	0.1	20.4
Libya	-	1	1
Canada	-	-	-
Lao	-	ı	ı
USA	1	1	-
Australia	-	1	-
Total	2,675	2,488.9	2,859.7

- ➤ In accordance with the FAO IPOA-sharks, Japan established and has been implementing its National Action Plan on sharks in 2001, with a revision in 2009 and 2016.
- Fisheries Agency of Japan (FAJ) made a partial amendment to its rules in order to comply with this resolution such as full utilization in 2005. With the official gazette, FAJ informed all fishermen and other interested parties of this amendment of the rules.
- ➤ In 2022, there was nothing particular to be reported.

Report on Sharks (2021) Submitted by Japan

Data for Catches of major shark species caught by Japanese longline fishing vessels

Year	BSH	SMA
2012	1,327	141
2013	949	101
2014	895	108
2015	815	72
2016	753	51
2017	716	84
2018	710	70
2019	382	26
2020	949	3
2021	420	1

Unit: tonnage

Effort by Gear Type

Year	days	hooks
2012	20,934	55,586,547
2013	18,599	48,824,504
2014	15,688	40,735,394
2015	13,626	35,290,224
2016	11,827	30,909,709
2017	10,720	27,960,719
2018	9,408	24,607,726
2019	7,049	18,472,217
2020	6,782	17,987,230
2021	3,810	10,103,125

Landing Data

Import (t)	2019	2020	2021
Singapore	108.9	114.4	43.8
Spain	95.1	37.9	213.4
China	84.9	43.7	49.8
Republic of Korea	-	-	-
New Zealand	3.9	ı	ı
Chinese Taipei	51.2	37.1	12.8
Malaysia	-	-	1
Viet Nam	2.8	0.8	12.6
Indonesia	40.2	26.5	19.5
Portugal	-	-	-
Philippines	1.4	0.7	0.6
UK	-	-	1
Hong Kong	26.7	9.7	1
Mexico	-	1	1
Argentine	-	-	1
Brazil	1.5	0.3	1.3
Peru	3.1	3.8	3.0
Total	419.6	274.8	356.5

Export (t)	2019	2020	2021
South Africa	1,626.5	386.4	552.8
Islas Canarias	1,844.2	1,364.4	848.5
Chinese Taipei	625.0	362.5	506.6
Viet Nam	350.9	173.2	193.2
Peru	80.2	263.5	120.1
Indonesia	42.3	6.1	17.5
Republic of Korea	67.7	1	-
Sri Lanka	-	-	-
Hong Kong	21.3	17.2	22.4
Panama	100.2	46.5	69.4
Singapore	170.1	54.1	133.2
Colombia	14.5	ı	ı
Senegal	-	-	-
China	21.2	ı	5.0
Oman	-	ı	1
New Zealand	-	-	-
Mauritius	-	-	-
Austria	-	-	-
Uruguay	-	-	20.0

Thailand	_	_	_
Malaysia	0.1	-	0.1
Libya	-	-	1
Canada	1.2	-	-
Lao	-	1	1
USA	-	0.6	-
Australia	-	ı	-
Total	4,965.3	2,674.6	2,488.9

- ➤ In accordance with the FAO IPOA-sharks, Japan established and has been implementing its National Action Plan on sharks in 2001, with a revision in 2009 and 2016.
- Fisheries Agency of Japan (FAJ) made a partial amendment to its rules in order to comply with this resolution such as full utilization in 2005. With the official gazette, FAJ informed all fishermen and other interested parties of this amendment of the rules.
- ➤ In 2021, there was nothing particular to be reported.

Report on Sharks (2020) Submitted by Japan

Data for Catches of major shark species caught by Japanese longline fishing vessels

Year	BSH	SMA
2011	1,653	273
2012	1,327	141
2013	949	101
2014	895	108
2015	815	72
2016	753	51
2017	716	84
2018	710	70
2019	382	26
2020	929	4

Unit: tonnage

Effort by Gear Type

Year	days	hooks
2011	19,674	52,194,175
2012	20,934	55,586,547
2013	18,599	48,824,504
2014	15,688	40,735,394
2015	13,626	35,290,224
2016	11,827	30,909,709
2017	10,720	27,960,719
2018	9,408	24,607,726
2019	7,049	18,472,217
2020	6,958	18,233,747

Landing Data

Import (t)	2018	2019	2020
Singapore	151	109	114
Spain	92	95	38
China	86	85	44
Republic of Korea	-	-	-
New Zealand	-	4	ı
Chinese Taipei	57	51	37
Malaysia	-	-	-
Viet Nam	3	3	1
Indonesia	34	40	26
Portugal	-	1	-
Philippines	2	1	1
UK	-	-	-
Hong Kong	2	27	10
Mexico	-	1	1
Argentine	-	-	-
Brazil	1	2	-
Peru	4	3	4
Total	432	420	275

Export (t)	2018	2019	2020
South Africa	1576	1,627	386
Islas Canarias	1961	1,844	1,364
Chinese Taipei	584	625	363
Viet Nam	353	351	173
Peru	476	80	264
Indonesia	36	42	6
Republic of Korea	108	68	-
Sri Lanka	50	-	-
Hong Kong	84	21	17
Panama	108	100	47
Singapore	122	170	54
Colombia	0	14	-
Senegal	-	-	-
China	19	21	-
Oman	-	-	-
New Zealand	-	-	-
Mauritius	-	-	-
Austria	-	-	-
Uruguay	_	-	-

Thailand	_	_	_
Malaysia	-	-	-
Libya	15	ı	ı
Canada	-	1	-
Lao	-	1	1
USA		-	1
Australia	-	-	-
Total	5,494	4,965	2,675

- ➤ In accordance with the FAO IPOA-sharks, Japan established and has been implementing its National Action Plan on sharks in 2001, with a revision in 2009 and 2016.
- Fisheries Agency of Japan (FAJ) made a partial amendment to its rules in order to comply with this resolution such as full utilization in 2005. With the official gazette, FAJ informed all fishermen and other interested parties of this amendment of the rules.
- ➤ In 2020, there was nothing particular to be reported.

Report on Sharks (2019) Submitted by Japan

Data for Catches of major shark species caught by Japanese longline fishing vessels

Year	BSH	SMA
2008	875	173
2009	1,170	195
2010	1,218	223
2011	1,653	273
2012	1,327	141
2013	949	101
2014	895	108
2015	815	72
2016	753	51
2017	716	84
2018	710	70
2019	387	26

Unit: tonnage

Effort by Gear Type

Year	days	hooks
2008	17,310	44,546,645
2009	15,857	41,517,157
2010	18,067	47,807,045
2011	19,674	52,194,175
2012	20,934	55,586,547
2013	18,599	48,824,504
2014	15,688	40,735,394
2015	13,626	35,290,224
2016	11,827	30,909,709
2017	10,718	27,930,419
2018	9,416	24,626,776
2019	7,062	18,521,313

Landing Data

Import (t)	2016	2017	2018	2019
Singapore	191	0	151	108
Spain	214	24	92	95
China	72	7	86	85
Republic of Korea	-	-	-	-
New Zealand	13	2	-	4
Chinese Taipei	41	20	57	51
Malaysia	-	-	-	-
Viet Nam	2	0	3	3
Indonesia	1	0	34	40
Portugal	-	-	-	-
Philippines	-	-	2	1
UK	-	-	-	-
Hong Kong	-	-	2	27
Mexico	1	0	-	-
Argentine	1	0	-	-
Brazil	-	=.	1	2
Peru	-	-	4	3
Total	536	53	432	419

Export (t)	2016	2017	2018	2019
South Africa	1205	1736	1576	1625
Islas Canarias	2076	1921	1961	0
Chinese Taipei	1069	907	584	625
Viet Nam	148	56	353	33
Peru	383	390	477	80
Indonesia	42	19	36	42
Republic of Korea	153	104	108	68
Sri Lanka	76	0	50	0
Hong Kong	134	104	85	21
Panama	50	19	108	100
Singapore	50	22	122	170
Colombia	12	25	0	14
Senegal	-	-	-	=
China	24	28	19	21
Oman	-	-	-	-
New Zealand	-	-	-	-
Mauritius	-	-	-	-
Austria	-	-	-	-
Uruguay	-	-	-	-
Thailand	-	-	-	-
Malaysia	-	-	-	-
Libya	-	-	15	0

Canada	-	-	-	1
Lao	-	ı	ı	ı
Australia	-	ı	ı	ı
Total	5,422	5,253	5,494	2,800

- ➤ In accordance with the FAO IPOA-sharks, Japan established and has been implementing its National Action Plan on sharks in 2001, with a revision in 2009.
- Fisheries Agency of Japan (FAJ) made a partial amendment to its rules in order to comply with this resolution such as full utilization in 2005. With the official gazette, FAJ informed all fishermen and other interested parties of this amendment of the rules.
- ➤ In 2019, there was nothing particular to be reported.

Report on Sharks (2018) Submitted by Japan

Data for Catches of major shark species caught by Japanese longline fishing vessels

Year	BSH	SMA
2008	875	173
2009	1,170	195
2010	1,218	223
2011	1,653	273
2012	1,327	141
2013	949	101
2014	895	108
2015	815	72
2016	753	51
2017	716	84
2018	710	70

Unit: tonnage

Effort by Gear Type

Year	days	hooks	
2008	17,310	44,546,645	
2009	15,857	41,517,157	
2010	18,067	47,807,045	
2011	19,674	52,194,175	
2012	20,934	55,586,547	
2013	18,599	48,824,504	
2014	15,688	40,735,394	
2015	13,626	35,290,224	
2016	11,827	30,909,709	
2017	10,698	27,891,982	
2018	9,320	24,376,136	

Landing Data

Import (t)	2016	2017	2018
Singapore	191	0	151
Spain	214	24	92
China	72	7	86
Republic of Korea	-	-	•
New Zealand	13	2	•
Chinese Taipei	41	20	57
Malaysia	-	-	-
Viet Nam	2	0	3
Indonesia	1	0	34
Portugal	_	-	-
Philippines	_	-	2
UK	_	-	-
Hong Kong	_	-	2
Mexico	1	0	-
Argentine	1	0	-
Brazil	-	-	1
Peru	-	-	4
Total	536	53	432

Export (t)	2016	2017	2018
South Africa	1205	1736	1569
Islas Canarias	2076	1921	1961
Chinese Taipei	1069	907	584
Viet Nam	148	56	353
Peru	383	390	477
Indonesia	42	19	33
Republic of Korea	153	104	0
Sri Lanka	76	0	50
Hong Kong	134	104	85
Panama	50	19	108
Singapore	50	22	121
Colombia	12	25	0
Senegal	-	-	-
China	24	28	19
Oman	-	=	-
New Zealand	-	=	-
Mauritius	-	=	-
Austria	-	=	-
Uruguay	-	=	-
Thailand	-	-	-
Malaysia	-	-	-
Libya	-	-	15
Total	5,422	5,253	5,357

- ➤ In accordance with the FAO IPOA-sharks, Japan established and has been implementing its National Action Plan on sharks in 2001, with a revision in 2009.
- Fisheries Agency of Japan (FAJ) made a partial amendment to its rules in order to comply with this resolution such as full utilization in 2005. With the official gazette, FAJ informed all fishermen and other interested parties of this amendment of the rules.
- ➤ In 2018, there was nothing particular to be reported.

Report on Sharks (2017) Submitted by Japan

Data for Catches of major shark species caught by Japanese longline fishing vessels

Year	BSH	SMA
2008	875	173
2009	1,170	195
2010	1,218	223
2011	1,653	273
2012	1,327	141
2013	949	101
2014	895	108
2015	815	72
2016	753	51
2017	717	84

Unit: tonnage

Effort by Gear Type

Year	days	hooks	
2008	17,310	44,546,645	
2009	15,857	41,517,157	
2010	18,067	47,807,045	
2011	19,674	52,194,175	
2012	20,934	55,586,547	
2013	18,599	48,824,504	
2014	15,688	40,735,394	
2015	13,626	35,290,224	
2016	11,827	30,909,709	
2017	10,698	27,891,982	

Landing Data

Import (t)	2015	2016	2017
Singapore	194	191	0
Spain	193	214	214
China	77	72	7
Republic of Korea	20	-	-
New Zealand	16	13	2
Chinese Taipei	10	41	20
Malaysia	3	-	-
Viet Nam	2	2	0
Indonesia	1	1	0
Portugal	1	-	-
Philippines	-	-	-
UK	-	-	-
Hong Kong	-	-	-
Mexico	_	1	0
Argentine	_	1	0
Total	517	536	53

Export (t)	2015	2015	2017
South Africa	1,797	1205	1736
Islas Canarias	1,654	2076	1921
Chinese Taipei	644	1069	907
Viet Nam	290	148	56
Peru	263	383	390
Indonesia	181	42	19
Republic of Korea	161	153	104
Sri Lanka	142	76	0
Hong Kong	106	134	104
Panama	40	50	19
Singapore	28	50	22 25
Colombia	27	12	25
Senegal	26	-	-
China	25	24	28
Oman	25	-	-
New Zealand	17	-	-
Mauritius	15	-	-
Austria	0	-	-
Uruguay	-	-	-
Thailand	-	-	-
Malaysia	-	-	-
Total	5,441	5,422	5,253

- ➤ In accordance with the FAO IPOA-sharks, Japan established and has been implementing its National Action Plan on sharks in 2001, with a revision in 2009.
- Fisheries Agency of Japan (FAJ) has made a partial amendment to its rules in order to comply with this resolution such as full utilization. With the official gazette, FAJ has informed all fishermen and other interested parties of this amendment of the rules.
- ➤ In 2015, there was nothing particular to be reported.