

#### ANNUAL AGEING OF YELLOWFIN TUNA: WHERE ARE WE NOW

CSIRC



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## Ageing data sets N = 2

- 40 otoliths from WPO
- 68 otoliths from EPO Daily vs annual age evaluation

#### Some examples - WPO



WPO Sample - B15371 1500mm FL Male - Zone count 8 NT

#### Some examples - WPO



WPO Sample - B17551 1230mm FL - Female Zone count - 3 WT

WPO Sample - B17551 580mm FL - Female Zone count - 1 NT

#### Some examples - EPO



EPO Sample - 1270 1500mm FL Zone count – 6 WT

#### Some examples - EPO



EPO Sample - 895 1060mm FL Zone count - 2 NT EPO Sample - 1039 1160mm FL Zone count - 3 NT

#### Length – otolith weight



# Recent attempts on YFT ageing using annual increments

• Shih et al. (2014) First attempt to age yellowfin tuna, Thunnus albacares, in the Indian Ocean, based on sectioned otoliths





**Fig. 2.** Monthly frequency of occurrence for opaque zone on the otolith edge of yellowfin tuan (*Thunnus albacares*) in the western Indian Ocean. The number above each plot indicates the sample size.



• Lang et al. (2017) Age and growth of yellowfin tuna (*thunnus albacares*) in the northern gulf of Mexico





Figure 4. Marginal increment ratio of yellowfin tuna (*Thumnus albacares*) otoliths with standard error bars and sample size displayed per month over each data point.



**Figure 6.** Von Bertalanffy growth curve for yellowfin tuna (*Thunnus albacares*) Males ( $\Delta$ , dashed line) and Females ( $\circ$ , solid line) in the Gulf of Mexico. Age was estimated from annual increments. The associated Von Bertalanffy equation for Males:  $L_t = 1628.4 * (1 - exp^{(-0.3461*(t+0.2382))})$  and Females:  $L_t = 1558.6 * (1 - exp^{(-0.3797*(t+0.2573))})$ .  $L_t$ = Curved Fork Length at age t.

## Work to be initiated

- Preparation comparison
  - Annual
  - Daily Frontal and transverse comparison
- Daily counts to verify position of 365<sup>th</sup> increment and 730<sup>th</sup>.
  - If possible 1095<sup>th</sup>
- Daily counts for a sample of fish <60cm to estimate 1sy years growth more precisely
- Annual counts on a larger number of otoliths (N=1500)

## Complementry work

- IOCCT
  - Analysis of OTC otoliths from Atlantic YFT (N=30)
    - Validate daily
    - Validate annual
  - Development of ageing methods
    - Daily
    - Annual

### Challenges

- First 3 annual opaque and translucent zones are often lacking in definition.
  - Hopefully resolve with workshop
- Presence fine structure around the 2<sup>nd</sup> inflection.
  - Trying to interpret what is annual and what is not
    - Hopefully OTC samples can resolve this, eventhough they are from the Atlantic and possibly Indian Oceans.
- Determine zone formation dates
  - Edge analysis on smaller fish may be difficult
    - May need to rely on larger older fish and assume the zone formation is consistent throughout lifecycle.
    - Determine zone formation dates
- Agree on an age adjustment algorithm