

INTER-AMERICAN TROPICAL TUNA COMMISSION

101<sup>st</sup> MEETING

Victoria, Canada

7-11 August 2023

PROPOSAL IATTC-101 A-2 REV 3

SUBMITTED BY ECUADOR

RESOLUTION C-23-XX

AMENDMENT TO RESOLUTION C-99-07 ON FISH-  
AGGREGATING DEVICES

*The Inter-American Tropical Tuna Commission (IATTC), having responsibility for the tunas and tuna-like fishes of the eastern Pacific Ocean, ~~which for the purposes of this resolution is the area bounded by the coastline of the Americas~~ North, Central and South America and by the following lines: the 50° North parallel from the coast of North America to its intersection with the 40°N parallel, the 150° West meridian; the 150° West meridian to its intersection with the 50° South parallel; and the 50° South parallel to its intersection with the coast of South America, ~~and the 40°S parallel~~ and having maintained since 1950 a continuing scientific program directed toward the study of these resources:*

*~~Considering the information presented by the scientific staff of the IATTC in the documents on “Estimated Effects of Various Restrictions on the Fishery for Tunas in the Eastern Pacific Ocean” and on “Assessment of Bigeye Tuna in the Eastern Pacific Ocean” and the Report of the Bycatch Working Group Document SAC-14-16 on the recommendations of the Scientific Advisory Committee (SAC) to the Commission states the following with respect to FADs: “Taking into account the importance of FAD recovery, the SAC requests that the Commission clarify if vessels other than authorized purse seiners could carry out this recovery and under what circumstances, and considers, should it be necessary, an update of Resolution C-99-07 on FADs”;~~*

*Noting that the fishery on fish-aggregating devices (FADs) has grown ~~substantially~~ in the last ~~five~~ years, ~~increasing in~~ catches of juvenile tunas, in particular yellowfin ~~and bigeye~~, in the purse-seine fishery in the eastern Pacific Ocean (EPO);*

*Noting that the activity on fish aggregating devices is one of the main fishing strategies in recent years, it is important to establish solutions for FAD recovery in the eastern Pacific Ocean (EPO);*

*Concerned about the reduction in the average size of bigeye tuna caught by the purse-seine fishery in the EPO;*

*Concerned about the use of non-biodegradable materials in the construction of FADs that could be found abandoned and drifting in the EPO;*

*Reiterating the need to seek a viable solution to reduce incidental catches of juvenile bigeye and yellowfin tuna in the purse-seine fishery in the EPO;*

*Reaffirming its commitment to the application of the precautionary approach, which establishes that lack of scientific evidence should not be used as a reason for not taking management measures for fisheries resources;*

*Recalling* that Resolutions adopted by the IATTC at its 61st and 62nd Meetings contained recommendations that the Parties prohibit the transshipment of tuna at sea, and prohibit the use of tender vessels whose role it is to deploy, repair, pick up, or maintain FADs at sea;

*Recommends to the Parties and non-parties under whose jurisdiction vessels operate in the EPO* that they:

1. Reaffirm their commitment to prohibit the transshipment of tuna by purse-seine vessels fishing for tuna in the EPO, unless such transshipment takes place in port;
2. Prohibit the use of tender vessels operating in support of vessels fishing on FADs in the EPO, without prejudice to similar activities in other parts of the world;
3. ~~Establish a~~ Continue with the scientific working group to carry out comprehensive research, in conjunction with the IATTC staff, to include, but not be limited to:
  - (a) The relationship between catches of bigeye and yellowfin tuna and the maximum depth of FADs;
  - (b) The effect of the use of baited FADs on catch rates and size composition of the catch of tunas;
  - (c) Estimates of the natural mortality of the various populations of tunas;
  - (d) The establishment of a maximum number of sets on floating objects which the tuna fishery in the EPO can support;
  - (e) The catches of tunas and associated and dependent species in the fishery on floating objects between 130°W and 150°W;
  - (f) The impact of permanent or temporary closure of areas to the use of FADs, especially in combination with other regulatory measures being considered by the Commission;
  - (g) The feasibility of a program to place observers on purse-seine vessels ~~of less than~~ smaller than Class 6 (400 ≤ 363 short-metric tons carrying capacity) and the appropriate level of observer coverage necessary to obtain reliable scientific information.

*Requests* that the Director continue research into the use of fishing gear and/or techniques to reduce the catch of small tunas and the bycatch of non-target species and continue to report to the Commission on the results of this research.

4. ~~4.~~ To prevent drifting loss or stranding, CPCs may initiate recovery programs of drifting FADs through cooperative initiatives among fishing vessels operating in the Convention Area or vessels implementing projects for the recovery of such FADs. Recovery activities shall be limited to the collection of drifting FADs for final disposal and not to perform any type of maintenance or adjustment. These vessels shall not deploy FADs, excluding authorized tuna purse-seine vessels. Drifting FADs collected under the voluntary recovery program shall be taken on board and brought to port for recycling. The provisions of this paragraph shall be in effect until 31 December 2028, while the initial results are analyzed.

4.5. CPCs that decide to initiate these programs shall report all associated information on FAD recovery activities to the IATTC Secretariat, so that the scientific staff can analyze the data on a year-by-year basis and report these results to the SAC

~~5. To prevent drifting loss or stranding, CPCs are encouraged to initiate recovery programs of drifting FADs, through cooperative initiatives among fishing vessels operating in the Convention Area or vessels implementing projects for the recovery of such FADs. Drifting FADs, once retrieved, shall be brought to port. This paragraph shall be applied with without prejudice to existing obligations under Resolution C-21-04 [not substitute for the obligation of fishing vessels to retrieve FADs that they have deployed.]~~

~~6. CPCs shall encourage their shipowners to share their experiences and information on the development of cooperation programs for the collection of FADs with other CPCs, the scientific staff of the CIAT and the *Ad Hoc* Working Group that serve to develop similar programs.~~