

Hooking location of sea turtles in longline fisheries

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Introduction

In longline fisheries, one of major concerns is bycatch of sea turtles, especially leatherback turtle is listed as critically endangered

The impact on individuals varies depending on the hooking location, for example, foul hook or swallowed may seriously damage

The hooking location may vary by intra-/inter-species and hook type

However ...

Only a few studies focused on hooking locations in the Japanese tuna hook
(Huang et al. 2016)

Not well be focused on hooking location of leatherback turtle

(Watson et al. 2005; Stokes et al. 2012; Huang et al. 2016)

The aims for this study

Investigating the hooking location in the Japanese tuna hook

Reviewing the hooking location of leatherback turtle

Materials and methods

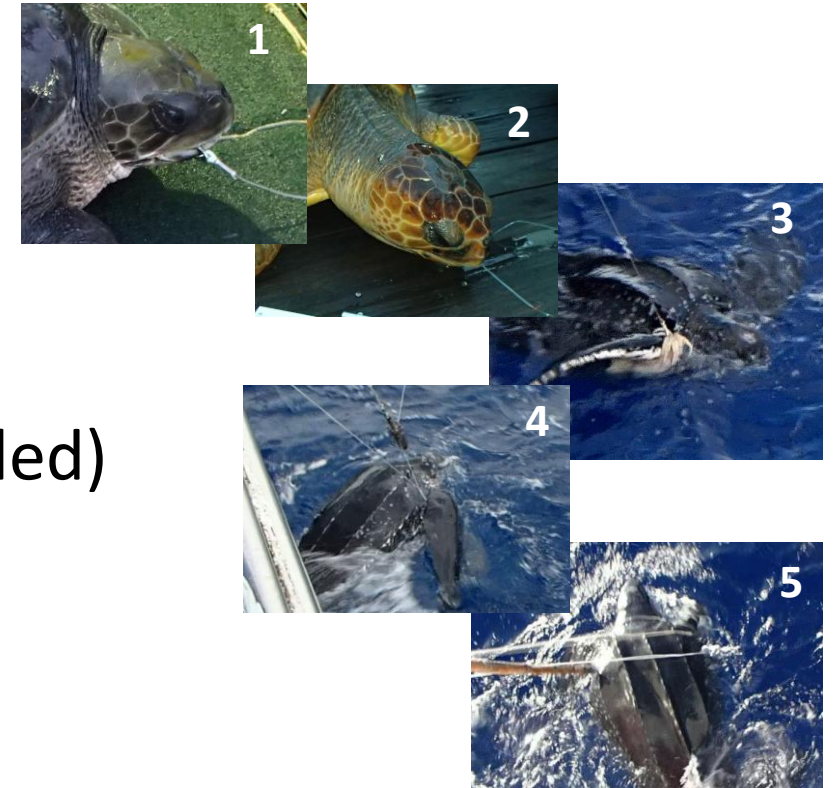
- Images and/or videos recorded by scientific observers were checked
- Species and hooking locations were identified
- Recorded in the ICCAT and WCPFC areas in 2019 – 2024
- Images of a total of 200 individuals were investigated
- Only Japanese tuna hooks were used



Materials and methods

Categorized in 5 patterns as follows;

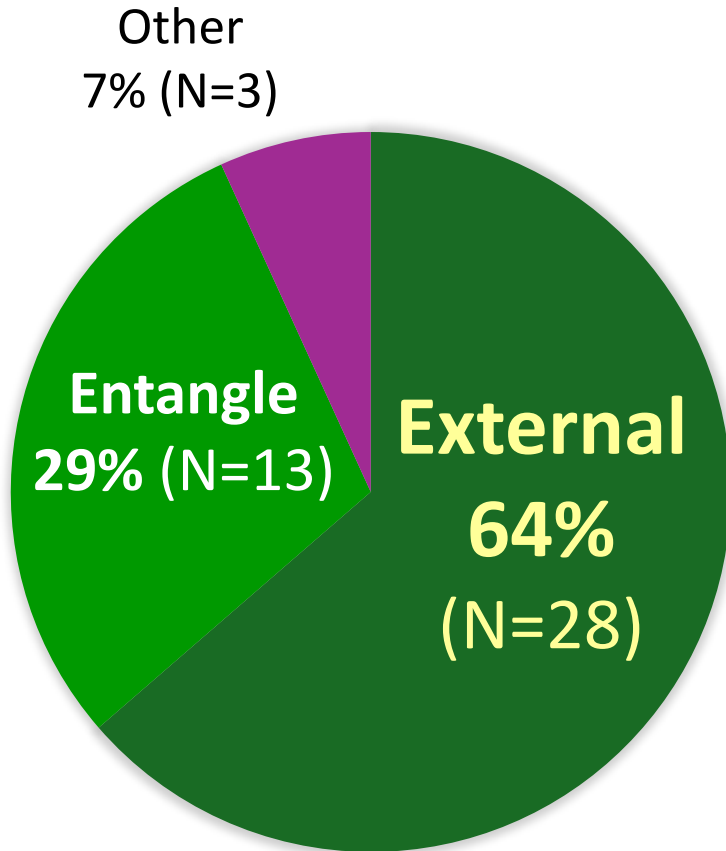
1. Mouth-hooking
2. Swallowed or hooked in mouth
3. External hooking (hook visible and not tangled)
4. Entangled (tangled and not hooking)
5. Other than branch line



Hooking location was summarized by species

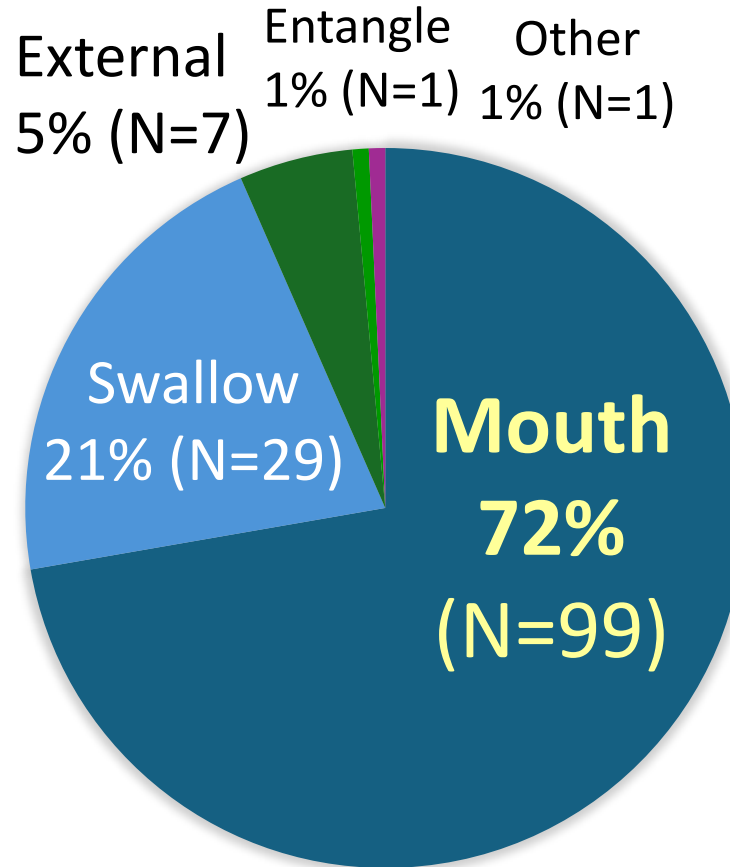
Results: Hooking location by species

Leatherback (N=44)



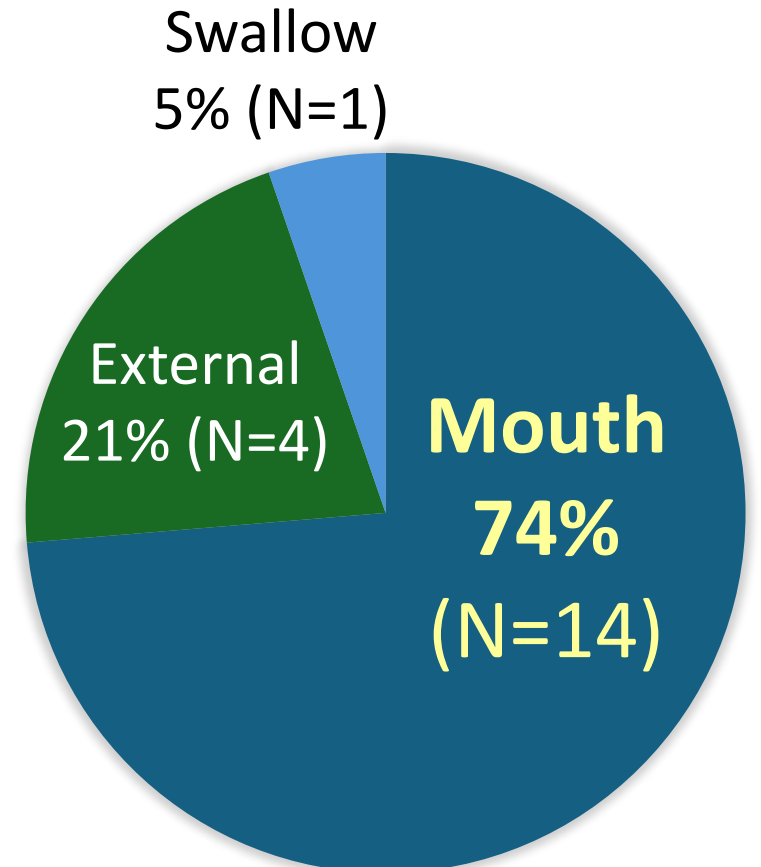
External or entangled

Loggerhead (N=137)



Mouth-hooking or swallowing

Olive ridley (N=19)



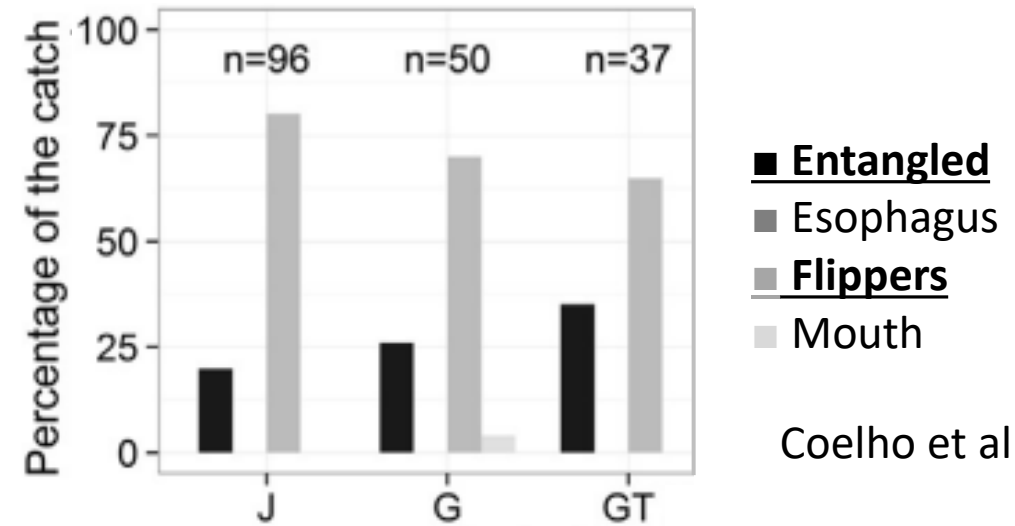
Mouth-hooking and swallowing were ***NOT*** recorded for ***Leatherback***

Results: Hooking location of leatherback by hook type

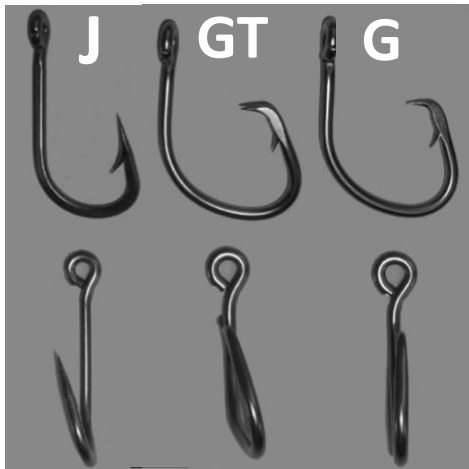
J-hook vs Large circle hook

	N	External	Mouth/beak
C-0°	137	83.9	16.1
C-10°	70	97.1	2.9
J-0°	47	74.5	25.5
J-20°	34	91.2	8.8

Stokes et al. 2012

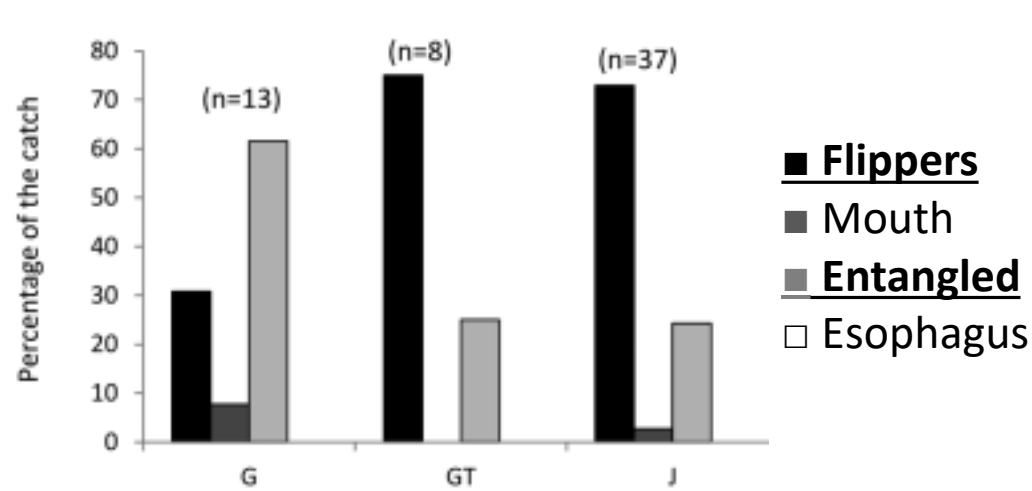


Coelho et al. 2015

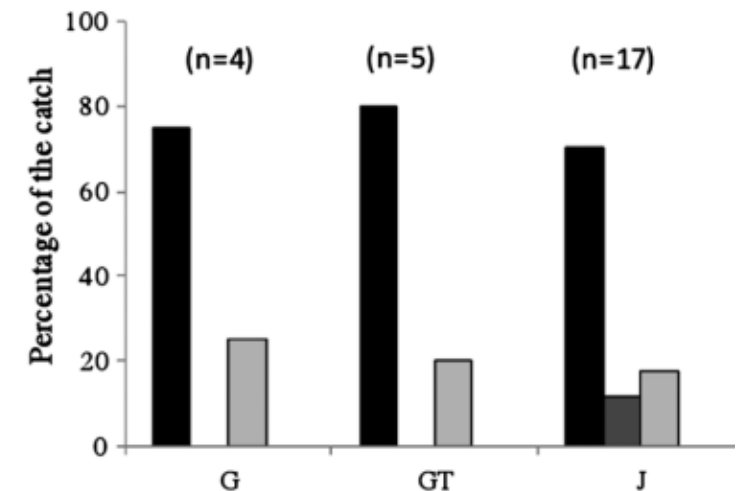


9/0

17/0



Santos et al. 2012

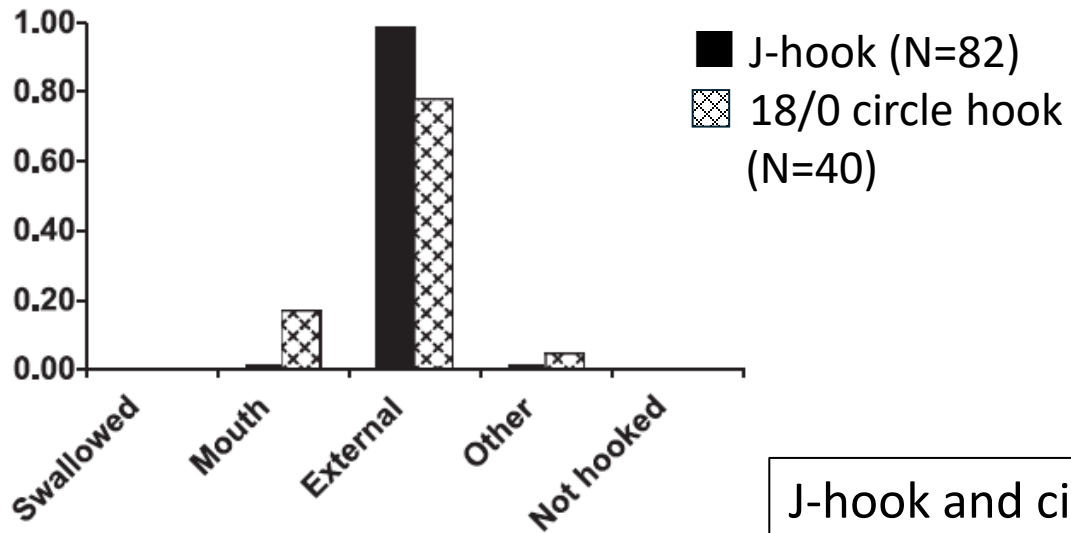


Santos et al. 2013

External hooking or entanglement is the majority in both hook types

Results: Hooking location of leatherback by hook type

J-hook vs Large circle hook



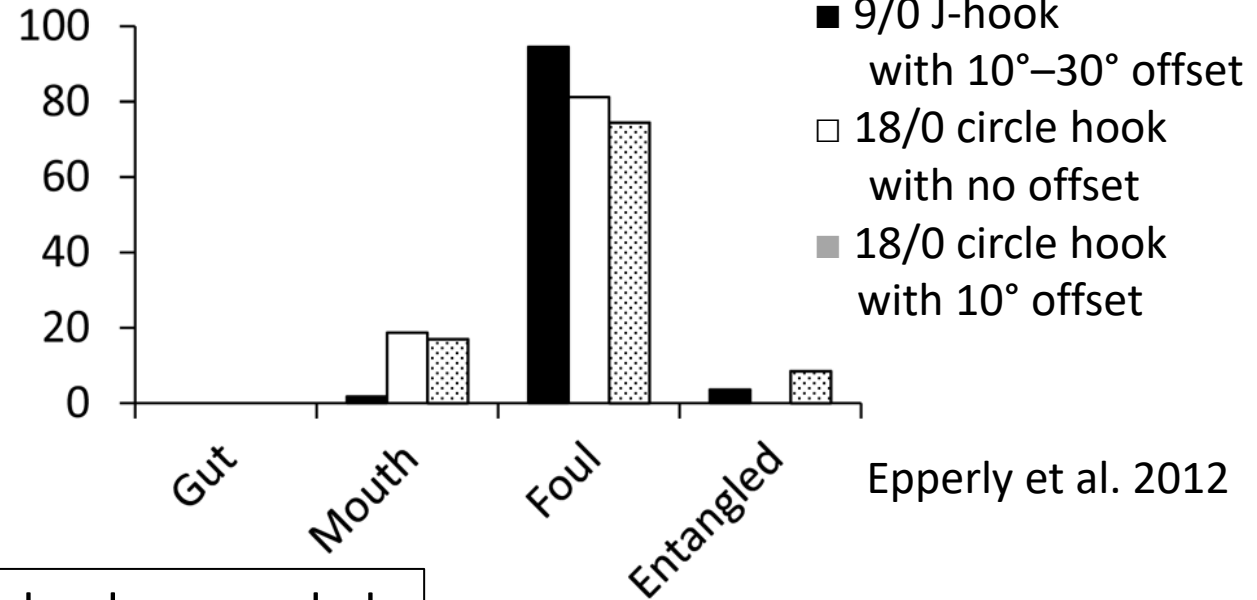
J-hook and circle hook are pooled

External N=115

Not hooked (Entangled?) N=18

Mouth N=8

Unidentified N=7 Watson et al. 2005



Epperly et al. 2012

J-hook and circle hook are pooled

External or entangled N=22

Mouth N=4, Unidentified N=2

Sales et al. 2010

Most of 13 bycaught

leatherback were **entangled**

Read 2007

Bycatch rate is lower in large circle hook than J hook

Reviewed in Gilman et al. 2017

High proportion of external hooking and entanglement regardless of hook types

Degree of mouth hooking ratios by hook types varies by study

Results: Hooking location of leatherback by hook type

Japanese tuna hook vs Large circle hook

No. of indiv.	Jpn. tuna	Large C
<u>Entangled</u>	19	
<u>External</u>	11	11
Internal	5	6
Unknown	2	1

No. Individ.	Logger head	Olive ridley	Leather back
Tuna	1	3	14
Large C		3	15
Entang		1	18



Huang et al. 2016

Leatherbacks are most often foul hooked or entangled in line

Hard-shelled turtles are more likely to bite baited hooks

Use of relatively wider circle hooks was not associated with fewer sea turtles captured

Huang et al. 2016

No. of study is limited but these are still the best available information

	Jpn. tuna
<u>Entangled</u>	13
<u>External</u>	28
Other	3

This study

Higher ratio of external hooking or entanglement not depending on hook types

Bycatch rate of the Japanese tuna hook is like that of large circle hook

Discussions: Hooking location by species

Mouth hooking and swallowed were NOT recorded for leatherback

Previous study shows similar results in the Atlantic

(e.g. Watson et al. 2005; Epperly et al. 2012; Coelho et al. 2015; Huang et al. 2016)

Almost 80%< of bycaught leatherbacks were external hooking or entangled

Proportion of bycatch rate by hook type is as follows;

J-hook > Large circle hook (Watson et al. 2005; Gilman et al. 2017)

Japanese tuna hook = Large circle hook (Huang et al. 2016)

The Japanese tuna hook may have similar effects with large circle hook
in terms of bycatch rate reduction from J-hook for leatherback

**Changing the hook type (Japanese tuna to large circle) would be
less effective for bycatch reduction of leatherback**

Discussions: Bycatch mitigation measures

Injuries by hook shape for leatherback

Large circle hook inflicts more serious injuries than the J-hook

(Parga, M. in the 1st circle hook WS)

Using more large circle hooks can severely injure more leatherback

Bycatch mitigation measures for hardshell turtle vs leatherback

The process and mechanism leading to bycatch may be completely different

Causes of bycatch may also differ

Large circle hook may seriously damage for leatherback

What is important component for mitigating leatherback bycatch?

Thank you for your attention

