

INTERNATIONAL DOLPHIN CONSERVATION PROGRAM

TECHNICAL WORKSHOP ON CALCULATING N_{MIN} FOR THE DOLPHIN STOCKS OF THE EASTERN PACIFIC OCEAN

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ALTERNATIVE POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR CALCULATING N_{MIN}

The Agreement of the International Dolphin Conservation Program (Annex 3, Article 1) states that:

“The Parties shall establish, at a meeting convened pursuant to Article VIII of this Agreement, a per-stock, per-year dolphin mortality cap for each stock of dolphins, determined by the Meeting of the Parties, based on the best available scientific evidence, of between 0.2 percent and 0.1 percent of the Minimum Estimated Abundance (N_{min}) as calculated by the U.S. National Marine Fisheries Service or equivalent calculation standard as might be developed or recommended by the Scientific Advisory Board but in no event shall the total annual incidental dolphin mortality exceed five thousand, consistent with the provisions of this Agreement. In the year 2001 and thereafter, the per-stock, per-year cap shall be 0.1 percent of N_{min} .”

N_{min} is currently defined under United States guidelines (Barlow *et al.* 1995) as:

“the 20th percentile of a log-normal distribution based on an estimate of the number of animals in a stock (which is equivalent to the lower limit of a 60% 2-tailed confidence interval), calculated as:

$$N_{min} = N / \exp(z(\ln(1+CV(N)^2))^{1/2})$$

where N is the abundance estimate, $CV(N)$ is the coefficient of variation of the abundance estimate, and $z = 0.842$.” Note that N_{min} incorporates not only the estimate of the abundance but a measure of the uncertainty about the estimate as well. Thus, calculation of per-stock mortality limits (SMLs) requires both estimates of the abundance of the stocks and the coefficient of variation (CV) of the estimates.

Current SMLs for most of the dolphin stocks are based on estimates of abundance and CVs from surveys during 1986-1990 (Wade and Gerrodette, 1993); estimates for northern and central common dolphins have been based on surveys conducted in 1992-1993 (Wade and Gerrodette, unpublished data). A series of surveys (1998-2000, 2003) has been completed by the NMFS to produce more up-to-date abundance estimates (NMFS 2002; Gerrodette and Forcada 2002, 2005; Gerrodette *et al.* 2005). During the 2nd and 3rd Meetings of the Parties to the AIDCP, held in October 1999 and June 2000 respectively, it was decided to re-evaluate using the 1986-1993 abundance estimates to calculate N_{min} after the 1998-2000 surveys were completed. The N_{min} estimates and SMLs currently used by the AIDCP are listed in Table 1.

Literature Cited

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- Gerrodette, T., Watters, G., and Forcada, J. 2005. Preliminary estimates of 2003 dolphin abundance in the eastern tropical Pacific. SWFSC Admin. Rep. LJ-05-05. 26 pp.

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Wade, P.R. and T. Gerrodette. 1993. Estimates of cetacean abundance in the eastern tropical Pacific. Rep. Int. Whal. Commn. 43: 477-493.

TABLE 1. Abundance estimates, N_{min} , and per-stock mortality limits (SML = 0.1% of N_{min}) based mainly on the 1986-1993 NMFS surveys (Wade and Gerrodette, 1993; unpub. data for northern and central common dolphins). Included are the preliminary 2004 mortality estimates for comparison.

STOCK	N	N_{min}	SML
Spotted dolphin (<i>Stenella attenuata</i>)			
Northeastern stock	730,900	648,920	648
Western/Southern stock	1,298,400	1,145,149	1,145
Spinner dolphin (<i>Stenella longirostris</i>)			
Eastern stock	631,800	518,495	518
Whitebelly stock	1,019,300	871,982	871
Common dolphins (<i>Delphinus delphis</i> and <i>D. capensis</i>)			
Northern stock	713,700	562,719	562
Central stock	239,400	207,298	207
Southern stock	2,210,900	1,845,561	1,845