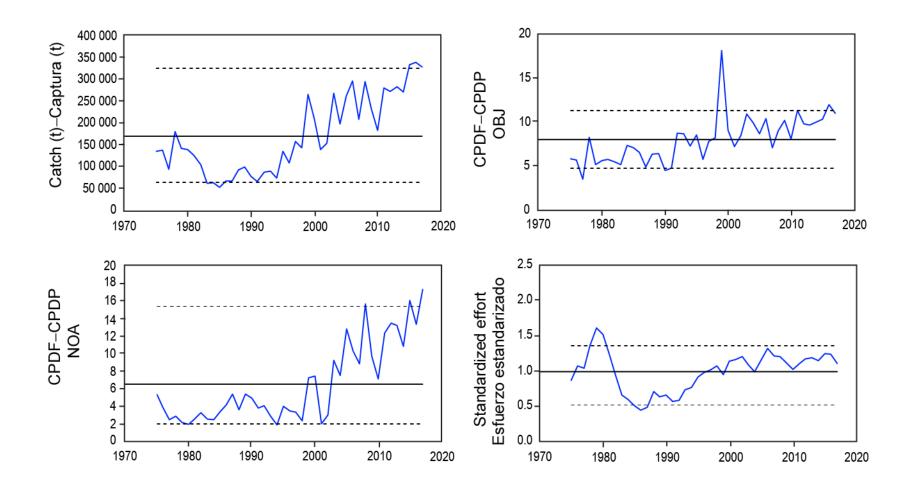


Indicators

- Based on data (catch, effort, CPUE, and mean weight)
- Based on a simple population dynamics model (biomass, recruitment, and exploitation rate)
- Reference levels based on the 5th and 95th percentiles

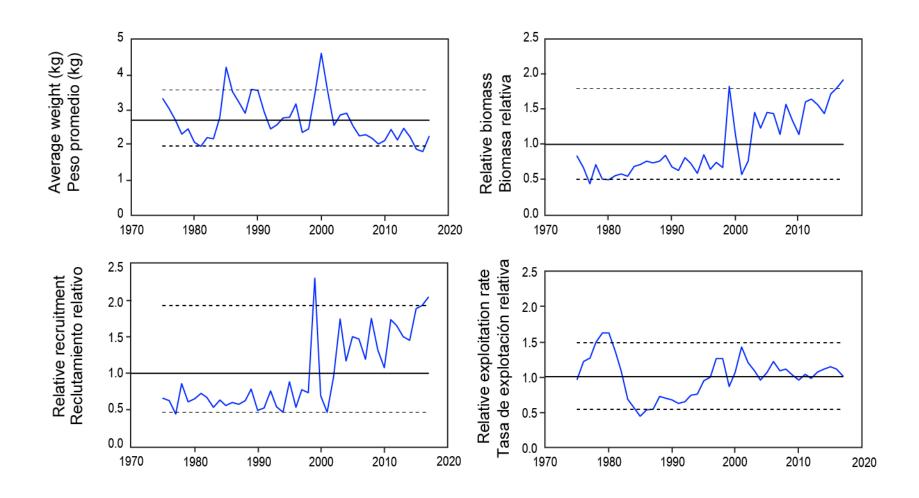


Indicators



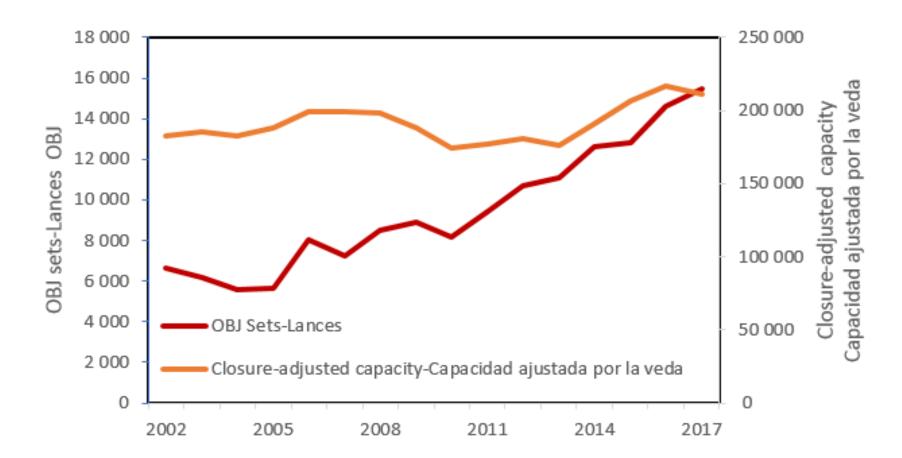


Indicators





Number of sets





Conclusions

- Indicators not detected any adverse impacts of the fishery
- Average weight was below its lower reference level in 2015 and 2016
- Could be a consequence of
 - Overexploitation
 - High recent recruitments
 - Expansion of the fishery into areas of smaller skipjack
- Constantly increasing catch and CPUE, and corresponding estimates of recruitment and biomass difficult to explain.
- Increasing number of sets is a concern



Conclusions

- Skipjack is assumed to be more productive, but have similar susceptibility as bigeye
- Assumed to be managed appropriately under bigeye and yellowfin measures
- Current bigeye assessment problematic





Questions

